

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

CODES

- ARTICLE 8 - GENERAL OPERATIONS**
PART 8.7 - STORM WATER CONTROL
SECTION 8.74 - REDUCTION OF POLLUTANTS IN STORM WATER
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To provide for the public health, safety and general welfare and to protect the natural resources, any person engaged in activities which will, or may, result in Pollutants entering Storm Water, Storm Water Conveyance System or Receiving Waters, shall undertake measures to reduce Pollutant Discharges to the MEP or BAT/BCT standard, whichever is applicable. Capitalized terms not defined in this Section are defined in Section 8.71 of this Code. The following minimal requirements shall apply at any facility and/or airport under the jurisdiction of the Authority:

(a) Pollutant Discharge, BMPs and Pollutant Discharge Prevention Procedures.

(1) Trash. Any person or entity providing receptacles for litter or refuse shall provide adequate covers to ensure against any leaking, dripping, sifting or otherwise escaping of any materials.

(2) Commercial Activities. All owners or operators of premises where Pollutants from business related activities may enter the Storm Water Conveyance System must reduce such Pollutants to the MEP standard. If the President/CEO determines that Pollutants are not reduced to the MEP standard, the President/CEO may require the business to develop and implement a SWPPP. Business activities that may require a SWPPP include maintenance, repair, storage, manufacturing, assembly, equipment operations, vehicle loading or fueling, washing or de-icing of planes, or cleanup procedures which are carried out partially or wholly out of doors.

(3) Industrial Activities. All owners or operators of premises where pollutants from business related activities may enter the Storm Drain Conveyance System must reduce such pollutants to the BAT/BCT standard. If the President/CEO determines that Pollutants are not reduced to the BAT/BCT standard, the President/CEO may require the business to develop and implement an SWPPP. Business activities that may require a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Program (SWPPP) include maintenance,, repair, storage, manufacturing, assembly, equipment operations, vehicle loading or fueling, washing or de-icing of planes, or cleanup procedures which are carried our partially or wholly out of doors.

(4) Parking Lots and Impervious Surfaces. Persons owning or operating a parking lot or impervious surfaces used for similar purposes shall prevent the Discharge of Pollutants to the Storm Water Conveyance System through a program of regular sweeping or other effective measures. Sweepings debris or cleaning residue from parking lots or other impervious surfaces shall not be swept or otherwise made or allowed to go into any gutter or roadway or portion of the Storm Water Conveyance System.

(5) New Development and Redevelopments. Any person performing construction work on property owned, leased, or controlled by the Authority shall prevent Pollutants from entering the Storm Water Conveyance System by complying with all applicable federal, state, and local ordinances, applicable provisions of any NPDES Permit issued by the State Water Resources Control Board or the Regional Board. The President/CEO will require controls on the volume and rate of Storm Water runoff from new developments and redevelopments as may be reasonably necessary to minimize the Discharge and transport of Pollutants.

(6) Compliance with General Permits. Each industrial discharger, discharger associated with construction activity, or other discharger subject to any general or individual Storm Water NPDES Permit issued by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the State Water Resources Control Board, or the Regional Board, shall be aware of and comply with all the requirements of such permit and the Storm Water Management Plan (SWMP).

(7) Compliance with Best Management Practices. Every person undertaking any activity or use of a premise which may cause or contribute to Storm Water pollution or contamination, illegal discharges or Non-Storm Water Discharges, shall comply with BMPs guidelines or pollution control requirements as will be reasonably established by the President/CEO.

(6) Containment and Notification of Spills. Any person owning or occupying a premises who has knowledge of any significant release of Pollutants or Non-Storm Water from those premises which might enter the Storm Water Conveyance System shall immediately take all necessary action to contain the release and minimize any Non-Storm Water Discharge. Such person shall notify the Executive Director of the occurrence and/or San Diego County Department of Environmental Health, and any other appropriate agency, within 24 hours of the incident's occurrence.

(b) Identification and Reduction of Pollutant Discharge. Use of testing, monitoring, sampling, and mitigation procedures to identify and reduce Pollutant Discharge may be required by the President/CEO as follows:

(1) Testing, Monitoring and Mitigation. Testing, monitoring and/or mitigation is required by the state construction and industrial permits, and municipal permit for storm water discharges, and will be conducted according to those NPDES Permits. Additionally, testing,, monitoring and/or mitigation may be ordered if:

(A) Illegal Discharges have not been eliminated after written notice from an authorized representative of the President/CEO;

(B) Repeat violations have been documented by written notices from an authorized representative of the President/CEO; and/or

(C) The President/CEO determines there is a threat or potential threat or nuisance to human health or the environment.

(2) Monitoring Elements. Monitoring ordered pursuant to this section may

include the following:

(A) Routine visual monitoring of Storm Water and Non-Storm Water flows;

(B) Routine visual monitoring of premises for spills or Pollutant Discharges;

(C) Maintaining a log of monitoring dates, potential Pollutant sources and mitigation measures taken; and/or

(D) Reasonable laboratory monitoring for Pollutants, if determined to be necessary.

(3) Cessation of Monitoring. Required sampling, testing, monitoring and/or mitigation may be stopped after conditions requiring monitoring or mitigation no longer exist and the President/CEO has been notified at least 72 hours prior to cessation. The required activity may not cease if notice to continue is issued by the President/CEO.

(4) Consistency with other Agencies. BMPs and other Pollutant reduction elements shall be compatible with other agency's programs and procedures, as applicable. The Storm Water Code is not intended to duplicate, diminish or take precedence over other agency program requirements.

[Amended by Resolution No. 2018-0053 dated June 7, 2018.]

[Adopted by Resolution No. 2002-02 dated September 20, 2002.]