SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 & 2022

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 & 2022

PREPARED BY

ACCOUNTING DEPARTMENT OF THE SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

Scott M. Brickner
Vice President/Chief Financial Officer

Elizabeth Stewart
Director, Accounting

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 & 2022

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SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY P.O. BOX 82776, SAN DIEGO, CA 92138-2776 619.400.2400 WWW.SAN.ORG



November 2, 2023. To Members of the Board and the Public:

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority (Airport Authority) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022. The purpose of this report is to provide the Airport Authority Board of Directors (Board), the public and other interested parties with reliable information concerning the financial condition and operational results of the Airport Authority. The Airport Authority's Accounting Department prepared this report following the guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the presented data, including all disclosures, rests with Airport Authority management.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, this report fairly presents and fully discloses the Airport Authority's financial position, changes in financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America.

The Airport Authority has established and maintains a comprehensive framework of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that assets are carefully safeguarded, transactions are properly executed, and the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

The Airport Authority engaged the Certified Public Accounting firm FORVIS, LLP to perform the annual independent audit of the basic financial statements contained in this report. The auditors issued an unmodified (or clean) opinion on the Airport Authority's financial statements for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative overview and analysis to accompany the financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section. This letter of transmittal should be read in conjunction with the MD&A, which can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the Financial Section of this report.

PROFILE OF AIRPORT AUTHORITY AND ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE

The Airport Authority began operations on January 1, 2003, as an independent agency to manage the operations of San Diego International Airport (SAN) and address the region's long-term air transportation needs.

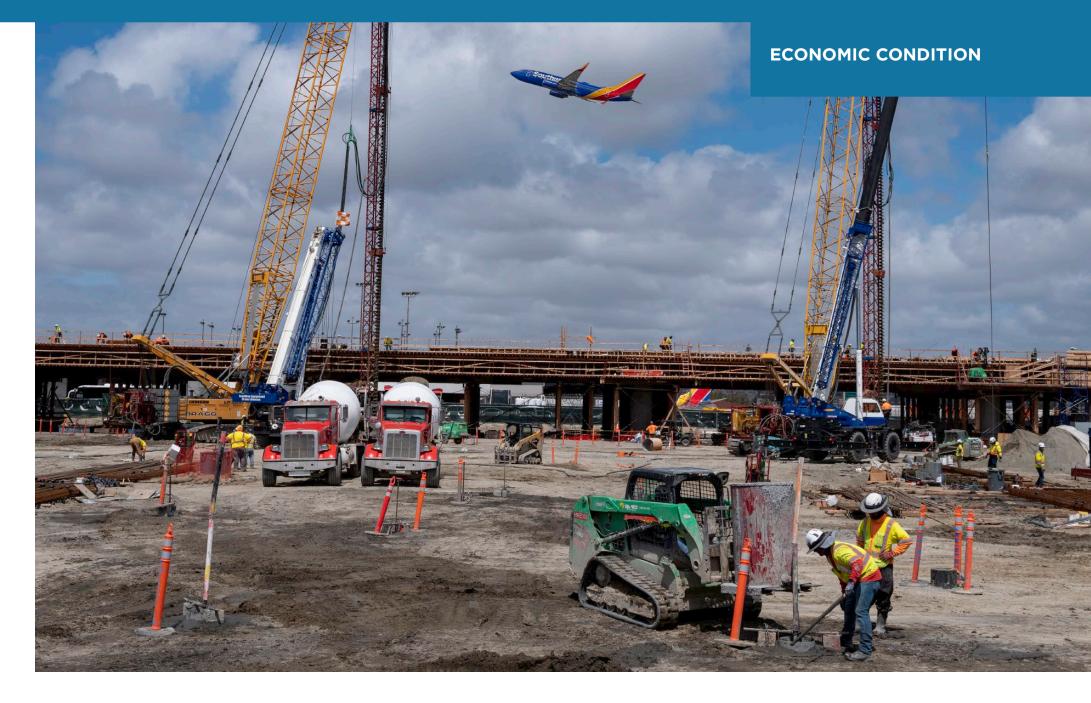
The legislation that created the Airport Authority mandates three main responsibilities:

- Operate San Diego International Airport
- Plan for the future air transportation needs of the region
- Serve as the region's Airport Land Use Commission – and ensure the adoption of land use plans that protect public health and safety surrounding all 16 of the county's airports.

The Airport Authority is governed by an appointed Board of Directors of nine members representing

all areas of San Diego County and three additional members serving as non-voting, ex-officio Board members. Three Board members serve as the Executive Committee consisting of one Board member from each of the following defined jurisdictions: the City of San Diego, the County of San Diego, and one Board member from among the east county cities, south county cities, north county coastal or north county inland cities. The Board members serve three-year terms, with no limits to the number of terms a member is able to serve.

The management and operations of SAN are carried out by a staff led by the President/Chief Executive Officer, who is appointed by and reports directly to the Airport Authority Board.

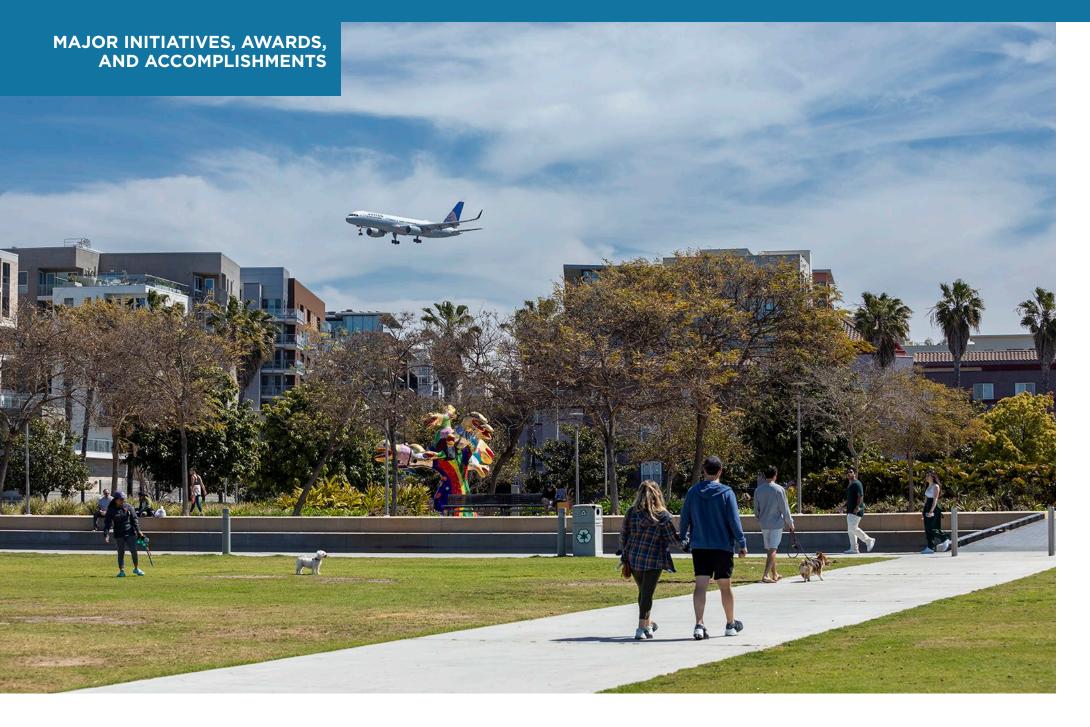


The United States Census Bureau estimates the population of San Diego County to be 3.28 million as of July 1, 2022. The county is the second largest in California, in terms of population, and the City of San Diego ranks as the second largest city in the state. The majority of the county's population is concentrated in its western portion adjacent to the ocean. The largest cities in the county are San Diego (42 percent), Chula Vista (9 percent), Oceanside (5 percent), Escondido (5 percent), Carlsbad (3 percent), and El Cajon (3 percent). The combined San Diego/Tijuana metropolitan population is estimated to be approximately 5.5 million

inhabitants. The Air Trade Area for SAN includes San Diego County as well as portions of neighboring Orange, Imperial and Riverside Counties, and Baja California, Mexico.

San Diego County's continued economic recovery since the pandemic has been solid. The US Bureau of Labor Statistics notes that the county's average unemployment rate for June 2023 was 4 percent, compared to 4.6 percent for the State of California. Fiscal year 2023 saw the continuation of strong passenger recovery from the pandemic lows of 2021 with total enplaned passengers of 11.9 million,

an increase of 19 percent over fiscal year 2022. This was 96 percent of the 2019 levels. Continued recovery is forecasted to progress, although at a slower pace, and the Airport Authority is optimistic that long-term growth prospects are positive, as San Diego continues to be a desirable place to visit and do business.



QUIETER HOME PROGRAM COMPLETES 5,000TH HOME

Our Quieter Home Program (QHP) achieved a major milestone in December 2022 with the completion of its 5,000th home. The QHP is SAN's residential sound insulation program in which certain residences around SAN, as determined by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), may be eligible for sound insulation treatments to mitigate aircraft noise. The work reduces noise levels by at least five decibels inside the home.

Since its inception, the QHP has retrofitted single-family and multi-family residences, a church, and a school immediately east and west of the airport, including the neighborhoods of Bankers Hill, Point Loma, Ocean Beach, South Park, and Golden Hill, providing them with noticeable noise reduction.

PROGRESS CONTINUES AS THE NEW T1 STRUCTURAL STEEL AND ROADWAY RISE OUT OF THE GROUND

The \$3.4 billion New T1 project includes a new Terminal 1, new parking structure, airside improvements as well as transportation upgrades that will make great strides towards creating an exceptional airport experience for our community and the world.

Approximately two years after breaking ground, the project is on track and has progressed significantly in 2023. The steel framework for the first phase of the new terminal building will be completed in November 2023. The first section of the new on-airport entrance roadway will open in late October 2023. Construction is also advancing on

the New T1 Parking Plaza, which will provide 5,200 spaces and will open in 2024.

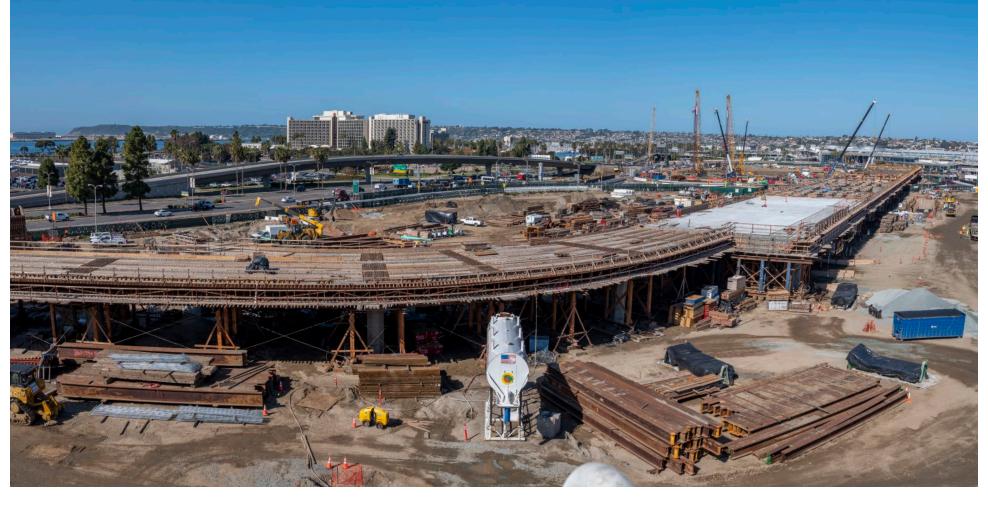
When completed, members of the San Diego community, as well as those visiting, will enjoy amenities that include more gate-area seating, restaurants, and shops, as well as an expansive security-screening checkpoint with more lanes and energy-efficient upgrades throughout. The project has also set aside space for a potential future transit station being considered by regional transportation partners.

The project will continue to provide a strong economic impact to the region, contributing thousands of well-paying jobs for the region's workers during and after the completion of the venture.



\$200 MILLION IN FEDERAL GRANTS AWARDED FOR NEW T1 PROGRAM

The Airport Authority has received more than \$200 million in federal grants as of mid-2023 for the New T1 program. This includes funds from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law – Airport Terminal Program.



VIII - SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - IX
SECTION

WATER SAVERS AND STEWARDS

In 2022, the Airport Authority captured, treated, and reused 812,500 gallons of stormwater. This water, which would otherwise have run off into San Diego Bay, was used to heat and cool buildings at SAN, thereby reducing the amount of potable water used for this purpose.

The Stormwater Treatment System receives captured stormwater from the top of the Terminal 2 Parking Plaza and stores it in underground pipes with about 100,000 gallons of capacity. The captured water is then treated through a series of high-rate media filters and ultraviolet light, then pumped to a central utility plant for use in the cooling towers that heat, ventilate, and air condition SAN's terminals and jet bridges. Overall, the Airport Authority's Stormwater Reuse Treatment System has captured, treated, and reused more than 5 million gallons of stormwater since its inception in 2018.





ARRIVAL OF RENEWABLE DIESEL CONTINUES DRIVE FOR SUSTAINABILITY

With the arrival of renewable diesel at SAN in April 2023, the sustainable fuel will reduce emissions by up to 75 percent in airside (non-road) vehicles and equipment, such as baggage tugs, belt loaders, and firefighting vehicles. While the fuel is made from vegetable oil, animal fats and agricultural waste, it is chemically identical to fossil fuel-derived diesel, allowing it to be the primary choice without the need for modifications to storage and diesel engines.

SAN was selected as the 2023 Airports Council International – North America Environmental Achievement Award winner in the mitigation award category for this accomplishment.

AIRPORT AUTHORITY RECEIVES GFOA DISTINGUISHED BUDGET PRESENTATION AWARD FOR 18TH CONSECUTIVE YEAR

The Airport Authority received its eighteenth consecutive Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the GFOA for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022. The GFOA Distinguished Budget Presentation Awards Program was established to encourage and assist state and local governments to prepare budget

documents of the very highest quality that reflect both the guidelines established by the National Advisory Council on State and Local Budgeting, and the GFOA's best practices on budgeting, and then to recognize individual governments that succeed in achieving that goal. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan and as a communications device.





AIRPORT AUTHORITY AWARDED ACHIEVEMENT OF EXCELLENCE IN PROCUREMENT

The Airport Authority was awarded the Achievement of Excellence in Procurement® (AEP) for 2023 from the National Procurement Institute, Inc. The award recognizes organizations that demonstrate excellence in innovation, professionalism, productivity, leadership, and e-procurement. The AEP program encourages the development of excellence as well as continued

organizational improvement to earn the award annually. This was the fourteenth consecutive year the Airport Authority earned this award.

AIRPORT AUTHORITY AWARDED CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The GFOA awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Airport Authority for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Annual Report was judged by an impartial panel to meet the high standards of the program, which includes demonstrating a constructive "spirit of full disclosure" to clearly communicate its financial

story and motivate potential users and user groups to read the Annual Report. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting, and its attainment represents a significant accomplishment by a government and its management. The Airport Authority has received this award every year since its inception.



X - SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - XI

SECTION



Annually, the Airport Authority prepares a five-year capital program budget, an operating budget for the upcoming fiscal year and a conceptual budget for the following fiscal year. The capital program provides for critical improvements and asset preservation. Safety, security, asset preservation, environmental remediation, terminal upgrades, airfield improvements, and efficiency enhancements are the main focus of the capital program. The budget process begins executive management collaborating with the Board to update, review and formulate the strategies

and initiatives that drive business performance.

The management team engages in crossfunctional discussions to arrive at key decisions and agreements. The effort is designed to align divisional budget requirements with the Airport Authority's overall strategies and initiatives. Actual financial results are compared to the adopted budget expectations and reported to the Board's Finance Committee on a monthly basis and the full Board on a quarterly basis.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION



The Board sets policy that enables implementation of appropriate internal controls and provides oversight to ensure that the assets of the Airport Authority are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The Airport Authority derives its operating revenue from two sources: airline and non-airline revenue. Airline revenue is derived primarily from landing fees, aircraft parking fees, building rentals, common use fees and other aviation revenue. Primary sources of non-airline revenue are terminal and rental car concessions, airport parking, and ground transportation.

Non-operating revenue of the Airport Authority is comprised of Passenger Facility Charges, Customer Facility Charges, interest income, and federal grants. The Airport Authority's debt management policy was developed to ensure compliance with the master and subordinate bond indentures, which dictate the terms of the Airport Authority's outstanding debt and establishes various reserves. Funding of the required reserve balances affects the fund equity portion of the budget and ratesetting process.

The Airport Authority completed fiscal year 2023 with income from operations (before depreciation and amortization) of \$186.4 million, an increase of 12.0 percent compared to fiscal year 2022. Enplanements increased 19.2 percent, and airport operations increased 25.9 percent in fiscal year 2023 compared to fiscal year 2022. These increases were a strong reflection of the continued recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic. The accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis provides a detailed narrative overview.

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report was made possible by the dedicated
service and efforts of the Airport Authority's
Accounting, Financial Management, Marketing
and Communications staff. We wish to express
our sincere appreciation for their dedication to
ensure fiscal transparency and accountability and
to maintain and present the Airport Authority's
financial statements in conformance with the highest
professional standards.

Finally, we would like to thank members of the Board for their continued leadership, guidance, and support towards the execution of our purpose to create an exceptional airport experience for the community and the world. We are committed to operating San Diego's air transportation gateways in a manner that promotes the region's prosperity and protects its quality of life.

Respectfully submitted,



Kimberly J. Becker

President | Chief Executive Officer

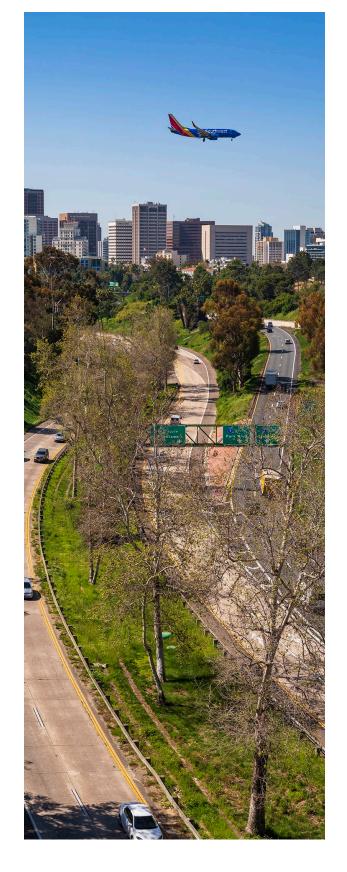
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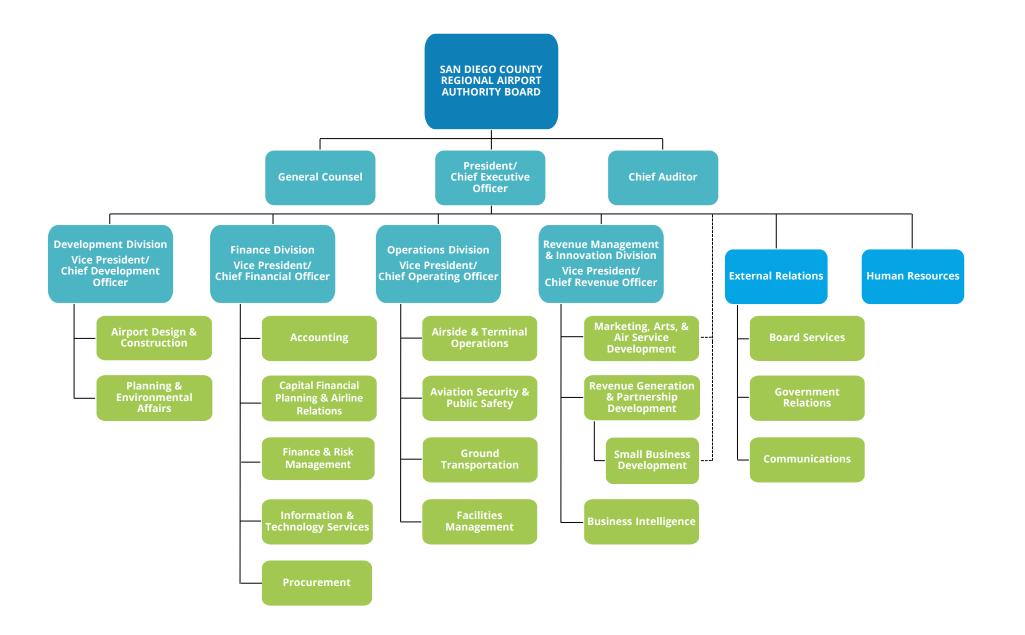
Vice President | Chief Financial Officer

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XII - SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - XIII

AS OF JUNE 30, 2023



AIRPORT AUTHORITY BOARD

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

GIL CABRERA, CHAIR

MARY CASILLAS SALAS, VICE CHAIR

RAFAEL PEREZ

EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS:

COLONEL THOMAS M. BEDELL

GENERAL MEMBERS:

PAUL MCNAMARA

LIDIA MARTINEZ

ESTER SANCHEZ

JAMES SLY

MARNI VON WILPERT

GUSTAVO DALLARDA

GAYLE MILL



EXECUTIVE STAFF

KIMBERLY J. BECKER, PRESIDENT/CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

AMY GONZALEZ, GENERAL COUNSEL

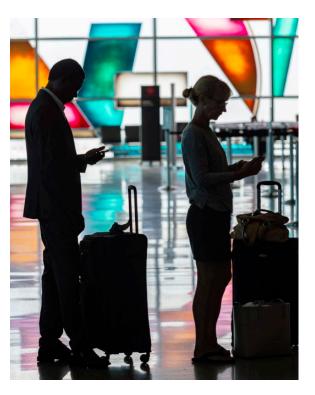
LEE PARRAVANO, CHIEF AUDITOR

SCOTT M. BRICKNER, VICE PRESIDENT/CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

HAMPTON BROWN, VICE PRESIDENT/CHIEF REVENUE OFFICER

RICK FRANCIS, VICE PRESIDENT/CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER

ANGELA SHAFER-PAYNE, VICE PRESIDENT/CHIEF DEVELOPMENT OFFICER



The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to San Diego County Regional Airport Authority for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the twentieth consecutive year that the Airport Authority has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily

readable and efficiently organized Annual
Comprehensive Financial Report. The report must
satisfy both generally accepted accounting
principles and applicable legal requirements.
A Certificate of Achievement is for a period of one
year only. We believe that our current
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues
to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's
requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA
to determine its eligibility for another certificate.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

San Diego County Regional Airport Authority California

> For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

> > June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

MATED Rammunianous

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

- Statements of Net Position
- Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
- Statements of Cash Flows
- Notes to Financial Statements

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)



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forvis.com



Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Directors San Diego County Regional Airport Authority San Diego, CA

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority (Airport Authority), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Airport Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Airport Authority as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Airport Authority, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in *Note 13* to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2023 the Airport Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Airport Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

S is a trademark of FORVIS, LLP, registration of which is pending with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office



Members of the Board of Directors San Diego County Regional Airport Authority

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Airport Authority's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Airport Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension, and other postemployment benefit information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections as listed in the table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audits of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

FORVIS, LLP

Dallas, Texas November 2, 2023



SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED) For The Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

INTRODUCTION

The San Diego County Regional Airport Authority (Airport Authority) was established on January 1, 2002, as an independent agency. On January 1, 2003, the operations and assets of San Diego International Airport (SDIA) transferred from the San Diego Unified Port District (District) to the Airport Authority.

The Airport Authority is a self-sustaining entity receiving most of its revenues through user fees and rents from airline and non-airline business

partners operating at SDIA. Since the Airport Authority is not funded by tax revenues, accounts are maintained in an enterprise fund on the accrual basis of accounting. Under accrual accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned, and expenses are recognized as soon as a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash inflows and outflows. Users of SDIA's facilities provide most of the revenues to operate, maintain, and acquire necessary services and facilities.

SAN DIEGO INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

HISTORY OF OWNERSHIP

The public policy decision to transfer responsibility for SDIA from the District to the newly created Airport Authority emanated from recommendations made by the San Diego Regional Efficiency Commission (Commission). The Commission was established to evaluate regional governance in San Diego County and report recommended improvement measures to the California State Legislature.

Because of the significant regional consequences of airport development and operations, the Commission concluded that a regional decision-making process should address the future development of airport facilities in San Diego County. In October 2001, the enabling legislation, Assembly Bill 93 (AB 93) established the composition and jurisdiction of the Airport Authority's governing body in a manner that is designed to reflect the collective interests of the entire San Diego region.

LEGISLATIVE BACKGROUND

AB 93 was signed into California State law in October 2001. The AB 93 Act established the Airport Authority on January 1, 2002, as a local agency of regional government with jurisdiction throughout the County of San Diego. Subsequent legislative changes to AB 93 were introduced and passed in California Senate Bill 1896 (Act). The amendment addresses several points pertaining to the transfer of aviation employees, date of transfer, property leases, property acquisition and purchase of services from the District.

On January 1, 2008, Senate Bill 10 (SB 10), the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority Reform Act, was enacted into law expanding the responsibilities of the Airport Authority. The

Airport Authority is vested with five principal responsibilities:

- 1. Operation of SDIA;
- 2. Planning and operation of any future airport that could be developed as a supplement or replacement to SDIA;
- 3. Development of comprehensive airport land use plans for the airports in the county;
- Serving as the region's Airport Land Use Commission; and
- 5. In accordance with SB 10, preparing a Regional Aviation Strategic Plan (completed in fiscal year 2011).

In August 2013, Assembly Bill 1058 was signed into law. This bill made minor clarifying and technical changes to the Airport Authority Act.

In fiscal year 2023, the Airport Authority continued to show great improvement in the recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic, as most major activities rose to within 96 percent of the 2019 pre-pandemic levels.

AIRPORT ACTIVITIES HIGHLIGHTS (2021 - 2023)

The changes in SDIA's major activities for the three years are as follows:

FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021
11,867,569	9,953,162	4,860,931
19.2%	104.8%	-47.4%
23,560,297	19,830,645	9,701,311
18.8%	104.4%	-47.4%
219,952	190,491	130,017
15.5%	46.5%	-31.8%
138,648	151,160	151,327
-8.3%	-0.1%	-2.0%
13,869	11,764	7,780
17.9%	51.2%	-35.5%
	11,867,569 19.2% 23,560,297 18.8% 219,952 15.5% 138,648 -8.3% 13,869	11,867,569 9,953,162 19.2% 104.8% 23,560,297 19,830,645 18.8% 104.4% 219,952 190,491 15.5% 46.5% 138,648 151,160 -8.3% -0.1% 13,869 11,764

Enplaned passenger traffic continued to improve from the impact of the pandemic, with an increase of 19.2 percent over fiscal year 2022. Changes in total passengers, aircraft operations

and landed weight closely mirrored the improvement in enplanements. Whereas freight and mail continued a declining trend due to decreasing demand.



4 - SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

SECTION

FINANCIAL
2

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 5

SECTION

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (2021 - 2023)

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Airport Authority adopted GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* (GASB 94) and GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (GASB 96). Fiscal year 2022 has been restated for the adoption of GASB 94 and GASB 96.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The metric 'Changes in Net Position' is an indicator of whether the Airport Authority's overall financial condition has improved or deteriorated during the fiscal year. Net position increased 2.8 percent in

fiscal year 2022 as air travel continued to recover and had a strong increase of 13.0% in fiscal year 2023.

The following is a summary of the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position (in thousands):

Operating revenues
Operating expenses
Nonoperating revenues (expenses), net
Capital contributions and grants
Increase in net position
Net position, beginning of year
Net position, end of year

	FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021
\$	360,762	\$ 315,640	\$ 224,606
	(305,925)	(291,213)	(277,808)
	11,987	(12,874)	43,762
	52,287	12,958	13,932
	119,111	24,511	4,491
	914,068	889,557	885,066
\$	1,033,179	\$ 914,068	\$ 889,557

Note: Fiscal year 2022 and 2021 amounts have been restated for GASB 94 & GASB 96.



OPERATING REVENUES (IN THOUSANDS)

	From 2022 to 2023							
					Increase			
	FY 2023		FY 2022		(Decrease)	% Cha	inge	
Airline revenue:								
Landing fees	\$ 44,741	\$	35,354	\$	9,387		26.6%	
Aircraft parking fees	11,189		8,856		2,333		26.3%	
Building rentals	129,744		97,047		32,697		33.7%	
Other aviation revenue	7,123		6,518		605		9.3%	
Total airline revenue	192,797		147,775		45,022		30.5%	
Concession revenue	75,559		88,138		(12,579)		(14.3%)	
Parking and ground transportation revenue	65,415		57,076		8,339		14.6%	
Ground rentals	23,257		19,651		3,606		18.3%	
Other operating revenue	3,735		2,999		736		24.5%	
Total operating revenue	\$ 360,762	\$	315,640	\$	45,122		14.3%	

Note: Fiscal year 2022 and 2021 amounts have been restated for GASB 94 & GASB 96.

			From 2021	to 2022
			Increase	
	FY 2022	FY 2021	(Decrease)	% Change
Airline revenue:				
Landing fees	\$ 35,354	\$ 34,046	\$ 1,308	3.8%
Aircraft parking fees	8,856	8,542	314	3.7%
Building rentals	97,047	83,090	13,957	16.8%
Other aviation revenue	6,518	8,192	(1,673)	(20.4%)
Total airline revenue	147,775	133,870	13,906	10.4%
Concession revenue	88,138	41,801	46,337	110.9%
Parking and ground transportation revenue	57,076	27,447	29,629	108.0%
Ground rentals	19,651	19,809	(157)	(0.8%)
Other operating revenue	2,999	1,680	1,320	78.6%
Total operating revenue	\$ 315,640	\$ 224,606	\$ 91,034	40.5%

Note: Fiscal year 2022 and 2021 amounts have been restated for GASB 94 & GASB 96.

FISCAL YEAR 2023 COMPARED TO 2022:

Fiscal Year 2023 compared to 2022: Total airline revenues increased \$45.0 million, or 30.5 percent, due to a planned major maintenance fund increase per the airline operating lease agreement, combined with increased cost recovery from the airlines which is the result of higher debt service costs and an increase in recoverable operating expenses due to the increase in passengers.

Concession revenue (terminal and rental car) decreased by \$12.6 million, or 14.3 percent, due to

the timing of the recognition of lease revenue per GASB 87. The decrease is partially offset by increased concessions and car rental sales due to the increase in passengers. Parking and ground transportation revenue increased \$8.3 million, or 14.6 percent, due to the increased enplanements. Ground rentals increased \$3.6 million, or 18.3 percent, due to the higher consumer price index rent increase and additions to the fuel lease from the hydrant fueling project.

- SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 7

SECTION 2

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

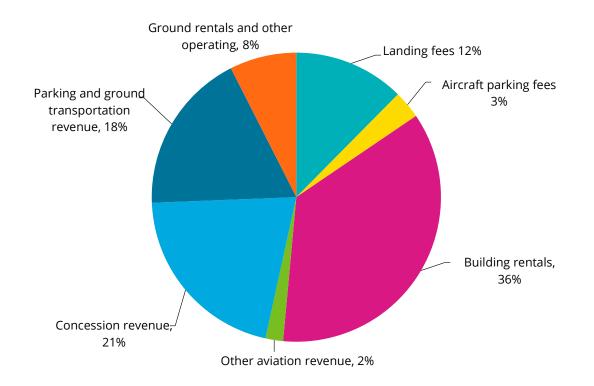
SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 7

OPERATING REVENUES (CONTINUED)

FISCAL YEAR 2022 COMPARED TO 2021:

Total airline revenues increased \$13.9 million, or 10.4 percent, reflecting the cost recovery system for the airlines which was higher in fiscal year 2022, compared to 2021. Airline building rentals were the main driver, increasing \$14.0 million, or 16.8 percent.

Concession revenue (terminal and rental car) increased by \$46.3 million, or 110.9 percent, due to increased passenger flow throughout the terminals. Parking and ground transportation revenue increased \$29.6 million, or 108.0 percent, due to the increased enplanements. Lastly, other operating revenue increased \$1.3 million, or 78.6 percent.





			From 2022	to 2023
			Increase	
	FY 2023	FY 2022	(Decrease)	% Change
Salaries and benefits	\$ 51,231	\$ 46,373	\$ 4,858	10.5%
Contractual services	45,581	34,491	11,090	32.2%
Safety and security	33,043	34,191	(1,148)	(3.4%)
Space rental	313	839	(526)	(62.7%)
Utilities	17,567	14,193	3,374	23.8%
Maintenance	16,417	10,747	5,670	52.8%
Equipment and systems	922	340	582	171.2%
Materials and supplies	661	496	164	33.1%
Insurance	1,997	1,741	256	14.7%
Employee development and support	681	537	144	26.8%
Business development	1,916	1,781	135	7.6%
Equipment rentals and repairs	4,010	3,472	539	15.5%
Total operating expenses before				
depreciation and amortization	174,339	149,201	25,138	16.8%
Depreciation and amortization	131,586	142,012	(10,425)	(7.3%)
Total operating expense	\$ 305,925	\$ 291,213	\$ 14,713	5.1%

OPERATING EXPENSES (IN THOUSANDS)

Note: Fiscal year 2022 and 2021 amounts have been restated for GASB 94 & GASB 96.

					From 2021	to 2022
					Increase	
	FY 2022		FY 2021	(Decrease)	% Change
Salaries and benefits	\$ 46,373	\$	52,922	\$	(6,549)	(12.4%)
Contractual services	34,491		24,977		9,514	38.1%
Safety and security	34,191		35,086		(895)	(2.6%)
Space rental	839		64		776	1,215.8%
Utilities	14,193		11,730		2,464	21.0%
Maintenance	10,747		9,111		1,636	18.0%
Equipment and systems	340		425		(85)	(19.9%)
Materials and supplies	496		450		46	10.3%
Insurance	1,741		1,519		222	14.6%
Employee development and support	537		442		96	21.6%
Business development	1,781		209		1,573	753.4%
Equipment rentals and repairs	3,472		3,380		92	2.7%
Total operating expenses before						
depreciation and amortization	149,201		140,313		8,889	6.3%
Depreciation and amortization	142,012		137,496		4,516	3.3%
Total operating expense	\$ 291,213	\$	277,808	\$	13,405	4.8%
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Note: Fiscal year 2022 and 2021 amounts have been restated for GASB 94 & GASB 96.

OPERATING EXPENSES (CONTINUED)

FISCAL YEAR 2023 COMPARED TO 2022:

Total fiscal year 2023 operating expenses increased by \$14.7 million or 5.1 percent.

Salaries and benefits increased by \$4.9 million or 10.5 percent due to planned wage and benefit increases, higher overtime, and increased head count. Contractual services increased by \$11.1 million or 32.2 percent, primarily due to an increase in parking and shuttle operations and Rental Car Center (RCC) buses expenses due to an increase in enplanements. Utilities increased by \$3.4 million or 23.8 percent due to increased gas and electric usage and rates. Maintenance expenses increased by \$5.7 million or 52.8 percent due to an increase in annual and major maintenance.

Partially offsetting the increase in operating expenses described above, safety and security decreased by \$1.1 million or 3.4 percent because of law enforcement and guard services staff vacancies. Depreciation and amortization decreased by \$10.4 million or 7.3 percent due to disposal of assets, caused by the demolition of various fixed assets necessary for the construction of the New Terminal 1.

FISCAL YEAR 2022 COMPARED TO 2021:

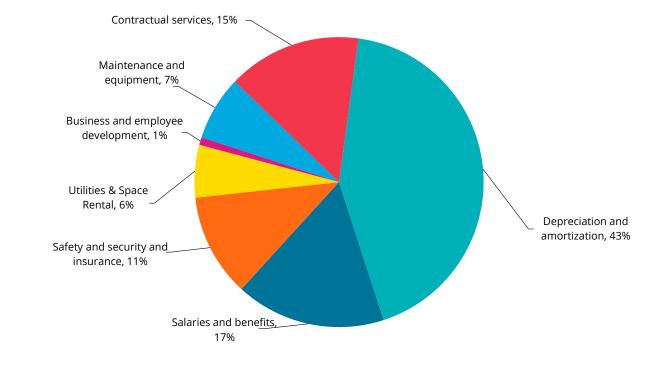
Total fiscal year 2022 operating expenses increased by \$13.4 million or 4.8 percent.

Contractual services increased by \$9.5 million or 38.1 percent, primarily due to an increase in parking and shuttle operations and Rental Car Center (RCC) buses expenses due to increase in enplanements. Utilities increased by \$2.5 million or 21 percent due to increased gas and electric usage and rates. Maintenance expenses increased by \$1.6 million, or 18.0 percent, due to an increase in annual and major maintenance. Business

Development increased by \$1.6 million or 753.4 percent due to an increase in marketing and advertising costs.

Partially offsetting the increase in operating expenses described above, salaries and benefits, decreased by \$6.5 million or 12.4 percent, primarily due to a \$5.1 million decrease in retirement expense caused by investment gains on the pension and OPEB plan assets.





From 2022 to 2023 Increase % Change FY 2023 FY 2022 (Decrease) Passenger facility charges 46,755 40,394 \$ 6,361 15.7% 13.3% Customer facility charges 34,375 30,333 4,041 Federal Relief Grants 78,922 (78,922)(100.0%)Quieter Home Program, net (2,051)(2,541)490 19.3% Other interest income 11,145 11,893 (748)(6.3%)50,882 (48,884)99,766 204.1% Investment income (loss) (127,464)(109,675)(17,789)(16.2%)Interest expense, net (1,654)(13,316)11,661 87.6% Other nonoperating income (expenses) 11,987 \$ (12,874) \$ 24,861 193.1% Nonoperating revenues (expenses), net

Note: Fiscal year 2022 and 2021 amounts have been restated for GASB 94 & GASB 96.

			From 2021	to 2022
			Increase	
	FY 2022	FY 2021	(Decrease)	% Change
Passenger facility charges	\$ 40,394	\$ 22,110	\$ 18,284	82.7%
Customer facility charges	30,333	15,755	14,578	92.5%
Federal Relief Grants	78,922	77,219	1,704	2.2%
Quieter Home Program, net	(2,541)	(3,233)	691	21.4%
Other interest income	11,893	6,748	5,144	76.2%
Investment income (loss)	(48,884)	2,495	(51,379)	(2,059.3%)
Interest expense, net	(109,675)	(76,628)	(33,048)	(43.1%)
Other nonoperating income (expenses)	(13,316)	(705)	(12,611)	(1,789.0%)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	\$ (12,874)	\$ 43,762	\$ (56,636)	(129.4%)
	•	<u> </u>		

Note: Fiscal year 2022 and 2021 amounts have been restated for GASB 94 & GASB 96.

Passenger Facility Charges (PFCs) were

established by Congress in 1990 as part of the *Aviation Safety and Capacity Expansion Act of 1990*. The Airport Authority collects a \$4.50 PFC from revenue enplaned passengers to pay for the cost to design and construct eligible Airport capital projects, contribute to the Airport Authority's noise mitigation (Quieter Home Program), or to repay debt service issued to build eligible capital projects. PFCs are collected by the air carriers when passengers purchase their tickets and are remitted to the Airport Authority the month following collection less a \$0.11 administration fee.

Customer Facility Charges (CFCs) are authorized under Section 1949 of the California Civil Code and approved by legislation under Senate Bill 1510. The revenues collected have been used to plan and construct a consolidated rental car facility and operate the related ground transportation system. The rental car agencies utilizing the consolidated rental car facility remit to the Airport Authority collection of the fee monthly. The current CFC fee

is \$9.00 per day, up to five days for rental car transactions that originate at the Rental Car Center. For car rental transactions of non-RCC tenants, the CFC rate is \$3.41 per day, up to five days for rental car transactions.

F---- 2021 +- 2022

Federal Relief Grants included the *American Rescue Plan Act* (ARPA) funds received from the federal government. ARPA was signed into law on March 11, 2021, and included \$8 billion in funds to be awarded as economic assistance to eligible U.S. airports to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus disease pandemic. On August 10, 2021, the Airport Authority was awarded a \$78.9 million ARPA grant, which was fully utilized in fiscal year 2022.

Quieter Home Program includes sound attenuation construction improvements at all eligible single-family and multi-family dwellings located in the Year 2020 65 dB Community Noise Equivalent Level contour. The project is eligible for the FAA's Airport Improvement Program (AIP)





NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) (CONTINUED)

which awards grants for certain eligible Airport Authority expenditures. The \$2.1 million of expenses represents the authority's cost, net of the grant funds utilized in FY23. From inception through the end of fiscal year 2023, the Airport Authority has spent \$283.5 million and received reimbursement for \$231.3 million.

Other Interest includes interest earned on lease receivables and notes receivable. For June 30, 2023, and 2022 other interest income was \$11.1 million and \$11.9 million, respectively.

Investment income (loss) is derived from interest earned by the Airport Authority on investments and includes unrealized gain (loss) on investments. For June 30, 2023, and 2022 Investment income was a gain of \$50.9 million and a loss of \$48.9 million, respectively.

Interest expense includes interest paid and accrued on bonds, variable debt, and leases. For

June 30, 2023, and 2022 interest expense was \$127.5 million and \$109.7 million, respectively. The increase is due to a full year of interest on the 2021 bonds that were issued in December 2021 to fund construction of the New Terminal 1.

Other nonoperating income (expense) includes proceeds and expenses for legal settlements, gain (loss) on the sale of assets and other miscellaneous revenue and expenses..

Fiscal year 2023 compared to 2022:

Nonoperating revenues (net) increased by \$24.9 million or 193.1 percent. The increases in PFCs and CFCs are due to an increase in enplaned passengers. PFCs increased by \$6.4 million or 15.7 percent, and CFCs increased by \$4.0 million or 13.3 percent. Investment income increased by \$99.8 million or 204.1 percent. The increase is due to the movement of unrealized gain/loss on investments of \$72.9 million as the increase in market yields moderated significantly resulting in an unrealized gain in fiscal year 2023 of \$11.7 million compared to an unrealized loss of \$61.3 million in fiscal year 2022. Increased interest rates and higher investment balances accounted for the \$26.8 million of additional interest revenue in fiscal year

2023. Other nonoperating income (expenses) decreased by \$11.7 million or 87.6 percent, as there was no fixed asset disposal loss reported this year.

Fiscal year 2022 compared to 2021:

Nonoperating revenues (net) decreased by \$56.6 million or 129.4 percent. The increases in PFCs and CFCs are due to an increase in enplaned passengers. PFCs increased by \$18.3 million or 82.7 percent, and CFCs increased by \$14.6 million or 92.5 percent. Investment income (loss) decreased by \$51.4 million or 2,059.3 percent. The decrease is due to an unrealized loss on investments of \$61.3 million as market yields increased significantly decreasing the market value of fixed rate securities held by the Authority. The unrealized loss was offset partially by increased interest earnings due to higher yields and larger investment balances. Other nonoperating income (expenses) decreased by \$12.6 million or 1,789.0 percent, due to the loss on fixed asset disposals, caused by the demolition of various fixed assets necessary for the construction of the New Terminal 1.



			From 2022	to 2023	
			Increase		(
	FY 2023	FY 2022	(Decrease)	% Change	
Federal grants	\$ 52,287	\$ 12,958	\$ 39,329	303.5%	(

FEDERAL GRANT CONTRIBUTIONS (IN THOUSANDS)

			From 2021	to 2022
			Increase	
	FY 2022	FY 2021	(Decrease)	% Change
Federal grants	\$ 12,958	\$ 13,932	\$ (973)	(7.0%)

Federal Grant Contributions: are comprised of Airport Improvement Project (AIP) entitlement and discretionary grants through the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and other Federal and state organizations. These funds are recognized as revenue as the work is completed on the eligible

projects. In fiscal year 2023, federal grant contributions increased by \$39.3 million, or 303.5 percent compared to fiscal year 2022, due to an increase in grant awards and substantial New Terminal 1 construction activities funded by federal grants.

The statements of net position present the financial position of the Airport Authority as of a period in time. The statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, and net position of the Airport Authority. A summary

comparison of the Airport Authority's assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and net position at June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021, is as follows:

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (IN THOUSANDS)

	FY 2023	FY 2022	FY 2021
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Current assets	\$ 723,463	\$ 491,098	\$ 480,254
Capital and lease assets, net	2,795,855	2,284,111	2,063,687
Noncurrent assets	2,037,198	2,719,699	914,583
Total assets	5,556,516	5,494,907	3,458,524
Deferred outflows of resources	18,040	22,390	33,471
Total assets & deferred outflows of resources	5,574,556	5,517,297	3,491,996
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Current liabilities	280,701	250,171	157,227
Long-term liabilities	3,871,111	3,947,346	2,077,162
Total liabilities	4,151,812	4,197,517	2,234,389
Deferred inflows of resources	389,565	405,712	368,049
Total liabilities & deferred inflows of resources	4,541,377	4,603,229	2,602,439
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	330,220	420,903	325,062
Restricted	230,636	176,638	192,484
Unrestricted	472,323	316,527	372,011
Total net position	\$ 1,033,179	\$ 914,068	\$ 889,557

Note: Fiscal year 2022 and 2021 amounts have been restated for GASB 94 & GASB 96.

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SECTION

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ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2023, the Airport Authority's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,033.2 million. This reflects a \$119.1 million or 13.0 percent increase in net position from June 30, 2022. The Airport Authority uses capital and lease assets to provide services to its passengers and other users of SDIA; consequently, these assets cannot be sold or otherwise liquidated. Although the Airport Authority's investment in its capital and lease assets is reported net of related debt, the

funds required to repay this debt must be provided annually from operations. The unrestricted net position of \$472.3 million as of June 30, 2023, may be used to meet any of the Airport Authority's ongoing obligations. As of June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, management has designated unrestricted funds in the amount of \$16.0 million, \$16.2 million, and \$22.5 million, respectively, for capital contract commitments funded by Airport Authority cash, earthquake self-insurance, and operating contingency.

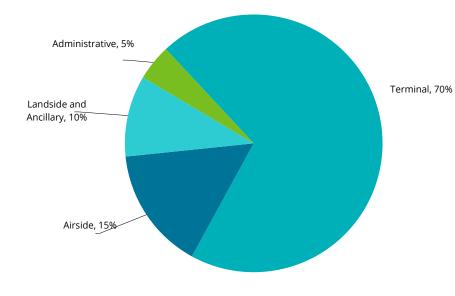
CAPITAL PROGRAM

The Capital Program is a rolling five-year program that provides critical improvements and asset additions. The program includes capital projects that address federal security requirements, airfield security and refurbishment, environmental remediation, terminal upgrades, and landside development. Funding sources for the projects include the Federal Aviation Administration's Airport Improvement Program, Transportation Security Agency grants, Passenger Facility Charges,

Customer Facility Charges, airport operating revenues, airport revenue bonds, special facility bonds, and short-term borrowing using revolving lines of credit.

The current Capital Program, which includes projects through 2027, consists of \$595.0 million for airside projects, \$379.5 million for landside and ancillary projects, \$2.7 billion for terminal projects, which includes the replacement of Terminal 1, and \$174.1 million for administrative projects.

Capital Program Projects by Type



Additional information of the Airport Authority's capital and lease assets can be found in Note 5 of the financial statements.

On February 19, 2014, the Airport Authority issued \$305.3 million of Series A and B Senior Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (Series 2014 Bonds). The Series 2014 Bonds were issued to finance a portion of the costs of the development and construction of a consolidated rental car facility and related improvements at SDIA, fund a portion of the interest on the Series 2014 Bonds, fund deposits to the senior reserve fund, the rolling coverage fund and pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2014 Bonds.

The Series 2014 A Bonds were structured as tax-exempt non-AMT term bonds that bear interest at 5.0 percent. The Series 2014 B Bonds were structured as federally taxable bonds that bear interest at rates ranging from 2.5 percent to 5.6 percent and mature in fiscal years 2019 to 2045. Interest for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 amounted to \$15.2 million and \$15.6 million, respectively, including accrued interest of \$7.6 million and \$7.8 million, respectively. The principal balance on the Series 2014 Bonds as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 was \$275.7 million and \$282 million, respectively.

The Series 2014 Bonds are special limited obligations of the Airport Authority, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the Trust Estate, which includes, among other things, Customer Facility Charges collected from the rental car companies operating at the Airport and remitted to the Trustee. No revenues of the Airport Authority other than the Customer Facility Charges and the Bond Funding Supplemental Consideration (as defined in the Indenture), are pledged to the payment of the Series 2014 Bonds.

On August 3, 2017, the Airport Authority issued \$291.2 million of Series A and B Subordinate Airport Revenue Bonds (Series 2017 Bonds). The Series 2017 Bonds were issued to finance certain capital improvements at SDIA including the Parking Plaza and the FIS facility, fund a portion of the interest accruing on the subordinate Series 2017 Bonds, refund \$32.6 million of the Airport Authority's

outstanding variable rate debt, which was issued during 2017, fund the subordinate reserve fund and pay the cost of issuance of the subordinate Series 2017 Bonds. The Series 2017 Bonds are structured as serial and term bonds that bear interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent and mature in fiscal years 2019 to 2048. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$48.4 million, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds. Interest for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 amounted to \$13.3 million and \$13.6 million, respectively, including accrued interest of \$6.7 million and \$6.8 million, respectively. The principal balance on the Series 2017 Bonds as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 was \$266.6 million and \$271.9 million, respectively.

On December 11, 2019, the Airport Authority issued \$338.8 million of Series A Subordinate Airport Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds and \$124.9 million of Series B Subordinate Airport Revenue Bonds (Series 2019 Bonds). The Series 2019 Bonds were issued to finance certain capital improvements at SDIA including a new facilities maintenance building and storm water capture and reuse projects, fund a portion of the interest accruing on the Series 2019 Bonds, refund \$34.3 million of the Airport Authority's outstanding variable rate debt, fund the Series 2010C Escrow account to refund the 2010C bonds, fund the subordinate reserve fund, and pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2017 Bonds. The Series 2019 Bonds are structured as serial and term bonds that bear interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent and mature in fiscal years 2021 to 2050. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$96.9 million, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds. Interest on the Series 2019 Bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. Interest for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 amounted to \$21.9 million and \$22.1 million, respectively, including accrued interest of \$10.9 million and \$11.1 million, respectively. The principal balance on the Series 2019 Bonds as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 was \$454.6 million and \$459 million, respectively.

CAPITAL FINANCING AND DEBT MANAGEMENT

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SECTION

CAPITAL FINANCING AND DEBT MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Airport Authority issued \$241.6 million of Series A, B and C Subordinate Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds (Series 2020 Bonds). The Authority entered into a Forward Delivery Purchase Contract on December 11, 2019, and delivered the Series 2020 Bonds Proceeds on April 8, 2020. Proceeds from the sale of the Series 2020 Bonds were used to fund the Series 2010 A and B Bonds escrow accounts to refund the 2010 A/B bonds and pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2020 Bonds. The Series 2020 Bonds are structured as serial bonds that bear interest rates of 5.0 percent and mature in fiscal years 2021 to 2041. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$49.4 million, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds. Interest on the Series 2020 Bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. Interest for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 amounted to \$10.6 million and \$11.5 million, respectively, including accrued interest of \$5.4 million and \$5.8 million, respectively. The principal balance on the Series 2020 Bonds as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 was \$212.5 million and \$227.0 million, respectively.

On December 8, 2021, the Airport Authority issued \$1,941.7 million of Series A, B and C Subordinate Airport Revenue Bonds (Series 2021 Bonds). The Series 2021 Bonds were issued to finance The New Terminal 1 development at SDIA, fund a portion of the interest accruing on the Series 2021 Bonds, fund the subordinate reserve fund, pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2021 Bonds and to refund the 2013 Series A and B bonds. The Series 2021 A and B Bonds are structured as serial and term bonds that bear interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent and mature in fiscal years 2027 to 2057 and were issued at a premium of \$332.4 million, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds. The Series 2021 C Bonds are federally Taxable Bonds and are structured as serial and term bonds that bear interest at rates ranging from 0.5 percent to 3.1 percent and mature in fiscal years 2023 to 2037. Interest on the Series 2021 Bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year. Interest for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 amounted to \$82.0

million and \$46.3 million, respectively, including accrued interest of \$41.0 million and \$46.3 million, respectively. The principal balance on the Series 2021 Bonds as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 was \$1,932.0 million and \$1,941.7 million, respectively.

Interest expense on the Series 2014, 2017, 2019, 2020 and 2021 Bonds for fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, of \$143.1 million and \$116.3 million, respectively, was offset by bond premium amortization of \$26.7 million in fiscal year 2023 and \$21.6 million in fiscal year 2022.

The Airport Authority leases properties from various third parties and use that space to conduct its operations, the terms of which expire 2024 through 2072. The measurement of the lease payable is based on the present value of lease payments expected to be paid during the lease term, such as fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or rate, variable payments that are fixed in substance, residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance, and any lease incentives payable to the lessee. Incremental Borrowing Rates of 1.1 percent to 3.8 percent were used by the Airport Authority to measure lease payables. Liabilities recorded under lease contracts during the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, were \$228.9 million and \$232.4 million, respectively.

On July 19, 2021, The Airport Authority and Bank of America agreed to a Revolving Credit Agreement. The Airport Authority is authorized to issue up to \$200.0 million in Subordinate Revolving Obligations. The revolving credit agreement is for a term of three years. At the end of fiscal years 2023 and 2022, the Airport Authority had \$80.1 million in aggregate principal of Subordinate Revolving Obligations outstanding. These obligations were used to finance the New Terminal 1. Obligations incurred under the Revolving Credit Agreement are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of "Subordinate Net Revenues." Subordinate Net Revenues are generally defined as all revenues and other cash receipts of the Airport Authority's

Airport operations remaining after Senior Lien payments have been deposited by the Trustee in accordance with the Senior Lien Trust Indenture.

Additional information of the Airport Authority's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

The SDIA's PFC program was established in 1994, and currently authorizes the imposition of a \$4.50 fee on enplaning passengers. There are currently four active applications which provide the Airport

Authority to impose and use PFC revenue through May 1, 2040.

FAA entitlement and discretionary grants are awarded on a federal fiscal year running October 1 through September 30. The Airport Authority has received approximately \$89.3 million in grant awards for the federal fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, as compared to \$83.4 million for 2022. Grant awards are recognized as nonoperating revenue or capital contributions as eligible expenses are incurred.

CAPITAL FINANCING AND DEBT MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Airport Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed in writing to the San Diego County Regional Airport

Authority Accounting Department, P.O. Box 82776, San Diego, CA 92138. The Accounting Department can also be reached at (619) 400-2806. A copy of the financial report is available at www.san.org

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION



16 - SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

SECTION

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

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Basic Financial Statements

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	2023	2022 as restated
Current Assets		
Unrestricted:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 26,108,388	\$ 10,560,677
Investments (Note 2)	306,492,307	238,734,707
Tenant receivables, net	20,872,111	22,784,819
Grants receivable	19,163,746	25,461,356
Lease receivables, current portion (Note 3)	21,579,230	25,256,727
Partnership lease receivables, current portion (Note 3)	3,281,883	2,891,820
Note receivable, current portion (Note 4)	4,926,819	4,766,887
Other current assets	17,351,605	10,291,837
Total unrestricted current assets	419,776,089	340,748,830
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments		
with trustees (Notes 2 and 6)	303,687,039	150,348,859
Total current assets	723,463,128	491,097,689
Noncurrent Assets		
Restricted assets (Notes 2 and 6):		
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments not with trustees	202,552,633	154,568,287
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments with trustees (Note 2)	1,232,265,747	2,025,521,963
Passenger facility charges receivable (Note 1)	7,035,361	4,185,454
Customer facility charges receivable (Note 1)	3,169,514	2,884,858
Other restricted assets	2,403,167	3,999,762
Total restricted assets	1,447,426,421	2,191,160,323
Other noncurrent assets:		
Investments, noncurrent (Note 2)	184,596,297	141,423,628
Lease receivables, long-term portion (Note 3)	146,460,548	168,039,778
Partnership lease receivables, long-term portion (Note 3)	135,261,080	125,895,083
Note receivable, long-term portion (Note 4)	24,451,275	29,378,094
Cash and cash equivalents designated for specific capital		
projects and other commitments (Note 2)	99,002,685	50,449,426
Net pension asset (Note 7)	-	8,995,046
Net OPEB asset (Note 10)	-	4,357,476
Total other noncurrent assets	589,771,885	528,538,531
Capital and lease assets (Note 5):		
Land, land improvements and nondepreciable assets/leases	182,279,198	182,279,198
Buildings and structures	1,884,157,140	1,823,469,725
Lease assets	238,303,897	238,303,897
Subscription assets	464,378	464,378
Machinery and equipment	139,202,241	124,708,399
Runways, roads and parking lots	630,577,748	637,019,738
Construction in progress	1,145,357,693	578,124,720
Total capital and lease assets	4,220,342,295	3,584,370,056
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,424,487,252)	(1,300,259,420)
Capital and lease assets, net	2,795,855,043	2,284,110,636
Total noncurrent assets	4,833,053,349	5,003,809,490
Total assets	5,556,516,476	5,494,907,179
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pensions (Note 7 and 8)	12,162,436	18,137,274
OPEB (Note 10)	5,877,459	4,252,768
Total deferred outflows of resources	18,039,895	22,390,042
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	5,574,556,372	5,517,297,222

See Notes to Financial Statements.

(continued)

Liabilities. Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position 2023 2022 as restated SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL **Current Liabilities** Payable from unrestricted assets: Accounts payable 3,699,871 7,326,129 Accrued liabilities 51,830,325 3,264,966 3,750,891 Compensated absences, current portion (Note 6) 14,502,025 16,591,374 Other current liabilities 3,586,324 Lease and subscription liabilities, current portion (Note 6) 3,677,515 323,293 Long-term debt, current portion (Note 6) 387,928 79,937,904 74,974,827 Total payable from unrestricted assets Payable from restricted assets: Accounts payable 9,179,789 17,466,214 Accrued liabilities 69,749,979 39,743,912 50,055,000 40,160,000 Long-term debt, current portion (Note 6) Accrued interest on variable rate debt and bonds (Note 6) 71,778,216 77,826,260 200,762,984 175,196,385 Total payable from restricted assets **Total current liabilities** 280,700,888 250,171,213 Long-Term Liabilities Compensated absences, net of current portion (Note 6) 1,343,480 1,789,112 647,536 663,924 Other noncurrent liabilities 225,503,027 229,180,542 Lease and subscription liabilities, long-term portion (Note 6) 3,713,339,080 Long-term debt, net of current portion (Note 6) 3,635,975,207 Net pension liability (Note 7 and 8) 7,197,809 2,373,440 Net OPEB liability (Note 10) 444,406 **Total long-term liabilities** 3,871,111,466 3,947,346,098 **Total liabilities** 4,151,812,354 4,197,517,311 Deferred inflows of resources 27,258,294 Pensions (Note 7 and 8) 4,749,968 1,653,747 4,901,161 OPEB (Note 10) Gain on refunding 9,440,839 9,943,477 168,064,374 147,922,470 Leases (Note 3) Partnership leases (Note 3) 225,797,623 195,544,264 **Total deferred inflows of resources** 389,564,647 405,711,570 4,603,228,881 4,541,377,002 Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources Net Position Net investment in capital assets 330,219,977 420,903,099 Restricted: 48,292,097 Debt Service 67,075,020 93,634,418 Construction 141,003,071 8,995,046 Pension OPEB 4,357,476 17,932,678 15,136,888 Operation and maintenance expenses 2,222,300 Small business bond guarantee 2,222,300 2,403,167 3,999,762 OCIP loss reserve 230,636,236 176,637,988 Total restricted net position 472,323,157 316,527,254 Unrestricted net position 1,033,179,370 \$ 914,068,340 Total net position

AIRPORT AUTHORITY

45,972,090 STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

See Notes to Financial Statements.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	20	22 as restated
Operating revenues:			
Airline revenue:			
Landing fees	\$ 44,741,469	\$	35,354,215
Aircraft parking fees	11,188,756		8,855,947
Building rentals	129,743,693		97,046,860
Other aviation revenue	7,123,044		6,518,253
Concession revenue	75,558,792		88,138,271
Parking and ground transportation revenue	65,414,598		57,075,628
Ground and non-airline terminal rentals	23,257,118		19,651,356
Other operating revenue	3,734,823		2,999,290
Total operating revenues	360,762,294		315,639,820
Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization:			_
Salaries and benefits (Notes 6, 7, 8 and 9)	51,230,961		46,373,068
Contractual services (Note 13)	45,580,643		34,490,679
Safety and security	33,042,629		34,190,686
Space rental	313,483		839,337
Utilities	17,567,259		14,193,387
Maintenance	16,417,015		10,746,604
Equipment and systems	921,761		339,942
Materials and supplies	660,733		496,452
Insurance	1,996,788		1,740,603
Employee development and support	681,446		537,388
Business development	1,916,108		1,781,323
Equipment rentals and repairs	4,010,388		3,471,765
Total operating expenses before depreciation and			
amortization	174,339,213		149,201,234
Income from operations before depreciation and amortization	186,423,081		166,438,586
Depreciation and amortization expense	131,586,318		142,011,648
Operating income	\$ 54,836,763	\$	24,426,938

See Notes to Financial Statements. (continued)

	2023	20	22 as restated
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Passenger facility charges	\$ 46,754,727	\$	40,394,092
Customer facility charges	34,374,844		30,333,350
Federal relief grants	-		78,922,308
Quieter Home Program grant revenue (Note 1)	19,023,947		14,392,766
Quieter Home Program expenses (Note 1)	(21,075,144)		(16,934,242)
Other Interest Income	11,145,007		11,892,517
Investment income (loss)	50,881,687		(48,883,995)
Interest expense (Note 6)	(127,463,755)		(109,675,241)
Other revenues (expenses), net	(1,654,133)		(13,315,574)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	11,987,180		(12,874,018)
Income before federal grants	66,823,943		11,552,920
Federal grants (Note 1)	52,287,087		12,958,340
Change in net position	119,111,030		24,511,260
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	914,068,340		889,557,081
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,033,179,370	\$	914,068,340
	, , , ,	-	, , , , , , ,

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

See Notes to Financial Statements.



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SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 21

SECTION 5. SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 21

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022 as restated
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	2023	2022 as restated
Receipts from customers	\$ 362,504,812	\$ 371,536,489
Payments to suppliers	(129,535,335)	
Payments to employees	(54,368,079)	
Other receipts (payments)	3,737,502	
Net cash provided by operating activities	182,338,900	218,176,665
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	102/000/000	_ ::,:::0,:::0
Misc nonoperating receipts (payments)	(1,654,133)	163,686
Quieter Home Program grant receipts	20,850,254	11,723,416
Quieter Home Program payments	(21,075,144)	
Net cash used in noncapital		` ' ' ' '
financing activities	(1,879,024)	(5,047,139)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Capital outlay	(597,490,633)	(334,497,078)
Proceeds from variable debt	-	80,100,000
Other interest income	11,145,007	11,892,517
Federal grants received (excluding Quieter Home Program)	56,758,390	76,754,333
Proceeds from passenger facility charges	43,904,820	41,970,700
Proceeds from customer facility charges	34,090,188	29,832,774
Payment of principal on bonds and commercial paper	(40,360,000)	(389,230,000)
Proceeds from issuance of Series 2020 Bonds	-	2,274,125,831
Payment on note payable	(354,139)	(323,293)
Interest and debt fees paid	(160,704,536)	(119,271,370)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related		
financing activities	(653,010,901)	1,671,354,415
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Sales and maturities of investments	1,815,186,082	
Purchases of investments	(1,322,506,966)	
Interest received on investments and note receivable	39,205,993	12,419,871
Principal payments received on notes receivable	4,766,887	2,372,252
Increase in principal on notes receivable	-	(9,308,366)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	536,651,995	
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	64,100,970	(26,816,268)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	61,010,103	87,826,370
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 125,111,073	\$ 61,010,103

See Notes to Financial Statements.



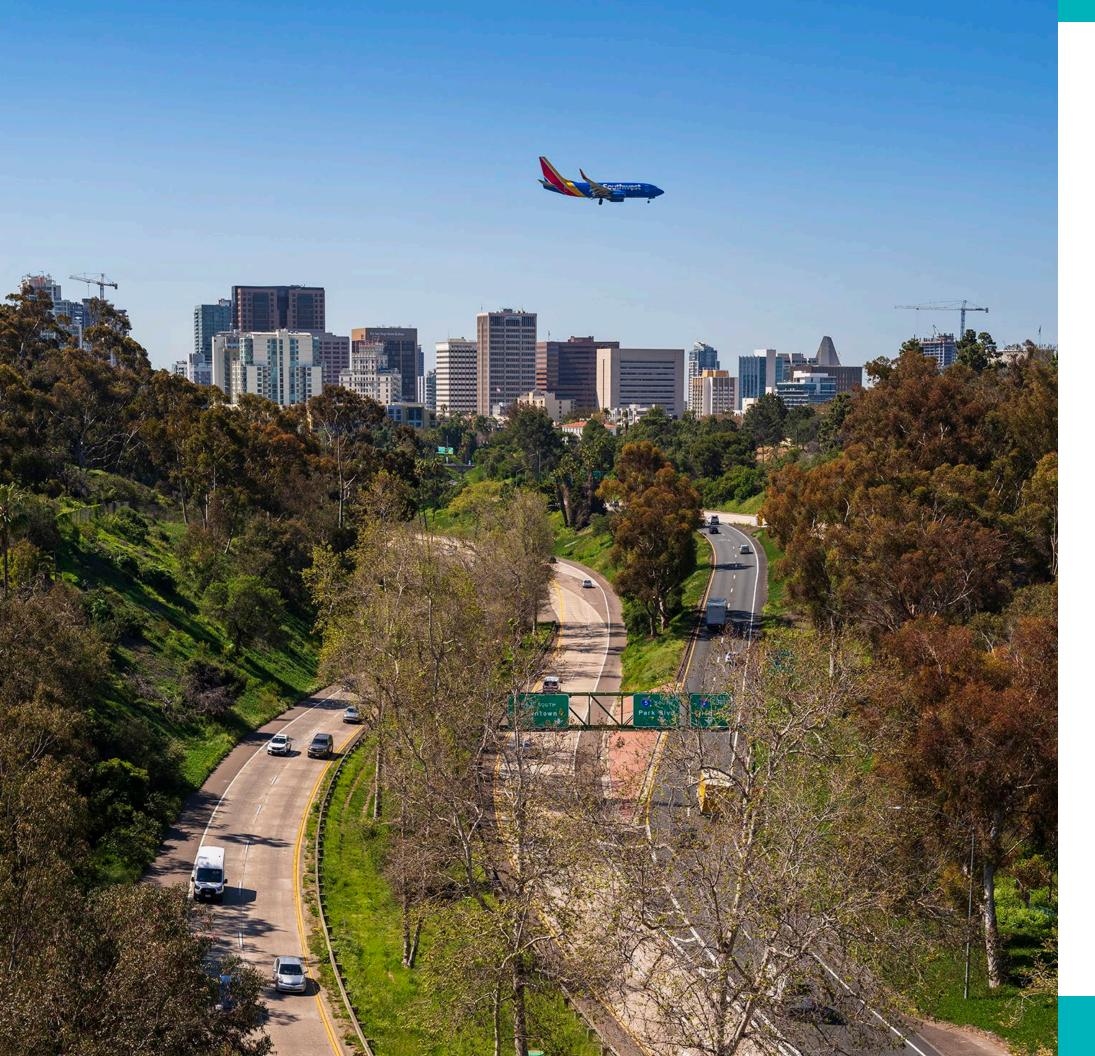
		2023	20	22 as restated	SA
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statements of Net					ΑI
Position					7 (1
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,108,388	\$	10,560,677	STA
Cash and cash equivalents designated for specific capital					FO
projects and other commitments Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	99,002,685 125,111,073	\$	50,449,426 61,010,103	. JU
Total Cash and Cash equivalents	3	125,111,075	⊅	61,010,103	:
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by					
Operating Activities					
Operating income	\$	54,836,763	\$	24,426,938	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided					
by operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization expense		131,586,318		142,011,648	
Change in pensions/OPEB liability/asset		18,621,297		(45,794,077)	
Change in deferred outflows related to pensions/OPEB		4,350,147		11,081,306	
Change in deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB		(25,755,740)		29,002,100	
Change in deferred inflows related to leases		(20,141,904)		(1,383,657)	
Change in deferred inflows related to partnership leases		6,116,521		3,968,456	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Receivables, net		1,912,709		56,568,711	
Other assets		(5,463,173)		(97,336)	
Accounts payable		(3,626,258)		654,407	
Accrued liabilities		5,858,235		1,205,133	
Compensated absences		40,293		292,136	
Lease receivables		15,500,666		(8,408,150)	
Other liabilities	*	(1,496,975)	ď	4,649,049	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	182,338,900	\$	218,176,665	:
Noncash investing, Capital and Financing Activities	*	70 020 760	#	E7 240 42E	
Additions to capital assets included in accounts payable	\$	78,929,768	\$	57,210,125	
Capital assets (and related deferred inflow) contributed by operator		24,136,838		-	
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments		11,675,694		(61,303,866)	

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS, (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

See Notes to Financial Statements.





REPORTING ENTITY:

The San Diego County Regional Airport Authority (the Airport Authority), an autonomous public agency, was established in accordance with, Assembly Bill 93 (2001), as modified by Senate Bill 1896 (2002), which together comprise the San Diego County Regional Airport Authority Act (the Act). The Act required, among other things, the transfer of the assets and operations of the San Diego International Airport (SDIA) from the San Diego Unified Port District (the District) to the Airport Authority. Effective January 1, 2003 (inception), the District transferred all airport operations and certain related assets and liabilities to the Airport Authority, pursuant to the Act and the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) dated as of January 1, 2002, between the Airport Authority and the District, which implemented the Act.

Senate Bill 10 (SB 10), the San Diego County
Regional Airport Authority Reform Act, was effective
January 1, 2008. Responsibilities of the Airport
Authority include, among other things, the
operation, maintenance, development,
management, and regulation of SDIA and its
facilities. In addition, the Airport Authority has the
responsibility to plan or to expand the existing SDIA.
Under one of the requirements of SB 10, the Airport
Authority completed a Regional Aviation Strategic
Plan and the Airport Authority prepared and
adopted an Airport Multimodal Accessibility Plan. In
addition, the Airport Authority acts as the Airport
Land Use Commission within San Diego County.

In accordance with the Codification of
Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting
Standards, the basic financial statements should
include all organizations, agencies, boards,
commissions, and authorities for which the Airport
Authority is financially accountable. The Airport
Authority has also considered all other potential
organizations for which the nature and significance
of their relationships with the Airport Authority are
such that exclusion would cause the Airport
Authority's financial statements to be misleading or

incomplete. The Governmental Accounting
Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be
considered in determining financial accountability.
Based on these criteria, there are no other
organizations or agencies which should be included
in these basic financial statements.

The Airport Authority is governed by a ninember, appointed Board of Directors (Board), representing all areas of San Diego County and three additional members serving as non-voting, ex-officio Board members. Three Board members are appointed by the Mayor of the City of San Diego (the City). Two Board members are appointed by the San Diego County Board of Supervisors. The remaining four Board members are each appointed by the mayors of the following defined jurisdictions: the east county cities, south county cities, north coastal area cities and north county inland cities. The Board members serve three-year terms in accordance with California SB 10.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING:

The accounting policies of the Airport Authority conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local government agencies, and as such, the Airport Authority is accounted for as a proprietary fund. The basic financial statements presented are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. This measurement focus emphasizes the determination of the change in Airport Authority net position.

USE OF ESTIMATES:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, as well as the

NOTE 1.

NATURE OF ORGANIZATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes unrestricted (including designated) cash on hand, demand deposits, and investment securities with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

INVESTMENTS:

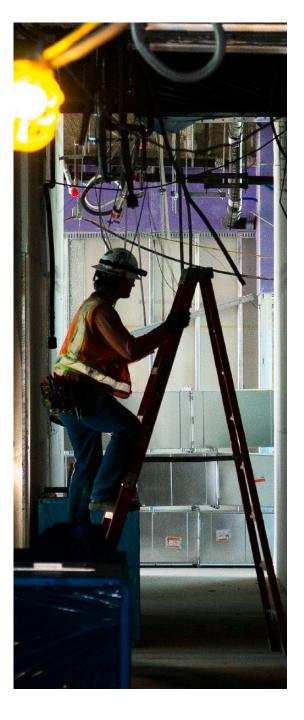
Investments in the state and county investment pools are recorded at net asset value and money market mutual funds and non-negotiable certificates of deposit are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices.

TENANT RECEIVABLES:

Tenant receivables are carried at the original invoice amount for fixed-rent tenants and at estimated invoice amount for concession (variable) tenants, less an estimate made for doubtful receivables for both fixed-rent and concession tenants. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts by evaluating individual tenant receivables and considering a tenant's financial condition and credit history and current economic conditions. Tenant receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of tenant receivables previously written off are recorded when received.

NOTE 1.

NATURE OF ORGANIZATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)



FEDERAL GRANTS:

Outlays for airport capital improvements and certain airport nonoperating expenses, primarily those relating to the Airport Authority's Quieter Home Program, are subject to reimbursement from federal grant programs. Funding provided from government grants is considered earned as the related approved capital outlays or expenses are incurred. Costs claimed for reimbursement are subject to audit and acceptance by the granting agency.

AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM (AIP):

grants are authorized and disbursed by the FAA under the *Airway Improvement Act of 1982*, as amended, which provides funding for airport planning and development projects at airports included in the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems. As such, the AIP grants must be used to pay for the allowable costs of approved projects. As of June 30, 2023, and 2022, the Airport Authority recovered \$52.3 million and \$13.0 million, respectively, for approved capital projects; and \$19.0 million and \$14.4 million, respectively, for the Quieter Home Program.

ARPA:

The American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) was signed into law on March 11, 2021 and includes \$8 billion in funds to be awarded as economic assistance to eligible U.S. airports to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus disease pandemic. To distribute these funds, the FAA has established the Airport Rescue Grants to make grants to all airports that are part of the national airport system, including all commercial service airports, all reliever airports, and some public-owned general aviation airports. The Airport Authority was awarded \$78.8 million on August 10, 2021. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the Airport Authority drew and expended \$78.8 million.

Passenger facility charges (PFC):

The PFC program is authorized by the *Aviation Safety and Capacity Expansion Act of 1990* (the Expansion Act). In accordance with the Expansion

Act, the Airport Authority's AIP Passenger Entitlement Apportionment is reduced by certain percentages, dependent upon the level of PFC received by the Airport Authority.

In accordance with the program, PFC revenue must be used to pay allowable costs for approved capital projects, contribute to the Airport Authority's noise mitigation (Quieter Home Program), or to repay debt service issued to build eligible capital projects. As of June 30, 2023, and 2022, accrued PFC receivables totaled \$7.0 million and \$4.2 million respectively, and there were \$105.6 million and \$61.4 million PFC amounts collected but not yet applied for approved capital projects as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

On May 20, 2003, the FAA approved an increase in the Airport Authority's PFC charge per enplaned passenger from \$3.00 to \$4.50, beginning August 2003. Currently, there are four active applications that allow the Airport Authority to impose and use \$1.2 billion in PFC revenue through April 2040.

The latest application was approved by the FAA in February 2019 (as amended in August 2020) providing collection authority with a charge effective date through April 2040. In accordance with the Aviation Investment Reform Act (AIR-21), airports imposing a \$4.50 collection level are required to reduce AIP Passenger Entitlement Apportionment to 75 percent.

Customer facility charges (CFC):

The Airport Authority received approval in May 2009 from the State of California under Section 1936 of the California Civil Code to impose a \$10.00 CFC per contract on rental cars at SDIA.

In accordance with the program, the CFC revenue must be used to pay allowable costs for approved capital projects and operate the related ground transportation system. The current CFC rate, which has been in effect since January 1, 2017, is \$9.00 per day for a maximum of five days. As of June 30, 2023, and 2022, accrued CFC receivables totaled

\$3.2 million and \$2.9 million, respectively. CFC amounts collected, including interest, but not yet applied for approved capital projects as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, were \$25.1 million, and \$25.0 million, respectively.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods and deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods, and as such will not be recognized as flows of resources (expenses/revenues) until then.

- Employer Contributions Pensions and OPEB– These contributions are those made after the measurement date through the fiscal year end (July 1st – June 30th) resulting in a cash outlay not yet recognized under GASB 68 or GASB 75. This amount is deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year. This item is presented as a deferred outflow of resources.
- Investment difference Pensions and OPEB

 These amounts represent the difference in projected and actual earnings on pension/
 OPEB plan assets. These differences are deferred and amortized over a closed five-year period. This item can be presented as both a deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources and is combined annually as a single net unamortized balance.
- Experience difference Pensions and OPEB

 These amounts represent the difference in expected and actual pension/OPEB
 experience. These differences are deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. This item can be presented as both a deferred outflow and deferred inflow of

resources but may not be shown net if there are unamortized balances for categories.

- Assumption changes Pensions and OPEB These amounts represent the difference resulting from a change in assumptions used to measure the underlying net pension/OPEB liability/asset. These differences are deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. This item can be presented as both a deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources but may not be shown net if there are unamortized balances for categories.
- Debt Refunding These amounts represent
 the gain or loss from the refunding of debt.
 These differences are deferred and recognized
 as interest expense in a systematic and
 rational manner over the remaining life of the
 old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever
 is shorter. This item can be presented as both
 a deferred outflow and deferred inflow of
 resources but may not be shown net if there
 are unamortized balances for categories.
- Leases Represents the initial value of lease receivable under GASB 87 and GASB 94 systematically reduced and recognized as lease revenue over the term of the lease.

CAPITAL, LEASE, AND SUBSCRIPTION ASSETS:

Capital assets are recorded at cost, except for capital assets contributed by third parties, which are recorded at acquisition value as of the date of acquisition. The Airport Authority capitalizes incremental overhead costs associated with the construction of capital assets. Capital assets are defined by the Airport Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an initial useful life of one year or greater.

Lease and subscription based technology assets are initially recorded as the sum of 1) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease or subscription liability, 2) lease for subscription NOTE 1.

NATURE OF ORGANIZATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the vendor at or before the commencement of the term, 3) initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into service. Lease and subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

The Airport Authority recognizes lessee-financed improvements as capital assets based upon the asset's estimated value at the time the asset reverts to the Airport Authority.

26 - SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 27

SECTION SECTION SECTION SECTION NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 27

NOTE 1.

Depreciation is computed by use of the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

NATURE OF ORGANIZATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (CONTINUED)

	Useful Life
Asset Category	(Years)
Land improvements	30-40
Runways, roadways and parking lots	
Lighting, security and minor improvements	3-10
Airfield and parking lots and improvements	12-25
Drainage systems, gas lines, pedestrian bridges	30
Roadways, bridges and infrastructure	40-50
Buildings and structures	
Passenger loading bridges, security systems, general upgrades and remodels	3-10
Baggage handling systems, HVAC, structural improvements, fuel and storage facility	12-20
Buildings and smart curb improvements	25-50
Machinery and equipment	
Vehicles and emergency vehicles	3-15
Office furniture and equipment	3-10
Communication and electronic systems	3-20
Works of art	15-30

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are expensed as incurred. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as construction in progress as projects are constructed. The Airport Authority no longer capitalizes interest due to the adoption of GASB 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period that eliminated the requirement to capitalize interest.

CAPITAL ASSET IMPAIRMENT: The Airport Authority's capital assets include property, equipment, and infrastructure assets. A capital asset is considered impaired if both the decline in service utility of the capital asset is large in magnitude and the event or change in circumstances is outside the normal life cycle of the capital asset. The Airport Authority evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. Common indicators of impairment include evidence of physical damage where restoration efforts are needed to restore service utility, enactment or approval of laws or regulations setting standards that the capital asset would not be able to meet,

technological development or evidence of obsolescence, a change in the manner or expected duration of use of a capital asset or construction stoppage. The Airport Authority reports the effects of capital asset impairments in its financial statements when they occur and accounts for insurance recoveries in the same manner. The Airport Authority's management has determined that no impairments of capital assets currently exist.

RETENTIONS PAYABLE: The Airport Authority enters into construction contracts that may include retention provisions such that a certain percentage of the contract amount is held for payment until completion of the contract and acceptance by the Airport Authority. The Airport Authority's policy is to record the retention payable only after completion of the work and acceptance of the contractor invoices have occurred. Retentions payable on completed contracts are included with accounts payable on the accompanying statements of net position. Amounts related to unpaid retentions on uncompleted contracts are included in accrued

COMPENSATED ABSENCES: All employees of the Airport Authority earn annual leave that is paid upon termination or retirement. Annual leave is accrued at current rates of compensation and based on assumptions concerning the probability that certain employees will become eligible to receive these benefits in the future.

BOND DISCOUNTS, PREMIUMS, AND ISSUANCE

COSTS: Bond discounts and premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the respective bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

AIRPORT AUTHORITY NET POSITION: Net

investment in capital assets consists of capital and lease assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets includes unspent debt proceeds.

Restricted net position represents amounts that are appropriated or legally segregated for a specific

purpose. The Airport Authority's net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use, either through the enabling

legislation adopted by the Airport Authority or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 includes designations of net position that represent tentative management plans that are subject to change, consisting of:

	2023	2022
Operating contingency	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000
Insurance contingency	13,839,942	13,121,946
Capital projects and other commitments	163,794	1,068,502
Total designated net position	\$ 16,003,736	\$ 16,190,448

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Airport Authority's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

REVENUE AND EXPENSE RECOGNITION:

Revenues from airlines, concessionaires, lessees, and parking are reported as operating revenues. Operating expenses include the cost of administering the airport system, including depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions and grants.

CONCENTRATIONS:

A significant portion of the Airport Authority's earnings and revenues are directly or indirectly attributed to the activity of a number of major airlines. The Airport Authority's earnings and revenues could be materially and adversely affected should any of these major airlines discontinue operations and should the Airport Authority be unable to replace those airlines with similar activity. The level of operations is determined based upon the relative share of enplaned passengers.

The five largest airlines in terms of enplaned passengers are as follows:

	2023	2022
Southwest Airlines	35.3%	34.1%
Alaska Airlines	16.4%	17.5%
Jnited Airlines	12.3%	13.1%
Delta Airlines	12.2%	12.4%
American Airlines	10.8%	12.4%

NOTE 1.

NATURE OF ORGANIZATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT **ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (CONTINUED)



NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 29

NOTE 1.

NATURE OF ORGANIZATION & SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN:

The Airport Authority has a single-employer defined benefit pension plan (Plan) administered through San Diego City Employee Retirement System (SDCERS). For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Additionally, the Airport Authority has a single-employer defined benefit preservation of benefit pension plan administered through SDCERS. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN:

The Airport Authority provides an agent multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment benefit plan (the OPEB Plan). The OPEB Plan funds are managed by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) under the California Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) fund. For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are

recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS ADOPTED:

The Airport Authority has adopted and implemented the following GASB statements during the year ended June 30, 2023:

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, effective for the Airport Authority's year ending June 30, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Arrangements*, effective for the Airport Authority's year ending June 30, 2023. Details of the restated balances are provided in Note 13.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, effective for the Airport Authority's year ending June 30, 2023. Details of the restated balances are provided in Note 13.

ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS ISSUED BUT NOT YET ADOPTED:

GASB has issued several pronouncements that may impact future financial presentations.

Management has not currently determined what, if any, impact implementation of the following statements may have on the financial statements of the Airport Authority:

GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes* and *Error Corrections*, effective for the Airport Authority's year ending June 30, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, effective for the Airport Authority's year ending June 30, 2025.

RECLASSIFICATIONS:

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2022 financial statements to conform to the 2023 presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on the changes in net position.



NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS:

Cash, cash equivalents and investments are reported in the accompanying statements of net position

CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS

as follows at June 30:	2022	2022
	2023	2022
Unrestricted and Undesignated:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 26,108,388	\$ 10,560,677
Current investments	306,492,307	238,734,707
Noncurrent investments	184,596,297	141,423,628
Total unrestricted and undesignated	517,196,992	390,719,012
Designated for specific capital projects and other		
commitments: cash and cash equivalents	99,002,685	50,449,426
Restricted:		
Current cash, cash equivalents and investments, with trustees	303,687,039	150,348,859
Noncurrent cash, cash equivalents and investments, not with trustees	202,552,633	154,568,287
Noncurrent cash, cash equivalents and investments, with trustees	1,232,265,747	2,025,521,963
Total restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	1,738,505,419	2,330,439,109
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 2,354,705,095	\$ 2,771,607,547

The components of restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments at June 30, are summarized below:

	2023	2022
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments:		
Bond reserves:		
Operation and maintenance reserve subaccount	\$ 46,342,596	\$ 45,410,666
Operation and maintenance subaccount	17,932,678	15,136,888
Renewal and replacement account	5,400,000	5,400,000
Total bonds reserves	69,675,274	65,947,554
Passenger facility charges unapplied	105,594,340	61,379,099
Customer facility charges unapplied	25,203,857	25,185,007
Small business development bond guarantee	2,222,300	2,222,300
2013 Series debt service account	167	163
2013 Series debt service reserve fund	63	38,018
2014 Renew and Replace	14,281,747	11,674,803
2014 Rolling coverage fund	7,312,430	7,217,003
2014 Series debt service account	14,280,456	14,065,605
2014 Series debt service reserve fund	22,286,987	22,143,752
2017 Series debt service account	12,458,985	12,125,293
2017 Series debt service reserve fund	14,937,220	14,759,099
2019 Series CAP Interest Fund	(48,285)	2,164,375
2019 Series Construction Fund	24,931,842	87,809,097
2019 Series Debt Services Account	17,330,104	13,318,441
2019 Series Debt Services Reserve Fund	29,650,952	29,230,025
2020 Series Debt Services	20,904,314	20,206,542
2020 Series Debt Services Reserve Fund	30,538,478	30,032,139
2021 Series CAP Interest Fund	167,474,239	241,585,184
2021 Series Construction Fund	1,025,900,425	1,544,293,820
2021 Series Cost of Issuance	-	21,961
2021 Series Debt Services Reserve Fund	110,509,757	108,528,789
2021 Series Revolving Construction Fund	1,017,524	993,764
2021Series Debt Services Account	22,042,241	15,497,275
Total restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 1,738,505,419	\$ 2,330,439,108

Investments authorized in accordance with California Government Code Section 53601 and under the provisions of the Airport Authority's investment policy: The table that follows identifies the investment types that are authorized by the Airport Authority's investment policy and State Government Code. The table also identifies certain provisions of the Airport Authority's investment

policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

This table does not address investments of bond proceeds held by the bond trustee that are governed by provisions of debt agreements of the Airport Authority, in addition to the general provisions of the Airport Authority's investment policy and State Government Code.

CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2.

		Minimum	Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Quality	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Requirements	of Portfolio	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury obligations	5 years	N/A	None	None
U.S. agency securities	5 years	N/A	None	None
Non-U.S. Securities	5 years	AA	30 percent	10 percent
Bankers' acceptances	180 days	AAA/Aaa	40 percent	5 percent
Commercial paper	270 days	A-1; P-1; F-1	25 percent	5 percent
Negotiable certificates of deposit	5 years	Α	30 percent	5 percent
Medium-term notes	5 years	Α	20 percent	5 percent
Money market mutual funds	N/A	AAA/Aaa	20 percent	5 percent
Repurchase agreements	1 year	Α	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	N/A	None	\$75 million
San Diego County Investment Pool	N/A	N/A	None	\$75 million
Local Government Investment Pool	N/A	N/A	None	\$75 million
U.S. State and California agency	5 years	Α	20 percent	5 percent
Placement service certificates of deposits	3 years	N/A	30 percent	5 percent
Time certificates of deposit	3 years	*	20 percent	5 percent
Bank deposits	N/A	*	None	None
Asset-Backed Securities	5 years	AA	10 Percent	5 percent
Mortgage Backed Securities	5 years	AA	10 Percent	5 percent
Mortgage Pass-through Securities	5 years	AA	10 Percent	5 percent
Collaterallized Mortgage Obligation	5 years	AA	10 Percent	5 percent

* Financial institution must have at least an overall satisfactory rating under the *Community Reinvestment Act* for meeting the credit needs of California communities in its most recent evaluation. Collateralization required per Cal. Gov. Code Section 53630 et seq.

INVESTMENT IN STATE INVESTMENT POOLS:

The Airport Authority is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The Airport Authority's investments in this pool are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value based upon the Airport Authority's pro rata share of the amortized cost basis provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of each portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF.

INVESTMENT IN COUNTY INVESTMENT POOL:

The Airport Authority is a voluntary participant in the San Diego County Investment Pool (SDCIP) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the County Treasurer of San Diego. The Airport Authority's investments in this pool are reported in the accompanying financial statements at fair value based upon the Airport Authority's pro rata share of the amortized cost basis provided by SDCIP for the entire SDCIP portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by SDCIP.

NOTE 2.

CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

INVESTMENTS AUTHORIZED BY DEBT AGREEMENTS:

Investments held by the bond trustee are governed by the provisions of the debt agreement, in addition to the general provisions of the California Government Code and the Airport Authority's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by the bond trustee,

according to the Master Trust Indenture. In the event of a conflict between the Airport Authority's investment policy and permitted investments associated with any Airport Authority debt issuance, the debt agreement shall control. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration of credit risk.

		Minimum	Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Quality	Percentage	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Requirements	of Portfolio	One Issuer
				_
U.S. Treasury obligations	None	N/A	None	None
U.S. agency securities	None	N/A	None	None
State Obligations	None	AAA/Aaa	None	None
Commercial paper	None	A-1; P-1; F-1	None	None
Negotiable certificates of deposit	None	AAA/Aaa	None	None
Long term and Medium-term notes	None	ratings	None	None
Money market mutual funds	None	ratings	None	None
Municipal bonds	None	ratings	None	None
Repurchase agreements	None	BBB*	None	None
Investment agreements	None	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	None	N/A	None	None
San Diego County Investment Pool	None	N/A	None	None
Deposit accounts	None	N/A	None	None

Any other investment which is a permitted investment of the Authority in accordance with the laws of the State. *Investment requires collateralization

The primary objective of the Airport Authority's investment policy is to invest public funds in a manner that will provide the highest security of the funds under management while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Airport Authority. Assets of the Airport Authority that are not bond proceeds, which are invested in securities as permitted in the bond indenture, are described in the preceding table. In addition, there are various credit criteria as defined in the Airport Authority's investment policy as depicted in the previous section entitled "Investments authorized in

INVESTMENTS HELD BY TRUSTEE:

Airport Authority's investment policy."

The Airport Authority has monies held by trustees

accordance with California Government Code

Section 53601 and under the provisions of the

pledged for the security and payment of certain debt instruments, the payment of bond interest during construction and the payment of capital project costs.

DISCLOSURES RELATED TO INTEREST RATE RISK:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, investments with longer maturities have greater fair value sensitivity to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways the Airport Authority manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter-term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities. These staggered maturities also provide consistent cash flow and fulfill liquidity needs for operations. The Airport Authority monitors interest rate risk inherent in its

portfolio by measuring the segmented time distribution of its portfolio. The Airport Authority has no specific limitations with respect to this metric.

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK (DEPOSITS):

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Airport Authority maintains deposits at several institutions in order to minimize custodial credit risk. These deposits are collateralized by various instruments such as U.S. government securities (guaranteed) or U.S. agency securities (government sponsored). California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by a state or local government by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Airport Authority deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured deposits.

Insurance through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) may be applicable to the first \$250,000 of institutional deposit accounts, with any balance above this amount covered by the collateralization requirement. Certificates of deposit held by the Airport Authority's third-party custodians are fully insured by the FDIC, as the individual amounts do not exceed the FDIC-insured limits or are collateralized in accordance with the California Government Code.

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK (INVESTMENTS):

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that the Airport Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments in the event of a counterparty failure. The Airport Authority uses third-party banks' custody and safekeeping services for its registered investment securities. Securities are held in custody at third-party banks registered in the name of the Airport Authority and are segregated from securities owned by those institutions or held in custody by those institutions.

DISCLOSURES RELATED TO CREDIT RISK:

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of an investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. California Government Code Section 53601 (as referenced previously in this note) limits the types of investment instruments that may be purchased by the Airport Authority.

NOTE 2.

CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)



NOTE 2. The maturity ranges and credit ratings for the Airport Authority's investment securities as of June 30 are presented in the following tables:

CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

		2023									
			Investm	ent Maturities (in Ye	ears)						
Investment Type		Total	0-1	1-2	2-5	Ratings					
Investments subject to credit and											
interest rate risk:											
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	305,723,741	39,870,579	61,119,416	204,733,746	AA+					
U.S. Agency securities		154,823,563	56,917,351	67,553,552	30,352,660	AA+					
U.S. Agency securities		15,421,257	11,719,819	-	3,701,438	A-1+					
U.S. Agency securities		7,293,225	-	2,358,375	4,934,850	NR					
Non-U.S. Securities		9,902,300	-	9,902,300	-	AAA					
Non-U.S. Securities		10,310,335	-	10,310,335	-	Α					
Medium-term notes		4,812,950	-	-	4,812,950	AAA					
Medium-term notes		4,897,650	4,897,650	-	-	AA+					
Medium-term notes		19,603,915	9,872,900	-	9,731,015	AA					
Medium-term notes		6,968,290	6,968,290	-	-	AA-					
Medium-term notes		29,170,415	11,405,815	12,018,100	5,746,500	A+					
Medium-term notes		47,398,205	20,054,835	11,425,350	15,918,020	Α					
Medium-term notes		6,585,190	4,793,650	-	1,791,540	A-					
Municipal Bonds		2,458,450	-	-	2,458,450	AA+					
Negotiable Certificates of deposit		2,222,300	2,222,300	-	-	Not rated					
Money market mutual funds		303,965,395	303,965,395	-	-	AAA					
Local Agency Investment Fund		302,888,305	302,888,305	-	-	Not rated					
San Diego County Investment Pool		285,514,584	285,514,584	-	-	AAA					
San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury		767,276,409	767,276,409	-	-	AAA					
CalTrust Fund		16,835,121	16,835,121	-	-	AA					
CalTrust Fund		16,220,619	16,220,619	-	-	A+					
Total investments subject to											
credit and interest rate risk:		2,320,292,218	1,861,423,622	174,687,428	284,181,168						
Total Investments	\$ 2	2,320,292,218									



NOTE 2.

CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

	2022									
		Investme	ent Maturities (in Y	ears)						
	Total	0-1	1-2	2-5	Ratings					
\$	231,211,065	57,730,410	27,133,119	146,347,536	AA+					
	97,162,627	27,422,110	51,463,229	18,277,289	AA+					
	5,197,610	-	-	5,197,610	AAA					
	9,139,850	-	-	9,139,850	Α					
	11,629,780	3,894,940	4,754,000	2,980,840	AA					
	17,067,595	4,982,730	3,997,440	8,087,425	A+					
	30,961,940	5,498,750	10,962,010	14,501,180	Α					
	1,878,420	-	-	1,878,420	A-					
	5,988,440	1,988,440	-	4,000,000	AA+					
	5,682,140	-	-	5,682,140	AA-					
	4,908,300	-	4,908,300	-	AA+					
	2,222,300	2,222,300	-	-	Not rated					
	150,481,793	150,481,793	-	-	Not rated					
	349,923,926	349,923,926	-	-	Not rated					
	423,896,690	423,896,690	-	-	AAA					
	1,373,116,904	1,373,116,904			AAA					
	16,298,735	16,298,735	-	-	AA					
	16,090,945	16,090,945			A+					
	2,752,859,060	2,433,548,673	103,218,097	216,092,290						
<u></u>	2 752 850 060									
<u></u>	2,752,859,060									
		\$ 231,211,065 97,162,627 5,197,610 9,139,850 11,629,780 17,067,595 30,961,940 1,878,420 5,988,440 5,682,140 4,908,300 2,222,300 150,481,793 349,923,926 423,896,690 1,373,116,904 16,298,735	Total 0-1 \$ 231,211,065 57,730,410 97,162,627 27,422,110 5,197,610 - 9,139,850 - 11,629,780 3,894,940 17,067,595 4,982,730 30,961,940 5,498,750 1,878,420 - 5,988,440 1,988,440 5,682,140 - 4,908,300 - 2,222,300 2,222,300 150,481,793 150,481,793 349,923,926 423,896,690 1,373,116,904 1,373,116,904 16,298,735 16,298,735 16,090,945 16,090,945	Investment Maturities (in Year Total 0-1 1-2 1-2 \$ 231,211,065 57,730,410 27,133,119 97,162,627 27,422,110 51,463,229 5,197,610 -	Investment Maturities (in Years) Total 0-1 1-2 2-5					

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK:

The investment policy of the Airport Authority contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested by any one issuer beyond that stated in the table provided earlier in this note. The Airport Authority requires a diversified investment portfolio to avoid risk of losses resulting from an over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, issuer, or class of securities. The Airport Authority had no concentrations of credit risk at June 30, 2023, and 2022.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK:

The Airport Authority's investment policy does not allow investments in foreign securities.

FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active;

can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities little or no market activity and are

or other inputs that are observable or

Level 3 Unobservable inputs supported by significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

NOTE 2. **RECURRING MEASUREMENTS**

CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying financial statements measured at the fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2023 and 2022:

Non-U.S. Securities 177,538,044 94,277,252 83,260,793 - 177,538,044 94,277,252 83,260,793 - 177,538,044 94,277,252 83,260,793 - 177,538,044 94,277,252 83,260,793 - 177,538,044 94,277,252 83,260,793 - 177,538,044 94,277,252 83,260,793 - 17,278,385 -	June 30, 2023	Fair Value		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		U	Significant Inobservable Inputs (Level 3)
U.S. agency securities 177,538,044 94,277,252 83,260,793 - Non-U.S. Securities 20,212,635 4,934,250 15,278,385 - Negotiable certificates of deposit 2,222,300 - 2,222,300 - Municipal Bonds 2,458,450 - 2,458,450 - Medium-term notes 119,436,615 67,113,975 52,322,640 - Total investments by fair value level 627,591,785 \$ 467,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ Investments measured at amortized cost Money market mutual funds 303,965,395 Investments measured at net asset value CalTrust Fund 33,055,740 Local Agency Investment Fund 302,888,305 San Diego County Investment Pool 285,514,584 San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury Total investments 767,276,409 Total investments 2,320,292,218	3	.	205 722 744	.	200 022 044	+	4 000 000	.	
Non-U.S. Securities 20,212,635 4,934,250 15,278,385 - Negotiable certificates of deposit 2,222,300 - 2,222,300 - Municipal Bonds 2,458,450 - 2,458,450 - Medium-term notes 119,436,615 67,113,975 52,322,640 - Total investments by fair value level 627,591,785 \$ 467,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ Investments measured at amortized cost Money market mutual funds 303,965,395 * * Investments measured at net asset value CalTrust Fund 33,055,740 * * Local Agency Investment Fund San Diego County Investment Pool 285,514,584 * * San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury Total investments 767,276,409 * 2,320,292,218		\$		\$		\$		\$	-
Negotiable certificates of deposit Municipal Bonds Addium-term notes Total investments by fair value level Investments measured at amortized cost Money market mutual funds Investments measured at net asset value CalTrust Fund Local Agency Investment Pool San Diego County Investment Pool San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury Total investments 2,222,300 - 2,458,450 - 2,458,450 - 2,458,450 - 2,458,450 - 3,7591,785 467,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 2,458,450 - 467,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 2,458,450 - 467,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 2,320,292,218	-								-
Municipal Bonds 2,458,450 - 2,458,450 - 1 2,458,450 -			20,212,635		4,934,250		15,278,385		-
Medium-term notes Total investments by fair value level Investments measured at amortized cost Money market mutual funds Investments measured at net asset value CalTrust Fund Local Agency Investment Fund San Diego County Investment Pool San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury Total investments 119,436,615 67,113,975 \$ 52,322,640 - 467,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 180,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 190,436,615 67,113,975 67,113	Negotiable certificates of deposit		2,222,300		-		2,222,300		-
Total investments by fair value level Investments measured at amortized cost Money market mutual funds Investments measured at net asset value CalTrust Fund Local Agency Investment Fund San Diego County Investment Pool San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury Total investments \$ 467,159,417 \$ 160,432,368 \$ - 160,432,48 \$ - 160,432,48 \$ - 160,432,48 \$ - 160,432,48 \$ - 160,432,48 \$ - 160,432,48 \$	Municipal Bonds		2,458,450		-		2,458,450		-
Investments measured at amortized cost Money market mutual funds Investments measured at net asset value CalTrust Fund Local Agency Investment Fund San Diego County Investment Pool Total investments 303,965,395 333,055,740 202,888,305 285,514,584 285,514,584 287,276,409 302,888,305 287,276,409 303,965,395 303,965,395 303,965,	Medium-term notes		119,436,615		67,113,975		52,322,640		-
Money market mutual funds Investments measured at net asset value CalTrust Fund Local Agency Investment Fund San Diego County Investment Pool San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury Total investments 303,965,395 33,055,740 202,888,305 203,965,395 303,965,395 303,965,395	Total investments by fair value level		627,591,785	\$	467,159,417	\$	160,432,368	\$	-
Investments measured at net asset value CalTrust Fund Local Agency Investment Fund San Diego County Investment Pool San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury Total investments 33,055,740 285,514,584 285,514,584 52,320,292,218	Investments measured at amortized cost								
CalTrust Fund 33,055,740 Local Agency Investment Fund 302,888,305 San Diego County Investment Pool 285,514,584 San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury 767,276,409 Total investments \$2,320,292,218	Money market mutual funds		303,965,395						
Local Agency Investment Fund San Diego County Investment Pool San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury Total investments 302,888,305 285,514,584 767,276,409 \$ 2,320,292,218	Investments measured at net asset value								
San Diego County Investment Pool 285,514,584 San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury 767,276,409 Total investments \$ 2,320,292,218	CalTrust Fund		33,055,740						
San Diego County Investment Pool 285,514,584 San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury 767,276,409 Total investments \$ 2,320,292,218	Local Agency Investment Fund		302,888,305						
San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury Total investments 767,276,409 \$ 2,320,292,218			285,514,584						
Total investments \$ 2,320,292,218									
		\$							
()uoted Prices in				Οı	uoted Prices in				
Active Markets Significant Other Significant				-		Sic	nificant Other		Significant

June 30, 2022		Fair Value	A	oted Prices in ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	_	nificant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Inobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by fair value level U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	231,211,065	\$	231,211,065	\$	_	\$	_
U.S. agency securities	Ψ	97,162,627	Ψ	231,211,003	Ψ	97,162,627	Ψ	_
Non-U.S. Securities		14,337,460		14,337,460		-		-
Negotiable certificates of deposit		2,222,300		-		2,222,300		-
Municipal Bonds		4,908,300		-		4,908,300		-
Medium-term notes		73,208,315		-		73,208,315		-
Total investments by fair value level		423,050,067	\$	245,548,525	\$	177,501,542	\$	
Investments measured at amortized cost Money market mutual funds Investments measured at net asset value		150,481,793						
CalTrust Fund		32,389,680						
Local Agency Investment Fund		349,923,926						
San Diego County Investment Pool		423,896,690						
San Diego County Inv. Pool-Treasury Total investments	\$	1,373,116,904 2,752,859,060						

LEASE RECEIVABLE

The Airport Authority leases a portion of its property to various third parties who use the space to conduct their operations on the Airport grounds, the terms of which expire 2024 through 2046. The measurement of the lease receivable is based on the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term, such as fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or rate, variable payments that are fixed in substance, residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance, and any lease incentives payable to the lessee. A number of leases have a maximum possible term of 12 months (or less), including options to extend, regardless of their probability of being exercised. Those payments are recognized as inflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the lease contracts and are therefore excluded from the schedule in this section.

Concession lease receivables for space within the terminals are typically based on the minimum annual guarantee plus a minimum 3 percent annual escalation, less rent holidays. As of June 30, 2023, there are 62 terminal food services and retail concession locations open.

The Airport Authority's CFC revenues and Bonds funded construction of the Rental Car Center facility (RCC), which was completed and placed in service on January 20, 2016. The RCC facility sits on 24.85 acres of land and houses all the major and many small operator rental car tenants. The land rent leases for the RCC commenced on the opening date of the facility and are non-cancellable. Once the Bonds are repaid or defeased, in addition to land rent, the rental car operators will also pay facility rent.

Various other leasing arrangements are in place for Airport Authority owned buildings, ground, and support spaces. Payments for these leases are generally based on total square footage being leased and an established rate, with periodic increases based on the Consumer Price Index. Short-term lease payments are recognized as inflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the lease contract and are therefore not included in the lease receivable balances below.

The Airport Authority is party to a lease-leaseback transaction with the Port of San Diego. The lessor and lessee transactions have been netted in accordance with GASB 87, therefore the resulting balance is not included in the lease receivable figure below.

The Airport Authority reports leases receivable with a carrying amount of \$168.0 million and \$193.3 million as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$147.9 million and \$168.1 million as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, related to these agreements. The deferred inflow of resources will be recognized as revenue over the terms of the agreements.

Revenue recognized under lease contracts during the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, was \$25.7 million and \$23.7 million, respectively, which includes both lease revenue and interest. The Airport recognized lease revenue of \$13.4 million and \$7.8 million, for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, for variable payments not previously included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

NOTE 3.

LEASES & PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS



38 - SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 39

SECTION

NOTE 3. The following is a schedule by year of minimum payments to be received under the Airport Authority's leases that are included in the measurement of the lease receivable as of June 30, 2023:

LEASES & PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS(CONTINUED)

Years Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total
2024	\$ 21,579,230	\$	4,940,854	\$ 26,520,084
2025	12,684,623		4,406,985	17,091,608
2026	11,804,674		4,167,455	15,972,129
2027	10,934,570		3,931,931	14,866,501
2028	8,373,048		3,747,767	12,120,815
2029 - 2033	29,180,673		16,255,267	45,435,940
2034 - 2038	24,521,597		11,757,652	36,279,249
2039 - 2043	28,828,387		6,742,530	35,570,917
2044 - 2046	20,132,977		1,209,573	21,342,550
Total	\$ 168,039,779	\$	57,160,014	\$ 225,199,793

REGULATED LEASES

The Airport Authority leases a portion of its property to air carriers and other aeronautical users, whose leases meet the definition of a regulated lease as defined in GASB 87, and therefore are only subject to the disclosure requirements. The terms of the regulated leases expire 2024 through 2033.

Certain capital assets, such as loading bridges, airfield, and building space are leased to airlines as part of the Airport Authority's Airline Operating Lease Agreement (AOLA). On July 1, 2019, the Airport Authority entered into the current ten-year AOLA with passenger airlines and cargo carriers operating at SDIA. The AOLAs cover the use of and rate-setting mechanisms for the airfield and terminal facilities at SDIA. Under the terms of the AOLA, landing fees and aircraft parking fees are calculated based on a residual rate-setting methodology, in which all costs of the facility and services are recovered from the airlines, and the airlines assume the financial risk. Terminal rental rates are based on a compensatory rate-setting methodology, in which the airlines each pay for only the actual cost of facilities and services they use; financial risk and control is assumed by the airport. The AOLA also includes signatory and non-

signatory rate structures. Air Carriers that signed a non-signatory agreement are charged a 120 percent premium on all signatory rates, fees, and charges, except for the Federal Inspection Services fee, which all airlines pay the same rate for use of the immigration and customs facilities. Signatory carriers are required to pay a minimum amount each year (\$500,000 for passenger carriers, and \$250,000 for cargo carriers). The agreement has no provisions that grant the airlines direct approval rights over capital projects, with the limited exception of certain transportation projects that exceed a \$350 million threshold, as defined in the AOLA. It also allows flexibility to meet the demands of changing airline activity and to accommodate new entrant carriers. Terms of the new agreement financially support execution of the New Terminal 1, formerly referred to as the Airport Development Program. The Airport Authority does provide for preferential or exclusive use of certain assets to air carriers. As of June 30, 2023, 45 of the 59 terminal and cargo aircraft parking positions were subject to preferential use and 99,070 square feet of the 443,194 square feet of airline designated space was subject to exclusive use. As of June 30, 2022, 45 of the 60 terminal and cargo aircraft parking positions were subject to preferential use and 97,350 square feet of the 437,071 square feet of airline designated space was subject to exclusive use.

The Airline Support Building (ASB) is an Airport Authority facility leased by carriers to process belly cargo. A portion of the lease payments increase annually based on CPI. Substantially all buildings and improvements in these leases are for the exclusive use of the four airline tenants.

The Airport Authority recognized fixed revenue under regulated lease contracts of \$10.6 million and \$18.5 million for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. Variable lease revenue not previously included in the future minimum payments under its regulated leases were \$182.5 million and \$141.0 million, for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

The following is a schedule by year of expected future minimum payments to be received under the Airports regulated leases as of June 30, 2023:

Years Ending June 30,	Total Future				
2024	\$	8,738,494			
2025		8,999,654			
2026		9,270,656			
2027		9,551,937			
2028		9,843,950			
2029 - 2033		15,665,422			
Total	\$	62,070,113			

PUBLIC-PRIVATE AND PUBLIC-**PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS**

The Airport Authority has entered into various public-private partnership arrangements that meet the definition of a service concession arrangement in which the operators will operate and maintain the Airport Authority's assets for terms of which expire 2024 through 2050. At the end of the arrangements, operations will be transferred to the Airport Authority. The measurement of the related public-private partnership (PPP) receivable is based on the present value of future payments expected to be received during the PPP term, such as fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or rate, variable payments that are fixed in substance, residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance, and any PPP incentives payable to the operator.

Signature Flight Support is the exclusive lessee of the Fixed Base Operator (FBO) leasehold at SDIA, with their lease expiring April 30, 2049. Ground rent at the FBO increases annually based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) but cannot drop below the base rent escalation. Substantially all buildings and improvements in this lease are for exclusive use of this tenant and transfer to the Airport Authority at the end of the agreement.

SAN Fuel Company, LLC has a 30-year lease agreement to operate and maintain the fuel facilities at SDIA, which expires May 31, 2050. In addition, the agreement provides for the construction of fuel storage tanks, airlines fueling operations facility (AFO) and a hydrant fuel system for Terminals 1 and 2. Construction of the fuel storage tanks and AFO were completed in fiscal year 2023. The hydrant fuel system will be completed and placed into service upon the completion of the New Terminal 1. All assets constructed are owned by the Airport Authority. Payments for the ground portion of this lease increase every five years, starting in 2025, based on CPI. Substantially all buildings and improvements in this lease are for the exclusive use of this tenant.

The Airport Authority reports partnership leases receivable with a carrying amount of \$138.5 million and \$138.2 million as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, and a deferred inflow of resources in the amount of \$225.8 million and \$195.5 million as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, related to these agreements. The deferred inflow of resources will be recognized as revenue over the terms of the agreements. Revenue recognized under the PPP arrangements during fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, was \$10.1 million and \$9.0 million, respectively, which includes both PPP revenue and interest.

NOTE 3.

LEASES & PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule by year of minimum payments to be received under the Airport Authority's Public-Private Partnerships that are included in the measurement of the lease receivable as of June 30, 2023:

Principal		Interest		Total
\$ 3,281,883	\$	4,877,678	\$	8,159,561
3,400,613		4,758,949		8,159,562
3,523,638		4,635,924		8,159,562
3,651,113		4,508,449		8,159,562
3,783,200		4,376,362		8,159,562
21,070,741		19,727,069		40,797,810
25,168,076		15,629,734		40,797,810
30,062,163		10,735,647		40,797,810
35,907,935		4,889,875		40,797,810
8,693,602		212,949		8,906,551
\$ 138,542,964	\$	74,352,636	\$	212,895,600
	\$ 3,281,883 3,400,613 3,523,638 3,651,113 3,783,200 21,070,741 25,168,076 30,062,163 35,907,935 8,693,602	\$ 3,281,883 \$ 3,400,613 \$ 3,523,638 \$ 3,651,113 \$ 3,783,200 \$ 21,070,741 \$ 25,168,076 \$ 30,062,163 \$ 35,907,935 \$ 8,693,602	\$ 3,281,883 \$ 4,877,678 3,400,613 4,758,949 3,523,638 4,635,924 3,651,113 4,508,449 3,783,200 4,376,362 21,070,741 19,727,069 25,168,076 15,629,734 30,062,163 10,735,647 35,907,935 4,889,875 8,693,602 212,949	\$ 3,281,883 \$ 4,877,678 \$ 3,400,613 4,758,949 3,523,638 4,635,924 3,651,113 4,508,449 3,783,200 4,376,362 21,070,741 19,727,069 25,168,076 15,629,734 30,062,163 10,735,647 35,907,935 4,889,875 8,693,602 212,949

NOTE RECEIVABLE

NOTE 4. As part of the transfer of airport operations from the District to the Airport Authority, and pursuant to the associated MOU, the District issued a \$50.0 million unsecured promissory note to the Airport Authority. According to an agreement with the District that commenced on January 1, 2006, the note will be amortized over 25 years, maturing on December 31, 2030. The note is subordinate to all bond indebtedness of the District and carried a rate of 5.5 percent per annum through October 31, 2021. An amendment to that agreement reduced the rate to 3.6 percent per annum, effective November 1, 2021, reducing the monthly per annum through June 30, 2026. At June 30, 2023,

of the note receivable was \$22.3 million and \$24.8 million, respectively.

As part of the contracts to lease space in the Airline Support Building (ASB), tenants were given the option to issue a note receivable to the Airport Authority in order to fund tenant improvements to their space. Four airlines and one non-airline tenant exercised this option and issued notes for a combined total of \$13.4 million commencing July 1, 2021, for a period of 5 years carrying the estimated thirty-year revenue bond index rate of 2.5 percent payment. At June 30, 2023, and 2022, the balance the balance of the notes receivable was \$7.1 million.

The required principal payments owed from the District and ASB notes receivable for the fiscal years ending June 30 are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	ASB	District	Total
2024	\$ 2,292,350	\$ 2,634,469	\$ 4,926,819
2025	2,360,158	2,731,707	5,091,866
2026	2,429,662	2,832,535	5,262,197
2027	-	2,937,084	2,937,084
2028	-	3,045,492	3,045,492
2029 - 2031		8,114,638	8,114,638
Total	\$ 7,082,170	\$ 22,295,923	\$ 29,378,094

NOTE 5.

CAPITAL & LEASE ASSETS

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 amounted to \$131.6 million and \$142.0 million, respectively. While the additions to accumulated depreciation balance as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, was

\$133.2 million and \$143.6 million, respectively. The variance is due to GASB 87 adjustments to accumulated depreciation for CIP projects.

NOTE 5.

CAPITAL AND LEASE ASSETS

	Balance at July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2023
Nondepreciable assets and leases:				
Land	\$ 22,167,594	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,167,594
Land - right-to-use lease asset	224,989,986	-	-	224,989,986
Construction in progress	578,124,720	621,296,376	(54,063,403)	1,145,357,693
Intangible asset	440,000	-	-	440,000
Total nondepreciable assets and leases	825,722,301	621,296,376	(54,063,403)	1,392,955,274
Depreciable assets and leases:				
Land improvements	160,111,604	-	-	160,111,604
Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets	13,313,911	<u>-</u>	-	13,313,911
Buildings and structures	1,823,029,725	63,901,385	(3,213,969)	1,883,717,140
Machinery and equipment	124,708,399	14,506,699	(12,858)	139,202,241
Right-to-use subscription assets	464,378	-	-	464,378
Runways, roads and parking lots	637,019,738	-	(6,441,991)	630,577,748
Total capital and lease assets being depreciated/amortized	2,758,647,755	78,408,084	(9,668,818)	2,827,387,021
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:				
Land improvements	(50,707,793)	(6,829,814)		(57,537,607)
Building and structures	(832,118,062)	(82,396,336)		(911,278,157)
Right-to-use lease assets	(11,275,961)	(6,483,298)		(17,759,259)
Right-to-use subscription assets	(92,876)	(92,876)		(185,751)
Machinery and equipment	(87,898,380)	(10,678,418)		(98,563,939)
Runways, roads and parking lots	(318,166,349)	(26,681,289)		(339,162,538)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,300,259,420)	(133,162,031)		(1,424,487,252)
Total capital and lease assets being depreciated/amortized, net	1,458,388,335	(54,753,948)		1,402,899,769
Capital and lease assets, net	\$ 2,284,110,636	\$ 566,542,428	\$ (54,798,021)	\$ 2,795,855,043
	Ralance at			Ralance at
	Balance at	Increases	Decreases	Balance at
Nondepreciable assets and leases:	July 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2022
Nondepreciable assets and leases:	July 1, 2021			June 30, 2022
Land	July 1, 2021 \$ 22,167,594		Decreases -	June 30, 2022 \$ 22,167,594
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset	July 1, 2021 \$ 22,167,594 224,989,986	\$ -	\$ - -	June 30, 2022 \$ 22,167,594 224,989,986
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress	July 1, 2021 \$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868			June 30, 2022 \$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset	July 1, 2021 \$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000	\$ - - 377,043,444 -	\$ - (47,457,592) -	June 30, 2022 \$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases	July 1, 2021 \$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868	\$ -	\$ - -	June 30, 2022 \$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases:	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449	\$ - - 377,043,444 -	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592)	June 30, 2022 \$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750	\$ - - 377,043,444 -	\$ - (47,457,592) -	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - -	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) -	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911 1,885,767,510	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - - 19,693,720	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) - (82,431,505)	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - - 19,693,720 6,130,853	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) -	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725 124,708,399
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Right-to-use subscription assets	July 1, 2021 \$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911 1,885,767,510 122,982,559	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - - - 19,693,720 6,130,853 464,378	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) - (82,431,505) (4,405,013) -	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725 124,708,399 464,378
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Right-to-use subscription assets Runways, roads and parking lots	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911 1,885,767,510 122,982,559 - 719,974,821	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 19,693,720 6,130,853 464,378 18,769,256	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) - (82,431,505) (4,405,013) - (101,724,339)	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725 124,708,399 464,378 637,019,738
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Right-to-use subscription assets Runways, roads and parking lots Total capital and lease assets being depreciated/amortized	July 1, 2021 \$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911 1,885,767,510 122,982,559	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - - - 19,693,720 6,130,853 464,378	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) - (82,431,505) (4,405,013) -	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725 124,708,399 464,378
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Right-to-use subscription assets Runways, roads and parking lots Total capital and lease assets being depreciated/amortized Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911 1,885,767,510 122,982,559 - 719,974,821 2,905,809,551	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 19,693,720 6,130,853 464,378 18,769,256 45,058,207	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) - (82,431,505) (4,405,013) - (101,724,339) (192,220,003)	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725 124,708,399 464,378 637,019,738 2,758,647,755
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Right-to-use subscription assets Runways, roads and parking lots Total capital and lease assets being depreciated/amortized Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for: Land improvements	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911 1,885,767,510 122,982,559 - 719,974,821 2,905,809,551 (45,475,582)	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 19,693,720 6,130,853 464,378 18,769,256 45,058,207 (10,384,845)	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) - (82,431,505) (4,405,013) - (101,724,339) (192,220,003) 5,152,634	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725 124,708,399 464,378 637,019,738 2,758,647,755 (50,707,793)
Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Right-to-use subscription assets Runways, roads and parking lots Total capital and lease assets being depreciated/amortized Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for: Land improvements Building and structures	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911 1,885,767,510 122,982,559 - 719,974,821 2,905,809,551 (45,475,582) (824,007,617)	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 19,693,720 6,130,853 464,378 18,769,256 45,058,207 (10,384,845) (83,738,691)	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) - (82,431,505) (4,405,013) - (101,724,339) (192,220,003)	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725 124,708,399 464,378 637,019,738 2,758,647,755 (50,707,793) (832,118,062)
Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Right-to-use subscription assets Runways, roads and parking lots Total capital and lease assets being depreciated/amortized Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for: Land improvements Building and structures Right-to-use lease assets	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911 1,885,767,510 122,982,559 - 719,974,821 2,905,809,551 (45,475,582)	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 19,693,720 6,130,853 464,378 18,769,256 45,058,207 (10,384,845) (83,738,691) (6,483,298)	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) - (82,431,505) (4,405,013) - (101,724,339) (192,220,003) 5,152,634	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725 124,708,399 464,378 637,019,738 2,758,647,755 (50,707,793) (832,118,062) (11,275,961)
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Right-to-use subscription assets Runways, roads and parking lots Total capital and lease assets being depreciated/amortized Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for: Land improvements Building and structures Right-to-use lease assets Right-to-use subscription assets	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911 1,885,767,510 122,982,559 - 719,974,821 2,905,809,551 (45,475,582) (824,007,617) (4,792,663)	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 19,693,720 6,130,853 464,378 18,769,256 45,058,207 (10,384,845) (83,738,691) (6,483,298) (92,876)	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) - (82,431,505) (4,405,013) - (101,724,339) (192,220,003) 5,152,634 75,628,246	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725 124,708,399 464,378 637,019,738 2,758,647,755 (50,707,793) (832,118,062) (11,275,961) (92,876)
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Right-to-use subscription assets Runways, roads and parking lots Total capital and lease assets being depreciated/amortized Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for: Land improvements Building and structures Right-to-use lease assets Right-to-use subscription assets Machinery and equipment	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911 1,885,767,510 122,982,559 - 719,974,821 2,905,809,551 (45,475,582) (824,007,617) (4,792,663) - (80,936,062)	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 19,693,720 6,130,853 464,378 18,769,256 45,058,207 (10,384,845) (83,738,691) (6,483,298) (92,876) (11,309,899)	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) - (3,659,146) - (82,431,505) (4,405,013) - (101,724,339) (192,220,003) - 5,152,634 75,628,246 4,347,581	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725 124,708,399 464,378 637,019,738 2,758,647,755 (50,707,793) (832,118,062) (11,275,961) (92,876) (87,898,380)
Land Land - right-to-use lease asset Construction in progress Intangible asset Total nondepreciable assets and leases Depreciable assets and leases: Land improvements Land improvements - right-to-use lease assets Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Right-to-use subscription assets Runways, roads and parking lots Total capital and lease assets being depreciated/amortized Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for: Land improvements Building and structures Right-to-use lease assets Right-to-use subscription assets	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 248,538,868 440,000 496,136,449 163,770,750 13,313,911 1,885,767,510 122,982,559 - 719,974,821 2,905,809,551 (45,475,582) (824,007,617) (4,792,663)	\$ - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 377,043,444 - 19,693,720 6,130,853 464,378 18,769,256 45,058,207 (10,384,845) (83,738,691) (6,483,298) (92,876)	\$ - (47,457,592) - (47,457,592) (3,659,146) - (82,431,505) (4,405,013) - (101,724,339) (192,220,003) 5,152,634 75,628,246	\$ 22,167,594 224,989,986 578,124,720 440,000 825,722,301 160,111,604 13,313,911 1,823,029,725 124,708,399 464,378 637,019,738 2,758,647,755 (50,707,793) (832,118,062) (11,275,961) (92,876)

1,567,086,586

(98,529,154)

\$ 2,063,223,035 \$ 278,514,290 \$ (57,626,689) \$ 2,284,110,636

(10,169,097) 1,458,388,335

Note: Fiscal year 2022 amounts have been restated for GASB 94 & GASB 96.

Capital and lease assets, net

Total capital and lease assets being depreciated/amortized, net

FINANCIAL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 42 - SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 43

NOTE 6. The following is a summary of changes in the long-term liability activity for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022:

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Principal			Principal	
	Balance at	Additions /New	Reductions/	Balance at	Due Within
	June 30, 2022	Issuances Repayments		June 30, 2023	One Year
Variable Rate Debt					
Revolving LOC	\$ 80,100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,100,000	\$ -
Total variable rate debt	80,100,000	-	-	80,100,000	-
Bonds payable:					
Series 2014 Bonds	282,005,000	-	(6,320,000)	275,685,000	6,670,000
Series 2017 Bonds	271,915,000	-	(5,320,000)	266,595,000	5,585,000
Series 2019 Bonds	459,025,000	-	(4,440,000)	454,585,000	6,095,000
Series 2020 Bonds	226,995,000	-	(14,520,000)	212,475,000	15,240,000
Series 2021 Bonds	1,941,745,000	-	(9,760,000)	1,931,985,000	16,465,000
Bond premiums	486,158,691	-	(26,690,100)	459,468,592	-
Total bonds payable	3,667,843,691	-	(67,050,100)	3,600,793,592	50,055,000
Lease Liabilities	232,419,082	-	(3,471,838)	228,947,243	3,561,593
Subscription Liabilities	347,785	-	(114,486)	233,299	115,922
Note Payable - CRDC	5,878,682	-	(354,139)	5,524,543	387,928
Total debt obligations	3,753,822,373	-	(67,404,238)	3,686,418,135	50,442,928
Compensated absences	5,054,078	3,791,186	(3,750,893)	5,094,372	3,750,891
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 3,758,876,452	\$ 3,791,186	\$ (71,155,131)	\$ 3,691,512,507	\$ 54,193,819

Note: Fiscal year 2022 amounts have been restated for GASB 94 & GASB 96.

	Principal			Principal				
	Balance at	Additions /New	Reductions/	tions/ Balance at		Due Within		
	June 30, 2021	Issuances	Repayments	June 30, 2022		payments June 30, 2022 C		One Year
Variable Rate Debt								
Revolving LOC	\$ -	\$ 80,100,000	\$ -	\$ 80,100,000	\$	-		
Total variable rate debt	-	80,100,000	-	80,100,000		-		
Bonds payable:								
Series 2013 Bonds	360,825,000	-	(360,825,000)	-		-		
Series 2014 Bonds	288,095,000	-	(6,090,000)	282,005,000		6,120,000		
Series 2017 Bonds	276,985,000	-	(5,070,000)	271,915,000		5,320,000		
Series 2019 Bonds	462,445,000	-	(3,420,000)	459,025,000		4,440,000		
Series 2020 Bonds	240,820,000	-	(13,825,000)	226,995,000		14,520,000		
Series 2021 Bonds	-	1,941,745,000	-	1,941,745,000		9,760,000		
Bond premiums	206,427,883	332,380,831	(52,650,023)	486,158,691				
Total bonds payable	1,835,597,883	2,274,125,831	(441,880,023)	3,667,843,691		40,160,000		
Lease Liabilities	235,804,038	-	(3,384,956)	232,419,082		3,471,838		
Subscription Liabilities	464,378	-	(116,594)	347,785		114,486		
Note Payable - CRDC	6,201,975	-	(323,293)	5,878,682		323,293		
Total debt obligations	1,841,799,858	2,354,225,831	(442,203,316)	3,753,822,373		40,483,293		
Compensated absences	4,761,943	292,136	-	5,054,078		3,264,966		
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 1,846,561,801	\$ 2,354,517,967	\$ (442,203,316)	\$ 3,758,876,452	\$	43,748,259		

Note: Fiscal year 2022 amounts have been restated for GASB 94 & GASB 96.

SUBORDINATE LIEN SERIES 2017, 2019, 2020 AND 2021 BONDS:

The Airport Authority issued \$291.2 million of Series A and B Subordinate Airport Revenue Bonds (Series 2017 Bonds) on August 3, 2017. The Series 2017 Bonds were issued to finance certain capital improvements at SDIA including the Parking Plaza and the FIS facility, fund a portion of the interest accruing on the Series 2017 Bonds, refund \$32.6 million of the Airport Authority's outstanding variable rate debt, fund the subordinate reserve fund and pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2017 Bonds. The Series 2017 Bonds are structured as serial and term bonds that bear interest at

rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent and mature in fiscal years 2019 to 2048. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$48.4 million which is being amortized over the life of the bonds. Interest on the Series 2017 Bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year.

Interest for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 amounted to \$13.3 million and \$13.6 million, respectively, including accrued interest of \$6.7 million and \$6.8 million, respectively. The principal balance on the Series 2017 Bonds as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 was \$266.6 million and \$271.9 million, respectively.

NOTE 6.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The required debt service payments for the Series 2017 Bonds for the fiscal years ending June 30 are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total
2024	\$ 5,585,000	\$	13,190,125	\$ 18,775,125
2025	5,865,000		12,903,875	18,768,875
2026	6,155,000		12,603,375	18,758,375
2027	6,465,000		12,287,875	18,752,875
2028	6,790,000		11,956,500	18,746,500
2029-2033	39,395,000		54,201,375	93,596,375
2034-2038	50,275,000		43,045,875	93,320,875
2039-2043	64,170,000		28,808,750	92,978,750
2044-2048	81,895,000		10,635,875	92,530,875
	\$ 266,595,000	\$	199,633,625	\$ 466,228,625



FINANCIAL 2 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 45
SECTION

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

NOTE 6. The Airport Authority issued \$338.8 million of Series A Subordinate Airport Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds and \$124.9 million of Series B Subordinate Airport Revenue Bonds on December 11, 2019 (Series 2019 Bonds). The Series 2019 Bonds were issued to finance certain capital improvements at SDIA including a new facilities maintenance building and storm water capture and reuse projects, fund a portion of the interest accruing on the Series 2019 Bonds, refund \$34.3 million of the Airport Authority's outstanding variable rate debt, fund the Series 2010C Escrow account, fund the subordinate reserve fund, and pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2019 Bonds. The Series 2019 Bonds are structured as serial and term bonds

that bear interest at rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent and mature in fiscal years 2021 to 2050. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$96.9 million which is being amortized over the life of the bonds. Interest on the Series 2019 Bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year.

Interest for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 amounted to \$21.9 million and \$22.1 million, respectively, including accrued interest of \$10.9 million and \$11.1 million, respectively. The principal balance on the Series 2019 Bonds as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 was \$454.6 million and \$459.0 million, respectively.

The required debt service payments for the Series 2019 Bonds for the fiscal years ending June 30: are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total
2024	\$ 6,095,000	\$ 21,899,100	\$	27,994,100
2025	6,400,000	21,594,350		27,994,350
2026	5,615,000	21,274,350		26,889,350
2027	5,895,000	20,993,600		26,888,600
2028	6,195,000	20,698,850		26,893,850
2029-2033	57,305,000	98,037,500		155,342,500
2034-2038	133,300,000	75,738,250		209,038,250
2039-2043	127,040,000	41,112,100		168,152,100
2044-2048	72,495,000	19,594,450		92,089,450
2049-2050	 34,245,000	2,589,250		36,834,250
	\$ 454,585,000	\$ 343,531,800	\$	798,116,800

The Airport Authority issued \$241.6 million of Series A, B and C Subordinate Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds (Series 2020 Bonds). The Airport Authority entered into a Forward Delivery Purchase Contract on December 11, 2019, and delivered the Series 2020 Bonds Proceeds on April 8, 2020. Proceeds from the sale of the Series 2020 Bonds were used to fund the Series 2010 A and B bonds escrow accounts and pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2020 Bonds. The Series 2020 Bonds are structured as serial bonds that bear interest rates of 5.0 percent and mature in fiscal years 2021 to

2041. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$49.4 million, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds. Interest on the Series 2020 Bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year.

Interest for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 amounted to \$10.6 million and \$11.5 million, respectively, including accrued interest of \$5.4 million and \$5.8 million, respectively. The principal balance on the Series 2020 Bonds as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 was \$212.5 million and \$227.0 million, respectively.

The required debt service payments for the Series 2020 Bonds for the fiscal years ending June 30 are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 15,240,000	\$ 10,623,750	\$ 25,863,750
2025	16,005,000	9,861,750	25,866,750
2026	11,275,000	9,061,500	20,336,500
2027	11,830,000	8,497,750	20,327,750
2028	12,425,000	7,906,250	20,331,250
2029-2033	66,075,000	29,681,750	95,756,750
2034-2038	50,180,000	14,321,500	64,501,500
2039-2041	 29,445,000	2,993,000	32,438,000
	\$ 212,475,000	\$ 92,947,250	\$ 305,422,250

The Airport Authority issued \$1,941.7 million of

Revenue Refunding Bonds (Series 2021 Bonds).

The Series 2021 Bonds were issued to finance

certain capital improvements at SDIA including

Series A, B and C Subordinate Airport Revenue and

construction of the New Terminal 1, fund a portion

of the interest accruing on the 2021 Bonds, fund

issuance of the Series 2021 Bonds. The Series

5.0 percent and mature in fiscal years 2027 to

premium of \$332.4 million, which is being

2057. The Series A and B bonds were issued at a

2021A and B Bonds are structured as serial bonds

that bear interest rates ranging from 4.0 percent to

the Series 2013 Escrow account, fund the subordinate reserve fund, and pay the costs of

amortized over the life of the bonds. The Series 2021 C Bonds are federally Taxable Bonds and are structured as serial and term bonds that bear interest at rates ranging from 0.5 percent to 3.1 percent and mature in fiscal years 2023 to 2037. Interest on the Series 2021ABC Bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year.

Interest for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 amounted to \$82 million and \$46.3 million, respectively, including accrued interest of \$41 million and \$46.3 million, respectively. The principal balance on the Series 2021 Bonds as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 was \$1,932 million and \$1,941.7 million, respectively.

The required debt service payments for the Series 2021 Bonds for the fiscal years ending June 30 are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 16,465,000	\$ 81,898,541	\$ 98,363,541
2025	16,570,000	81,719,420	98,289,420
2026	16,745,000	81,494,869	98,239,869
2027	10,310,000	80,979,369	91,289,369
2028	10,830,000	80,437,869	91,267,869
2029-2033	88,730,000	391,776,087	480,506,087
2034-2038	171,630,000	362,172,900	533,802,900
2039-2043	292,920,000	318,558,629	611,478,629
2044-2048	342,900,000	414,467,207	757,367,207
2049-2053	435,175,000	166,888,750	602,063,750
2053-2057	529,710,000	62,706,500	592,416,500
	\$ 1,931,985,000	\$ 2,123,100,141	\$ 4,055,085,141

NOTE 6.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 46 - SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 47

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

NOTE 6. The subordinate Series Bonds are special obligations of the Airport Authority, payable solely from and secured by (a) a pledge of subordinate net revenues, which include certain income and revenue received by the Airport Authority from the operation of the airport system, less all amounts that are required to pay the operation and maintenance expenses of the airport system and all amounts necessary to pay debt service on and fund the reserves for the senior bonds; and (b) certain funds and accounts held by the subordinate trustee under the subordinate indenture. The subordinate Series Bonds were issued with a pledge of and lien on subordinate net revenues.

> As subordinate lien bonds, the Series 2017, 2019, 2020 and 2021 Bonds require that charges for services be set each fiscal year at rates sufficient to produce pledged revenues at least 110 percent times the subordinate debt service for that year. In addition, the subordinate Bonds require the Airport Authority to maintain a reserve account with the bond trustee. On June 30, 2023, and 2022, the amount held by the trustee was \$1,477.6 million and \$2,120.6 million, respectively, which included the July 1 payment, a debt service reserve fund, construction fund, and a capitalized interest fund. The public ratings of the Subordinate Series Bonds as of June 30, 2023, are A/A2/A+ by Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings.

SENIOR LIEN SPECIAL FACILITIES REVENUE **BONDS, SERIES 2014:**

On February 19, 2014, the Airport Authority issued \$305.3 million of Series A and B Senior Special Facilities Revenue Bonds (Series 2014 Bonds). The Series 2014 Bonds were issued to finance a portion of the costs of the development and construction of a consolidated rental car facility and related improvements at SDIA, fund a portion of the interest accruing on the Series 2014 Bonds, fund deposits to the senior reserve fund and pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2014 Bonds.

The Series 2014 A Bonds were structured as tax-exempt and non-AMT term bonds that bear

interest at 5.0 percent. The Series 2014 B Bonds were structured as federally taxable bonds that bear interest at rates ranging from 2.5 percent to 5.6 percent. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$0.6 million, which is amortized over the life of the bonds. Interest on the Series 2014 Bonds is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 of each year.

Interest for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022 amounted to \$15.2 million and \$15.6 million, respectively, including accrued interest of \$7.6 million and \$7.8 million, respectively. The principal balance on the Series 2014 Bonds as of June 30, 2023, and 2022 was \$275.7 million and \$282 million, respectively.

The Series 2014 Bonds are special limited obligations of the Airport Authority, payable solely from and secured by a pledge of the Trust Estate, which includes, among other things, customer facility charges collected from the rental car companies operating at the Airport and remitted to the Trustee. No revenues of the Airport Authority other than the customer facility charges and the Bond Funding Supplemental Consideration (as defined in the bond indenture), are pledged to the payment of the Series 2014 Bonds.

The Series 2014 Bonds require the Airport Authority to maintain a debt service reserve account with the bond trustee and to reserve certain additional amounts in the Airport Authority's net position, as shown previously in the notes. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, the amount held by the trustee was \$58.2 million and \$55.1 million, respectively, which included the July 1 payment, the debt service reserve fund, the renewal and replace fund, and the rolling coverage fund.

The public ratings of the Senior Series Special Facility 2014 Bonds as of June 30, 2023, are BBB+/A3 by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service.

The required debt service payments for the Series 2014 Bonds for the fiscal years ending June 30 are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal In		Interest		Total
2024	\$ 6,670,000	\$	15,060,682	\$	21,730,682
2025	7,045,000		14,677,074		21,722,074
2026	7,440,000		14,271,928		21,711,928
2027	7,855,000		13,844,127		21,699,127
2028	8,295,000		13,392,412		21,687,412
2029-2033	48,980,000		59,250,031		108,230,031
2034-2038	64,295,000		43,501,662		107,796,662
2039-2043	84,410,000		22,828,056		107,238,056
2044-2045	40,695,000		2,094,701		42,789,701
	\$ 275,685,000	\$	198,920,674	\$	474,605,674

NOTE 6.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Interest expense on the Series 2013, 2014 2017, 2019, 2020 and 2021 Bonds for fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, of \$143.1 million and \$116.3 million, respectively, was offset by bond premium amortization of \$26.7 million in fiscal year 2023 and \$21.6 million in fiscal year 2022.

SUBORDINATE SHORT-TERM DEBT PROGRAM:

On July 19, 2021, The Airport Authority and Bank of America entered into a Revolving Credit Agreement. The Airport Authority is authorized to issue up to \$200.0 million in Subordinate Revolving Obligations. The revolving credit agreement is for a term of three years. At the end of fiscal years 2023 and 2022, the Airport Authority had \$80.1 million in aggregate principal of Subordinate Revolving Obligations outstanding. These obligations were used to finance the New Terminal 1. Obligations incurred under the Revolving Credit Agreement

are payable solely from and secured by a pledge of "Subordinate Net Revenues." Subordinate Net Revenues are generally defined as all revenues and other cash receipts of the Airport Authority's Airport operations remaining after Senior Lien payments have been deposited by the Trustee in accordance with the Senior Lien Trust Indenture.

LINE OF CREDIT:

In fiscal year 2022, the Airport Authority maintained a \$2.0 million line of credit held with US Bank, which is collateralized with a Treasury bond. This line is utilized to issue letters of credit to surety companies who are partnering with the Airport Authority to provide bonding assistance to contractors accepted into the bonding assistance program at the Airport Authority. As of June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, nothing had been drawn on the line of credit and there are no outstanding letters of credit.

The Airport Authority had the following used and unused balances in line of credit type debt instruments as of June 30, 2023, and 2022:

	June 30	0, 2	023	June 30, 2022			022	
	Used		Unused	-		Used		Unused
Revolving line of credit	\$80,100,000		\$119,900,000	-		\$80,100,000		\$119,900,000
ine of credit	\$ -		2,000,000		\$	-		2,000,000
	\$ 80,100,000	\$	121,900,000		\$	80,100,000	\$	121,900,000
				-				

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NOTE 6.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

EVENT OF DEFAULT:

In the event of default of all general airport revenue bonds issued by the Airport Authority, acceleration is not a remedy. For the Letter of Credit and Reimbursement Agreement, an event of default could result in either an acceleration or an interest rate increase of 3.0 to 7.0 percent in addition to the base rate. Other than this, there are no significant finance-related consequences in the event of default on other debt instruments. The Airport Authority's Letter of Credit and Reimbursement Agreement is collateralized with a \$2.2 million Treasury bond. Excluding general

airport revenue bonds, special facility bonds, and leases, no other assets have been pledged or collateralized for any other debt instruments. General Airport revenue bonds are secured by a pledge of Net Revenues which are generally defined as all revenues and other cash receipts of the Airport Authority's operations less amounts required to pay for operations and maintenance expenses of the airport (net revenues do not include cash received from PFCs, CFCs or Federal Grants). The special facility bonds are secured by a pledge of the Trust Estate.

NOTE PAYABLE



The Airport Authority entered into an installment purchase agreement for a receiving and distribution center (RDC) in fiscal year 2013. This agreement has been determined to be a note

payable and requires monthly lease payments of \$73.1 thousand. The Airport Authority will become the owner of the RDC at the conclusion of the 20year installment purchase agreement.

The following is a schedule of future lease payments applicable to the RDC installment purchase agreement, and the net present value of the future lease payments on June 30, 2023:

Years Ending June 30,		Amount
2024	\$	877,298
2025		877,298
2026		877,298
2027		877,298
2028-2032		4,386,489
2032		365,541
Total Lease Payments	-	8,261,221
Less amount representing interest		(2,736,678)
Present value of future lease payments	\$	5,524,543

LEASE LIABILITIES

The Airport Authority leases properties from the District and smaller third parties and uses that space to conduct its operations, the terms of which expire 2024 through 2072. The measurement of the lease payable is based on the present value of lease payments expected to be paid during the lease term, such as fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or rate, variable payments that are fixed in substance, residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance, and any lease incentives payable to the lessee.

Incremental borrowing rates of 1.1 percent to 3.8 percent were used to measure lease payables.

Lease liabilities recorded under lease contracts as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, were \$228.9 million and

\$232.4 million respectively.

NOTE 6.

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The future principal and interest payments for lease liabilities as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	3,561,593	8,542,384	12,103,977
2025	3,654,325	8,449,652	12,103,977
2026	2,843,071	8,357,785	11,200,856
2027	2,659,160	8,270,002	10,929,162
2028	2,715,440	8,179,841	10,895,281
2029-2033	13,208,299	39,479,649	52,687,948
2034-2038	16,110,142	36,758,272	52,868,413
2039-2043	18,629,066	33,475,110	52,104,176
2044-2048	21,133,978	29,749,322	50,883,300
2049-2053	25,581,713	25,301,587	50,883,300
2054-2058	30,965,493	19,917,807	50,883,300
2059-2063	37,482,312	13,400,988	50,883,300
2064-2068	45,370,623	5,512,677	50,883,300
2069-2072	5,032,028	56,302	5,088,330
	\$228,947,244	\$245,451,378	\$474,398,622

SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

The Airport Authority entered Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement (SBITA) that allows the Airport Authority the right to use and control a vendor's software, alone or in combination with other assets, the terms of which expire 2024 through 2025. The measurement of the subscription liabilities is based on the present value of lease payments expected to be paid during the subscription term, such as fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or rate, variable payments that are fixed in substance, and residual value guarantee payments that are fixed in substance.

Incremental borrowing rates of 1.1 percent to 3.8 percent were used to measure subscription payables. Subscription liabilities recorded under subscription contracts as of June 30, 2023, and 2022, were \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively.

The future principal and interest payments for lease liabilities as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	115,922	1,489	117,411
2025	117,377	335	117,711
	\$233,299	\$1,824	\$235,123



NOTE 7. INTRODUCTION:

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

The Airport Authority has two defined benefit pension plans which cumulatively represent the net pension liability or asset, related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resource balances as reported on the statement of net position. The below schedule represents aggregating information as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022: Preservation of

			۲	reservation of	
	De	efined Benefit	E	Benefits Trust	
		Plan		Plan	
		GASB 68)		GASB 73	Total
Balances as of and for the year ended 6/30/2023					
Pension expense	\$	5,000,713	\$	56,102	\$ 5,056,815
Net pension liability (asset)		5,583,686		1,614,123	7,197,809
Deferred outflows of resources		11,810,016		352,421	12,162,437
Deferred inflows of resources		3,967,393		782,576	4,749,969
Balances as of and for the year ended 6/30/2022					
Pension expense	\$	4,323,882	\$	329,788	\$ 4,653,670
Net pension liability		(8,995,046)		2,373,440	(6,621,606)
Deferred outflows of resources		17,497,620		639,654	18,137,274
Deferred inflows of resources		26,976,052		282,242	27,258,294

PLAN DESCRIPTION:

The Airport Authority's single-employer defined benefit pension plan (Plan), administered by SDCERS, provides service retirement, disability benefits, death benefits and survivor benefits to Plan members and beneficiaries. SDCERS is a multi-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for three separate singleemployer defined benefit pension plans for the City, the District, and Airport Authority.

From January 1, 2003, through June 30, 2007, SDCERS administered a qualified employer defined benefit plan for the City, the District and Airport Authority. However, as of July 1, 2007, the City, the District, and the Airport Authority plans were separated into independent, qualified, singleemployer governmental defined benefit plans, and trusts. The assets of the three separate plans and trusts were pooled in the SDCERS Group Trust, which was established as of July 1, 2007. SDCERS invests and administers the Group Trust as a common investment fund and accounts separately for the proportional interest of each plan and trust that participates in the Group Trust.

SDCERS is governed by a 13-member Board, responsible for the administration of retirement benefits for the City, the District, and the Airport Authority and for overseeing the investment portfolio of the retirement system's trust fund. The Board is comprised of seven appointed members, four active members, one retired member, and one ex-officio member.

SDCERS acts as a common, independent investment and administrative agent for the City, the District and the Airport Authority, whose plans cover all eligible employees. In a defined benefit plan, pension benefits are actuarially determined by a member's age at retirement, number of years of service credit and final compensation, typically based on the highest salary earned over a one-year or three-year period. Airport Authority members who are participants under the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) are subject to pensionable compensation caps.

The San Diego City Charter Section 144 and San Diego Municipal Code Sections 24.0100 et seq. assign the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plans that participate

in SDCERS to the SDCERS Board. The Airport Authority contributes to the Federal Social Security Program. The SDCERS Board issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for SDCERS. The financial report may be found on the San Diego City Employees' Retirement System website at www.sdcers.org.

BENEFITS PROVIDED:

The Airport Authority provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. There are two types of participants, the classic participants and the PEPRA participants. A classic participant means any member who is not a PEPRA participant. A PEPRA participant is any member hired on or after January 1, 2013, who has never been a member of a public retirement system or who had a break in service of more than six months before their Airport Authority hire date.

The classic participant retirement benefit is calculated by using monthly salary amounts based on the highest continuous twenty-six bi-weekly pay periods divided by 12. The eligibility of the classic participants begins at age 62 with five years of service, or age 55 with 20 years of service.

The PEPRA participant's benefit is calculated by using monthly salary amounts based on the highest thirty-six consecutive months divided by 36. Base salary cannot exceed 100 percent of the Social Security contribution and benefit base, indexed to the CPI-U. The eligibility of the PEPRA participants begins at age 52 with five years of service.

The Airport Authority provides monthly payments for the life of the member, with 50 percent continuance to the eligible spouse or registered-domestic partner upon the member's death. If there is no eligible spouse, the member may receive either a lump sum payment equal to the accumulated surviving spouse contributions or an actuarially equivalent annuity. Members may also choose to receive a reduced lifetime monthly benefit and, upon death, leave more than 50 percent to their spouse or registered

domestic partner, or to provide a continuance to a non-spouse.

Employees with ten years of continuous service are eligible to receive non-industrial disability and employees with no service requirement can receive industrial disability.

The death benefit for non-industrial death before the employee is eligible to retire is a refund of the employee contributions, with interest plus one month's salary for each completed year of service to a maximum of six months' salary. A non-industrial death benefit after the employee is eligible to retire from service is 50 percent of earned benefit payable to eligible surviving spouse, domestic partner, or dependent child under 21 years of age. The industrial death benefit is 50 percent of the final average compensation preceding death, payable to eligible surviving spouse, domestic partner, or dependent child under 21 years of age.

As of the measurement dates June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021, Plan membership was as follows:

Active employees Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Total

2021 2022 378 182 163 162 145 722

CONTRIBUTIONS:

SDCERS uses actuarial developed methods and assumptions to determine what level of contributions are required to achieve and maintain an appropriate funded status for the Plan. The actuarial process uses a funding method that attempts to create a pattern of contributions that is both stable and predictable. The actual employer and member contribution rates in effect each year are based upon actuarial valuations performed by an independent actuary and adopted by the SDCERS Board annually.

The actuarial valuation is completed as of June 30, of each year. Once accepted by the SDCERS Board,

NOTE 7.

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7.

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

the approved rates for the Airport Authority apply to the fiscal year beginning 12 months after the valuation date. For June 30, 2023, the actuarially determined contribution rates for plan sponsors and members were developed in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation.

The funding objective of SDCERS is to fully fund the plan's actuarially accrued liability with contributions, which over time will remain as a level percent of payroll for the Airport Authority. Under this approach, the contribution rate is based on the normal cost rate and an amortization of any unfunded actuarial liability.

For the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, employees contributed \$3.3 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, and the Airport Authority contributed \$7.7 million and \$9.1 million, respectively, to the Plan. Under the Plan, the Airport Authority pays a portion of the classic

participant's contribution, referred to as the "off-set." The offset is equal to 7.0 percent or 8.5 percent of the general classic members' base compensation and 9.6 percent of the executive classic members' base compensation. These contributions are included in the employee contribution. There is no offset for PEPRA participants.

NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET):

The Airport Authority's net pension liability (asset) as of June 30, 2023, is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023, is measured as of June 30, 2022. The annual valuation used is as of June 30, 2021, rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using standard update procedures. A summary of the principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability (asset) follow.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS:

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Valuation date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Actarial cost method	Entry-age normal funding method	Entry-age normal funding method
Asset valuation method	Expected value with smoothing	Expected value with smoothing
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return (1)	6.50%	6.50%
Inflation Rate	3.05%	3.05%
Interest Credited to Member Contributions	6.50%	6.50%
Projected salary increase ⁽²⁾	3.05%	3.05%
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.9% per annum, compounded	1.9% per annum, compounded
Termination rate ⁽³⁾	2.0% - 16.0%	2.0% - 16.0%
Disability rate ⁽⁴⁾	0.01% - 0.20%	0.01% - 0.20%
Mortality ⁽⁵⁾	0.02% - 13.54%	0.02% - 13.54%

⁽¹⁾ Net of investment expense

DISCOUNT RATE:

For the June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021, actuarial valuations, the discount rates used to measure the total pension liability was 6.5 percent. Based on plan funding expectations, no actuarial projection of cash flows was made as the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

The long-term expected rate of return estimates for equity and fixed income are developed using a geometric (long-term compounded) building block approach: 1) expected returns based on observable information in the equity and fixed income markets and consensus estimates for major economic and capital market inputs, such as earnings and inflation, and 2) where necessary, judgment-based modifications are made to these inputs. Return assumptions for other assets classes are based on historical returns, current market characteristics, and professional judgements from SDCERS general investment consultant specialist research teams.

Best estimates of geometric long-term real rates and nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rates of Return	Long-term Expected Nominal Rates of Return
Domestic equity	19.0%	4.9%	7.5%
International equity	12.0%	5.5%	8.0%
Global equity	8.0%	5.3%	7.8%
Domestic fixed income	22.0%	1.0%	3.5%
Return-Seeking Fixed Income	5.0%	4.4%	6.9%
Real estate	11.0%	3.2%	5.7%
Private equity and infrastructure	13.0%	7.5%	10.1%
Opportunity fund	10.0%	4.6%	7.1%
	100.0%	-	

NOTE 7.

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)



⁽²⁾ Net plus merit component based on employee classification and years of service

⁽³⁾ Based on years of service

⁽⁴⁾Based on age

⁽⁵⁾ All active and retired healthy members: CalPERS Mortality Tables from the CalPERS January 2014 Experience Study Further details about the actuarial assumptions can be found in the SDCERS June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 actuarial reports.

NOTE 7. CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET):

Changes in the total pension liability (asset), plan fiduciary net position and the net pension liability through DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

(CONTINUED)

	Increase (Decrease)					
						Net Pension
	Т	otal Pension	ı	Fiduciary Net	Li	ability/(Asset)
		Liability (a)		Position (b)		(a) - (b)
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	254,465,897	\$	263,460,943	\$	(8,995,046)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		6,980,223		-		6,980,223
Interest on total pension liability		16,489,161		-		16,489,161
Difference between expected and						
actual experience		(1,288,936)		-		(1,288,936)
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Employer contributions		-		9,181,680		(9,181,680)
Member contributions		-		3,070,398		(3,070,398)
Net investment income		-		(4,188,463)		4,188,463
Benefit payments		(8,578,375)		(8,578,375)		-
Administrative expense		-		(461,899)		461,899
Net changes		13,602,073		(976,659)		14,578,732
Balances as of June 30, 2023	\$	268,067,970	\$	262,484,284	\$	5,583,686

Changes in the total pension liability, plan fiduciary net position and the net pension liability through the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

		Increase (Decrease)					
						Net Pension	
	Т	otal Pension	ı	iduciary Net	Li	iability/(Asset)	
		Liability (a)		Position (b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances as of June 30, 2021	\$	241,862,071	\$	207,843,276	\$	34,018,795	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		7,970,646		-		7,970,646	
Interest on total pension liability		15,693,834		-		15,693,834	
Difference between expected and							
actual experience		(2,239,695)		-		(2,239,695)	
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-	
Employer contributions		-		8,596,163		(8,596,163)	
Member contributions		-		3,125,138		(3,125,138)	
Net investment income		-		53,140,343		(53,140,343)	
Benefit payments		(8,820,959)		(8,820,959)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(423,018)		423,018	
Net changes		12,603,826		55,617,667		(43,013,841)	
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	254,465,897	\$	263,460,943	\$	(8,995,046)	



SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) TO DISCOUNT RATE CHANGES:

The following presents the resulting net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.5 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023:

	1	% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
		5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
Total pension liability	\$	304,843,649	\$ 268,067,970	\$ 237,930,789
Plan fiduciary net position		262,484,284	262,484,284	262,484,284
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	42,359,365	\$ 5,583,686	\$ (24,553,495)
Plan fiduciary net position as a				
percentage of the total pension liability		86.1%	97.9%	110.3%

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF **RESOURCES RELATED TO THE PLAN:**

For the years ended June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, the Airport Authority recognized pension expense, as measured in accordance with GASB 68, of \$5.0 million and \$4.3 million, respectively. At June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, the Airport Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan from the following sources:

For June 30, 2023	Deferred Outflow	ıs D	eferred Inflows
	of Resources		of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 370,3	46 \$	2,877,993
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-	1,089,400
Changes in assumptions	3,776,1	49	-
Employer contributions made subsequent to			
June 30, 2022 measurement date	7,663,5	21	-
Total	\$ 11,810,0	16 \$	3,967,393
For June 30, 2022	Deferred Outflow	ıs D	eferred Inflows
	of Resources		of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,218,0	22 \$	296,703
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-	24,049,349
Changes in assumptions	7,177,4	33	-
Employer contributions made subsequent to			
June 30, 2021 measurement date	9,102,1	65	-
· ·	3,102,1		

NOTE 7.

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7.

DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

The deferred outflows of resources, at June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, resulting from Airport Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date and prior to year-end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in fiscal year 2024, and an increase to the net pension asset in fiscal year 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to the plan at June 30, 2023, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ended June 30,	
2024	\$ 382,007
2025	(179,075)
2026	(4,339,581)
2027	4,315,751
	\$ 179,102

NOTE 8.

PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS TRUST PLAN

PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS TRUST PLAN (POB) DESCRIPTION:

The Airport Authority's single-employer defined benefit pension plan established as the preservation of benefits and trust plan (POB), administered by SDCERS, provides benefits to POB members and beneficiaries. The POB was established on January 1, 2003, for the purpose of providing benefits to POB members in excess of San Diego City Charter, Code Section 415(b) limitations. Information regarding SDCERS is included in Note 7.

The San Diego City Charter Section 144 and San Diego Municipal Code Sections 24.1601 et seq. assign the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plans that participate in SDCERS to the SDCERS Board.

BENEFITS PROVIDED:

Retirement benefits are provided to POB members with retirement benefits in excess of Code Section 415(b) who have participated in in the Plan since establishment of the POB. Participation ends for a portion of a plan year in which the retirement benefit of a retiree or beneficiary is not limited by Code Section 415(b) or when all benefit obligations to the retiree or beneficiary have been satisfied. Benefit payments are equal to the amount of retirement income that would have been payable, less the amount payable by the Plan. Benefit payments for the years ended June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, were \$20.6 thousand and \$52.4 thousand, respectively. The POB is unfunded and provides benefits on an annual basis as determined by SDCERS.

As of the measurement dates of June 30, 2022, and 2021, Plan membership was as follows:

	2022	2021
Active employees	2	2
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1	1
Total	3	3
Total	3	

TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY:

The Airport Authority's total pension liability as of June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, was \$1.6 million and \$2.4 million, respectively. The pension liability as of June 30, 2023, is measured as of June 30,

2022, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using standard update procedures. A summary of the principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability follow.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS:

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021, actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Valuation date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age normal	Entry-age normal
Actuarial assumptions:		
Discount rate	3.54%	2.16%
Inflation rate	3.05%	3.05%
Interest credited to member contributions	6.50%	6.50%
Projected salary increases	3.05%	3.05%

CHANGES IN THE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY:

Changes in the total pension liability through the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and actual exper Changes in assumptions Benefit payments (59,667) Net changes (759,317)	Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$ 2,373,440
Interest on total pension liability 51,359 Difference between expected and actual exper Changes in assumptions (437,754) Benefit payments (59,667)	Changes for the year:	
Difference between expected and actual exper Changes in assumptions (437,754) Benefit payments (59,667)	Service cost	68,342
Changes in assumptions (437,754) Benefit payments (59,667)	Interest on total pension liability	51,359
Benefit payments (59,667)	Difference between expected and actual exper	(381,597)
	Changes in assumptions	(437,754)
Net changes (759 317)	Benefit payments	(59,667)
(199,517)	Net changes	(759,317)
Balances as of June 30, 2023 \$ 1,614,123	Balances as of June 30, 2023	\$ 1,614,123

NOTE 8.

PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS TRUST PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes in the total pension liability through the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Balances as of June 30, 2021	\$ 2,445,415
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	88,557
Interest on total pension liability	54,559
Difference between expected and actual exper	(195,545)
Changes in assumptions	22,116
Benefit payments	(41,662)
Net changes	(71,975)
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$ 2,373,440



PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS TRUST PLAN (CONTINUED)

NOTE 8. SENSITIVITY OF THE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY TO DISCOUNT RATE CHANGES:

The following presents the resulting total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.54 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

	1% Decrease		Cι	ırrent Rate	1% Increase		
		2.54%		3.54%		4.54%	
Total pension liability	\$	1,916,452	\$	1,614,123	\$	1,374,691	

PENSION EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF **RESOURCES RELATED TO THE POB**

For the year ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, the Airport Authority recognized pension expense, as measured in accordance with GASB 73, of \$56.1 thousand and \$329.8 thousand. At June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, the Airport Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the plan from the following sources:

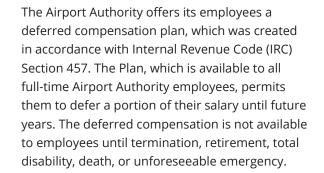
June 30, 2023		eferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
		of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	32,168	\$	439,310	
Changes in assumptions		299,670		343,266	
Employer contributions subsequent to					
June 30, 2022 measurement date		20,583		-	
Total	\$	352,421	\$	782,576	

For June 30, 2022	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	129,056	\$	216,544
Changes in assumptions		458,200		65,698
Employer contributions subsequent to				
June 30, 2021 measurement date		52,398		-
Total	\$	639,654	\$	282,242
		•		·

The deferred outflows of resources, at June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, resulting from Airport Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date and prior to year-end will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ended June	30,	
2023	\$	(92,524)
2024		(118,693)
2025		(239,522)
2026		-
	\$	(450,739)



The plan is administered by the Airport Authority and contracted to an unrelated financial institution. Under the terms of an IRC Section

457 deferred compensation plan, all deferred compensation and income attributable to the investment of the deferred compensation amounts held by the financial institution, until paid or made available to the employees or beneficiaries, are held in trust for employees.

Employee assets to be held in the IRC Section 457 plans are not the property of the Airport Authority and are not subject to the claims of the Airport Authority's general creditors. Accordingly, employee assets are not reflected in the Airport Authority's financial statements.

NOTE 9.

EMPLOYEES' DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN





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NOTE 10.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Airport Authority provides an agent multipleemployer defined benefit postemployment benefit plan (the OPEB Plan). The OPEB Plan provides post-retirement medical, dental, vision and life insurance benefits for nonunion employees hired prior to May 1, 2006, and union employees hired prior to October 1, 2008. The employees are eligible for these benefits if they retire from active employment after age 55 with 20 years of service or age 62 with five years of service.

PLAN DESCRIPTION:

As of May 8, 2009, the Board approved entering into an agreement with the California Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) fund. This is managed by California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS). CalPERS administers pension and health benefits for over two million California public employees, retirees, and their families. CalPERS was founded in 1932 and is the largest public pension fund in the United States. As of June 30, 2022, CalPERS managed \$440 billion in assets for more than 2,890 California employers. In 1988 and 2007, enabling statutes and regulations were enacted which permitted CalPERS to form the CERBT fund, an irrevocable Section 115 Trust, for the purpose of receiving employer contributions that will prefund health and other postemployment benefit costs for retirees and

their beneficiaries. Financial statements for CERBT may be obtained from CalPERS at P.O. Box 942709, Sacramento, CA 94229-2709.

FUNDING POLICY:

CERBT requires a valuation of the liabilities and annual costs for benefits by an approved actuarial consulting firm. It is the Airport Authority's intent to budget and prefund the actuarially determined contributions (ADCs). As of May 9, 2009, the agreement with CERBT was approved. The retirees' contribution rate was raised from 5 percent to 10 percent of plan costs for single coverage and the entire cost of vision benefits, lowering the OPEB liabilities of the Airport Authority. Annually, the Airport Authority's goal is to fund 100 percent of the actuarially calculated ADC for its OPEB. In previous years, the Airport Authority has made contributions above the annual ADC which has resulted in a net OPEB asset. During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, the Airport Authority's contributions were \$1.0 million and \$1.0 million, respectively.

A measurement date of June 30, 2022, and 2021, was used for the June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022 OPEB assets and expenses. The information that follows was determined as of a valuation date of June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2021, respectively.

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Membership in the OPEB by membership class at June 30, 2022, and 2021, is as follows:

Active employees	
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	
Total	



The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022, and 2021 actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all period included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	BE
Contribution Policy	Authority contributes at least the full ADC	
nflation	2.50%	
Projected salary increase	2.75%	
nvestment rate of return	5.25%; Expected Authority contributions projected to keep	
	sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits from trust	
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Pay	
Asset valuation method	5 year asset smoothing	
Retirement age	SDCERS 2015-2019 Experience Study	
Mortality	CalPERS 2000-2019 Experience Study	
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2021	
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 6.50% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate	of
	3.75% in 2076; Medicare - 5.65% for 2023, decreasing to an ult	imate
	rate of 3.75% in 2076	
Healthcare Participation of Future Retirees	90%	
Spousal Assumption for Future Retirees	Currently covered - 2-party coverage if currently have 2 party	or
	family coverage; Currently waived - 50% cover spouses at	
	retirement	

The long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB Plan investments was based primarily on historical returns on plan assets, adjusted for changes in target portfolio allocations and recent changes in long-term interest rates based on publicly available information. The target allocation and best estimates of rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rates of Return
Global Equity	23%	4.56%
Long US Treasuries	11%	0.29%
Mortgage-Backed Securities	11%	0.49%
Investment Grade Corporate	9%	1.56%
High Yeild	9%	3.00%
Sovereigns	11%	2.76%
TIPS	9%	-0.08%
Comodities	3%	1.22%
REITs	14%	4.06%
	100%	•
Assumed Long-Term Rate of Ir	2.50%	
Expected Long-Term Net Rate	5.25%	



NOTE 10.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT

BENEFITS (CONTINUED)



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NOTE 10.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

DISCOUNT RATE:

The discount rate used to measure the net OPEB liability (asset) at June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, was 5.25 percent. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the net OPEB liability.

CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET):

Changes in the total OPEB liability, plan fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB asset through the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	I	ncre	ase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB	F	Fiduciary Net		OPEB Liability/
	Liability		Position		(Asset)
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$ 29,372,019	\$	33,729,495	\$	(4,357,476)
Changes for the year:					
Service cost	570,006		-		570,006
Interest on total OPEB liability	1,546,979		-		1,546,979
Difference between expected and					
actual experience	-		-		-
Changes in assumptions	-		-		-
Employer contributions	-		951,488		(951,488)
Member contributions	-		-		-
Net investment income	-		(3,627,823)		3,627,823
Benefit payments	(951,488)		(951,488)		-
Administrative expense	-		(8,562)		8,562
Net changes	 1,165,497		(3,636,385)		4,801,882
Balances as of June 30, 2023	\$ 30,537,516	\$	30,093,110	\$	444,406
	•		•		



Changes in the total OPEB liability, plan fiduciary net position and the net OPEB liability (asset) through the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
		Total OPEB	F	iduciary Net	Net	OPEB Liability/	
		Liability		Position		(Asset)	
Balances as of June 30, 2021	\$	27,116,806	\$	28,766,021	\$	(1,649,215)	
Changes for the year:							
Service cost		446,233		-		446,233	
Interest on total OPEB liability		1,829,473		-		1,829,473	
Difference between expected and							
actual experience		(3,669,756)		-		(3,669,756)	
Changes in assumptions		4,568,725		-		4,568,725	
Employer contributions		-		919,462		(919,462)	
Member contributions		-		-		-	
Net investment income		-		4,973,926		(4,973,926)	
Benefit payments		(919,462)		(919,462)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(10,452)		10,452	
Net changes		2,255,213		4,963,474		(2,708,261)	
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$	29,372,019	\$	33,729,495	\$	(4,357,476)	

The net OPEB liability (asset) of the Airport Authority has been calculated using a discount rate of 5.25 percent. The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) using a discount rate 1 percent higher and 1 percent lower than the current discount rate

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE AND HEALTH

CARE COST TREND RATES:

	1% Decrease		(Current Rate	1% Increase
		4.25%		5.25%	6.25%
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	4,938,405	\$	444,406	\$ (3,239,591)

The net OPEB liability (asset) of the Airport Authority has been calculated using health care cost trend rates of 7.25 percent decreasing to 4.0 percent in 2076 and thereafter for non-Medicare and 6.3 percent decreasing to 4.0 percent in 2076 for Medicare. The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) using health care cost trend rates 1 percent higher and 1 percent lower than the current health care cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease		Trend Rate	1% Increase		
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(3,614,055)	\$	444,406	\$	5,418,365

NOTE 10.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)



NOTE 10.

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

RELATED TO THE OPEB: For the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, the Airport Authority recognized OPEB expense (income), as measured in accordance with GASB 75, of \$0.9 million and (\$0.2) million, respectively, and reported deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB from the following sources:

For June 30, 2023	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	2,917,281	\$	-			
Net difference between expected and actual experience		-		1,580,826			
Changes in assumptions		1,958,025		72,921			
Employer contributions made subsequent to							
June 30, 2022 measurement date		1,002,148		=			
Total	\$	5,877,454	\$	1,653,747			

For June 30, 2022	De	eferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	=	\$ 1,793,923
Net difference between expected and actual experience		-	2,669,705
Changes in assumptions		3,301,280	437,533
Employer contributions made subsequent to			
June 30, 2021 measurement date		951,488	-
Total	\$	4,252,768	\$ 4,901,161

The deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022, related to OPEB resulting from Airport Authority contributions subsequent the measurement date and prior to year-end will be recognized as a reduction to the net OPEB liability in fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2023, related to the OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

ears ended June 30,	
2024	\$ 888,373
2025	780,340
2026	473,166
2027	1,079,680
	\$ 3,221,559



The Airport Authority has a comprehensive Risk Management Program comprised of commercial insurance, self-insurance, loss mitigation/ prevention, loss control, and claims administration. The Airport Authority's coverage includes a variety of retentions or deductibles.

COMMERCIALLY ISSUED INSURANCE:

- The Airport Authority maintains a minimum of \$500 million in limits for general liability insurance.
- The Airport Authority maintains a property insurance policy with minimum limits of \$750 million providing all risk and flood coverage for physical assets.
- The Airport Authority also maintains policies for workers' compensation, commercial auto, fiduciary liability, privacy and network security, crime, and public entity and employment practices liability, among others.

SELF-INSURANCE:

Due to the exorbitant cost of earthquake insurance, the Airport Authority self-insures for losses due to earthquake damage. Effective July 1, 2007, the Airport Authority removed the purchase of commercial earthquake insurance from the Risk Management Program and increased reliance on the laws designed to assist public entities through the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the California Disaster Assistance

Act. As of June 30, 2023, and 2022, the Airport Authority has designated \$13.8 million and \$13.1 million, respectively, from its net position, as an insurance contingency.

A \$2.0 million reserve has been established within unrestricted net position by the Airport Authority's management to respond to uninsured and underinsured catastrophic losses. This fund is maintained pursuant to Board action only; there is no requirement that it be maintained.

LOSS PREVENTION:

The Airport Authority has an active loss prevention program, staffed by a full-time risk manager, one risk analyst, a safety manager and two safety analysts. In addition, third party loss control engineers conduct safety surveys on an annual basis. Employees receive regular safety training and claims are monitored using a claims information system.

During fiscal year 2023, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. For each of the past three fiscal years, settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage.

During fiscal year 2022, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. For each of the past three fiscal years, settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE 11.

RISK MANAGEMENT



NOTE 12.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

COMMITMENTS:

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Airport Authority had significant commitments for capital expenditures and other matters as described below:

The Airport Authority has funds which have been classified as noncurrent assets, primarily for the unpaid contractual portion of capital projects that are currently in progress and will not be funded by grants or additional debt but will be funded through Airport Authority cash. These amounts are for the estimated cost of capital projects that have been authorized by the Board for construction planning to proceed and for the contractual costs of upgrading certain major equipment. June 30, 2023 and 2022, these funds totaled approximately \$99.0 million and \$50.4 million, respectively, and are classified on the accompanying statements of net position as cash and investments designated for specific capital projects and other commitments.

As part of the MOU, services provided by the District Harbor Police are required to be purchased by the Airport Authority as long as SDIA continues to operate at the current location. At the time of the transfer, the Airport Authority entered into a Master Services Agreement, a Police Services Agreement and a Communications Services Agreement with the District, which described the services that the Airport Authority could purchase and the manner of calculating the payments for such services. The largest amount that became payable under any of these agreements is under the Police Services Agreement, which is for Harbor Police services. The District provides monthly billings to the Airport Authority, with payment generally due 30 days after the date of the invoice, and provision of appropriate supporting documentation. During the years ended June 30, 2023, and 2022, the Airport Authority expensed \$20.5 million and \$21.9 million respectively for these services.

In fiscal year 2019, the Board approved \$38.0

million contract with Ace Parking Management Inc., for parking management services. As of June 30, 2023, \$26.6 million has been spent and the contract is scheduled for completion in fiscal year 2024.

In fiscal year 2019, the Board approved \$46.8 million contract with Ace Parking Management Inc., for airport shuttle services. As of June 30, 2023, \$23.3 million has been spent for shuttle services and the contract was completed in fiscal year 2023.

In fiscal year 2023, the Board approved \$70.0 million contract with Ace Parking III, LLC for airport shuttle services. As of June 30, 2023, \$5.4 million has been spent for shuttle services and the contract is scheduled for completion in fiscal year 2027.

In fiscal year 2015, the Board approved a \$29.0 million contract with SP Plus Corporation to transport rental car companies' customers between the Rental Car Center facility and the terminals. The contract scope also includes the operation, management, and maintenance of the shuttle vehicles. In fiscal years 2016-2022, the Board approved an additional \$28.0 million. As of June 30, 2023, \$53.7 million had been spent and the contract was completed in fiscal year 2023.

In fiscal year 2022, the Board approved a \$103.0 million contract with SP Plus Corporation to transport rental car companies' customers between the Rental Car Center facility and the terminals. The contract scope also includes the operation, management, and maintenance of the shuttle vehicles. As of June 30, 2023, \$7.8 million had been spent and the contract is scheduled for completion in fiscal year 2027.

In fiscal year 2019, the Board approved a \$19.5 million contract with AECOM Technical Services, Inc. for on call program management, staffing support and consulting services. In fiscal year 2020, the board approved additional \$134.8 million. As of June 30, 2023, \$78.9 million has

been spent and the contract is scheduled for completion in fiscal year 2024.

In fiscal year 2021, the Board approved a \$16.2 million contract with Granite Construction Company for the construction of the West Refueler Loading Facility and the West Solid Waste Facility. In fiscal year 2022, the board approved additional \$1.0 million. As of June 30, 2023, \$15.1 million had been spent and the contract was completed in fiscal year 2023.

In fiscal year 2021, the Board approved an \$80 million contract with Turner-Flatiron, A Joint Venture for the design-build of terminal and roadways. In fiscal year 2022, the Board approved additional \$2.5 billion. As of June 30, 2023, \$684.7 million had been spent and the contract is scheduled for completion in early fiscal year 2028.

In fiscal year 2021 the Board approved a \$97.6 million contract with Sundt Construction for the design-build administration building. As of June 30, 2023, \$66.5 million had been spent and the contract is scheduled for completion in fiscal year 2024.

In fiscal year 2020, the Board approved a \$35.0 million contract with Jacobs Engineering Group, Inc. to provide Airside-Landside Engineering consulting services. As of June 30, 2023, \$26.5 million had been spent and the contract is scheduled for completion in fiscal year 2025.

In fiscal year 2022, the Board approved a 19.4 million contract with SOLPAC Construction Inc. dba Soltek Pacific Construction to construct Solid and Liquid waste facilities. In fiscal year 2023, the board approved additional \$0.4 million. As of June 30, 2023, \$14.3 million had been spent and the contract is scheduled for completion in early fiscal year 2024.

CONTINGENCIES:

As of June 30, 2023, the Airport Authority is subject to various contingencies including, but not limited to, contingencies arising from matters as described below:

The Airport Authority has leases and operating agreements with various tenants. These agreements typically include provisions requiring the tenants/operators to indemnify the Airport Authority for any damage to property or losses to the Airport Authority as a result of the tenant's operations. Also, the leases and operating agreements typically require the Airport Authority to be named as an additional insured under certain insurance policies of the tenants/ operators. The Airport Authority also tenders these claims to its own insurers once they become asserted claims. When these types of claims are asserted against the Airport Authority, the Airport Authority not only vigorously opposes them but also vigorously seeks contribution and/ or indemnity from all tenants/operators involved, from the tenants'/operators' insurers and from its own insurers. The Airport Authority's legal counsel cannot predict the net exposure to the Airport Authority with respect to these matters, or the probability or remoteness of any outcome.

The Airport Authority invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate risk, market risks and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying statements of net position.

NOTE 12.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)





CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

NOTE 13. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Airport Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Arrangements and GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. As required when presenting prior period comparative statements, the financial statements of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, have been retrospectively restated. The effects of the restatement are as follows:

		As Previously	
Statement of Net Position	2022 as restated	Reported	Effect of Change
Tenant receivables, net	22,784,819	12,087,092	10,697,727
Partnership lease receivables, current portion (Note 3)	2,891,820	-	2,891,820
Other current assets	10,291,837	9,909,877	381,960
Partnership lease receivables, long-term portion (Note 3)	125,895,083	-	125,895,083
Subscription assets	464,378	-	464,378
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(1,300,259,420)	(1,300,166,545)	(92,875)
Other current liabilities	14,502,025	17,029,533	2,527,508
Lease liabilities, current portion (Note 6)	3,586,324	3,471,838	(114,486)
Unrestricted long-term debt, current portion (Note 6)	323,293	354,139	30,846
Restricted long-term debt, current portion (Note 6)	40,160,000	40,360,000	200,000
Other noncurrent liabilities	663,924	55,458,074	54,794,150
Lease liabilities, long-term portion (Note 6)	229,180,542	228,947,243	(233,299)
Long-term debt, net of current portion (Note 6)	3,713,339,080	3,713,108,235	(230,845)
Deferred Inflow of resources from partnership leases (Note 3)	195,544,264	-	(195,544,264)
Net investment in capital assets	420,903,099	418,348,504	(2,554,595)
Unrestricted net position	316,527,254	317,414,146	886,892

		As Previously	
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	2022 as restated	Reported	Effect of Change
Ground and non-airline terminal rentals	19,651,356	23,265,430	(3,614,074)
Equipment rentals and repairs	3,471,765	3,584,990	113,225
Income from operations before depreciation and amortization	16,179,591	19,680,440	3,500,849
Depreciation and amortization expense	142,011,648	141,918,773	(92,875)
Other Interest Income	11,892,517	7,263,175	4,629,342
Investment income (loss)	(48,883,995)	(48,883,996)	1
Net position, beginning of year	889,557,081	888,924,997	632,084

NOTE 13.

CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE (CONTINUED)

		As Previously	
Statement of Cash Flows	2022 as restated	Reported	Effect of Change
Receipts from customers	371,536,489	324,778,280	46,758,209
Payments to suppliers	(107,568,553)	(107,183,225)	(385,328)
Capital outlay	(334,497,078)	(283,494,854)	(51,002,224)
Other interest income	11,892,517	7,263,176	4,629,341
Principal payments received on notes receivable	2,372,252	(6,936,114)	9,308,366
Increase in principal on notes receivable	(9,308,366)	-	(9,308,366)
Operating income (loss)	24,426,938	28,020,662	(3,593,724)
Depreciation and amortization expense	142,011,648	141,918,773	92,875
Receivables, net	56,568,711	10,954,300	45,614,411
Other assets	(97,336)	284,624	(381,960)
Lease receivables	(8,408,150)	(11,589,245)	3,181,095
Other liabilities	7,233,849	5,773,665	1,460,184

On October 25, 2023, the Airport Authority issued \$1.1 billion of Series A and B Senior Airport Revenue Bonds (Series 2023 Bonds). The Series 2023 Bonds were issued to finance certain capital improvements at SDIA including construction of the New Terminal 1, refund subordinate revolving obligations, purchase a portion of the subordinate Series 2021C Bond, fund a portion of the interest

accruing on the Series 2023 Bonds, fund the senior reserve fund, and pay the costs of issuance and underwriting fees of the Series 2023 Bonds. The Series 2023A and B Bonds are structured as both serial and term bonds that bear interest rates ranging from 5.0 percent to 5.25 percent and mature in fiscal years 2024 to 2059.

NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS



FINANCIAL NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 70 - SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY

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SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSETS) AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (PLAN YEAR REPORTED IN SUBSEQUENT FISCAL YEAR) DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability:									
Service cost	\$ 6,980,223	\$ 7,970,646	\$ 7,857,035	\$ 7,632,696	\$ 7,390,428	\$ 6,996,180	\$ 6,205,263	\$ 6,154,579	\$ 6,099,481
Interest (includes interest on service cost)	16,489,161	15,693,834	14,257,205	13,355,418	12,621,226	11,416,679	10,277,610	9,327,538	8,465,485
Differences between expected and									
actual experience	(1,288,936)	(2,239,695)	925,862	(645,462)	(2,630,285)	3,975,029	(2,178,527)	345,661	-
Effect of changes of assumptions	-	-	6,767,000	-	6,416,088	5,871,218	10,473,890	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of member contributions	(8,578,375)	(8,820,959)	(6,733,942)	(6,429,659)	(4,462,751)	(4,669,787)	(3,023,391)	(2,482,523)	(2,913,221)
Net change in total pension liability	13,602,073	12,603,826	23,073,160	13,912,993	19,334,706	23,589,319	21,754,845	13,345,255	11,651,745
Total pension liability - beginning	254,465,897	241,862,071	218,788,911	204,875,918	185,541,212	161,951,893	140,197,048	126,851,793	115,200,048
Total pension liability - ending	\$ 268,067,970	\$254,465,897	\$241,862,071	\$218,788,911	\$204,875,918	\$185,541,212	\$161,951,893	\$140,197,048	\$126,851,793
Plan Fiduciary Net Position:									
Contributions - employer	\$ 9,181,680	\$ 8,596,163	\$ 8,424,834	\$ 7,848,712	\$ 7,318,546	\$ 5,480,984	\$ 4,047,780	\$ 3,897,545	\$ 3,924,988
Contributions - employee	3,070,398	3,125,138	3,321,661	3,178,464	3,162,781	2,990,317	2,967,269	2,840,236	2,765,079
Net investment income	(4,188,463)	53,140,343	390,013	12,086,349	14,036,710	19,480,875	1,651,283	4,390,185	18,302,683
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of member contributions	(8,578,375)	(8,820,959)	(6,733,942)	(6,429,659)	(4,462,751)	(4,669,786)	(3,023,391)	(2,482,523)	(2,913,221)
Administrative expense	(461,899)	(423,018)	(386,698)	(359,095)	(350,408)	(325,042)	(318,817)	(332,290)	(332,645)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(976,659)	55,617,667	5,015,868	16,324,771	19,704,878	22,957,348	5,324,124	8,313,153	21,746,884
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	263,460,943	207,843,276	202,827,408	186,502,637	166,797,759	143,840,411	138,516,287	130,203,134	108,456,250
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$ 262,484,284	\$263,460,943	\$207,843,276	\$202,827,408	\$186,502,637	\$166,797,759	\$143,840,411	\$138,516,287	\$130,203,134
Net pension liability (asset) - ending	\$ 5,583,686	\$ (8,995,046)	\$ 34,018,795	\$ 15,961,503	\$ 18,373,281	\$ 18,743,453	\$ 18,111,482	\$ 1,680,761	\$ (3,351,341)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage									
of the total pension liability	97.92%	103.53%	85.93%	92.70%	91.03%	89.90%	88.82%	98.80%	102.64%
Covered payroll	\$ 30,809,714	\$ 33,328,788	\$ 32,828,449	\$ 31,584,841	\$ 31,628,301	\$ 31,131,795	\$ 29,189,357	\$ 27,955,455	\$ 26,380,323
Net pension liability as a percentage									
of covered payroll	18.12%	(26.99%)	103.63%	50.54%	58.09%	60.21%	62.05%	6.01%	(12.70%)

Note to schedule: This schedule is intended to display the most recent 10 years of data for annual changes in the net pension liability. Until such time has elapsed after implementing GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule will only present information from those years that are available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (PENSIONS) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS): DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (CONTINUED)

	2023	2022		2021		2020	2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 4,944	\$	6,570	\$	6,125	\$ 6,159	\$ 5,740
Contributions in relation to the actuarially							
determined contribution	7,664		9,102		8,522	8,356	7,783
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (2,720)	\$	(2,532)	\$	(2,397)	\$ (2,197)	\$ (2,043)
Covered payroll	\$ 33,458	\$	30,810	\$	33,329	\$ 32,828	\$ 31,585
Contributions as a percentage of							
covered payroll	22.91%		29.54%		25.57%	25.45%	24.64%

	2018		2017		2016		2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 5,416	\$	3,765	\$	3,666	\$	3,823	\$ 2,900
Contributions in relation to the actuarially								
determined contribution	7,247		5,421		3,948		3,823	3,728
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (1,831)	\$	(1,656)	\$	(282)	\$	-	\$ (828)
Covered payroll	\$ 31,628	\$	31,132	\$	29,189	\$	27,955	\$ 26,380
Contributions as a percentage of								
covered payroll	22.91%		17.41%		13.53%		13.68%	14.13%

* This schedule is presented for the fiscal year.



NCIAL 2 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SAN DIEGO COUNTY REGIONAL AIRPORT AUTHORITY - 73

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (CONTINUED)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (PLAN YEAR REPORTED IN SUBSEQUENT FISCAL YEAR) PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS TRUST PLAN

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total Pension Liability							
Service cost	\$	68,342	\$ 88,557	\$ 55,276	\$ 49,343	\$ 51,774	\$ 60,994
Interest cost		51,359	54,559	62,061	64,133	53,311	35,323
Differences between expected and actual experience		(381,597)	(195,545)	(57,318)	(64,295)	193,013	388,329
Changes of assumptions		(437,754)	22,116	661,465	109,070	(89,712)	(214,765)
Benefit Payments		(59,667)	(41,662)	(43,301)	(47,081)	(31,329)	-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(759,317)	(71,975)	678,183	111,170	177,057	269,881
Total pension liability -beginning		2,373,440	2,445,415	1,767,232	1,656,062	1,479,005	1,209,124
Total pension liability - ending	\$	1,614,123	\$ 2,373,440	\$ 2,445,415	\$ 1,767,232	\$ 1,656,062	\$ 1,479,005
Covered payroll	\$ 3	0,809,714	\$ 33,328,788	\$ 32,828,449	\$ 31,584,841	\$ 31,628,301	\$ 31,131,795
Net Pension Liability as a percentage of payroll		5.24%	7.12%	7.45%	5.60%	5.24%	4.75%

Note to schedule: This schedule is intended to display the most recent 10 years of data for annual changes in the total pension liability. Until such time has elapsed after implementing GASB Statement No. 68, this schedule will only present information from those years that are available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (PENSIONS), LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS: PRESERVATION OF BENEFITS TRUST PLAN

	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	20,583		52,398		42,682		41,249		45,353
\$	(20,583)	\$	(52,398)	\$	(42,682)	\$	(41,249)	\$	(45,353)
\$ 33	,458,445	\$	30,809,714	\$	33,328,788	\$	32,828,449	\$	31,584,841
	0.06%		0.17%		0.13%		0.13%		0.14%
	\$	20,583 \$ (20,583) \$ 33,458,445	\$ - \$ 20,583 \$ (20,583) \$ \$ 33,458,445 \$	\$ - \$ - 52,398 \$ (20,583) \$ (52,398) \$ 33,458,445 \$ 30,809,714	\$ - \$ - \$ 20,583 52,398 \$ \$ (20,583) \$ (52,398) \$ \$ 33,458,445 \$ 30,809,714 \$	20,583 52,398 42,682 \$ (20,583) \$ (52,398) \$ (42,682) \$ 33,458,445 \$ 30,809,714 \$ 33,328,788	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 20,583	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - 20,583 52,398 42,682 41,249 \$ (20,583) \$ (52,398) \$ (42,682) \$ (41,249) \$ 33,458,445 \$ 30,809,714 \$ 33,328,788 \$ 32,828,449	20,583 52,398 42,682 41,249 \$ (20,583) \$ (52,398) \$ (42,682) \$ (41,249) \$ 33,458,445 \$ 30,809,714 \$ 33,328,788 \$ 32,828,449 \$

* This schedule is presented for the fiscal year.

Note to schedule: This schedule is intended to display the most recent 10 years of data for annual changes in the total pension liability. Until such time has elapsed after implementing GASB Statement No. 73, this schedule will only present information from those years that are available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (PLAN YEAR REPORTED IN SUBSEQUENT FISCAL YEAR): OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (CONTINUED)

	2023	2022	2021			2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability							
Service Cost	\$ 570,006	\$ 446,223	\$	501,198	\$	449,596	\$ 436,501
Interest Cost	1,546,979	1,829,473		1,739,459		1,883,080	1,772,578
Difference between expected and							
actual experience	-	(3,669,756)		-		(169,582)	-
Changes of Assumptions	-	4,568,725		-		(1,531,369)	-
Benefit Payments	(951,488)	919,462		(784,845)		(775,225)	(622,425)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	1,165,497	2,255,213		1,455,812		(143,500)	1,586,654
Total OPEB Liability (Beginning)	29,372,019	27,116,806		25,660,994		25,804,494	24,217,840
Total OPEB Liability (Ending)	\$ 30,537,516	\$ 29,372,019	\$	27,116,806	\$	25,660,994	\$ 25,804,494
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions—Employer	\$ 951,488	\$ 919,462	\$	784,845	\$	775,225	\$ 622,425
Net Investment Income	(3,627,823)	4,973,926		982,113		1,604,058	1,896,351
Benefit Payments	(951,488)	(919,462)		(784,845)		(775,225)	(622,425)
Administrative Expense	(8,562)	(10,452)		(13,580)		(5,611)	(12,568)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(3,636,385)	4,963,474		968,533		1,598,447	1,883,783
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Beginning)	33,729,495	28,766,021		27,797,488		26,199,041	24,315,258
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Ending)	\$ 30,093,110	\$ 33,729,495	\$	28,766,021	\$	27,797,488	\$ 26,199,041
Net OPEB Asset	\$ 444,406	\$ (4,357,476)	\$	(1,649,215)	\$	(2,136,494)	\$ (394,547)
Net Position as a Percentage of OPEB Liability	98.54%	114.84%		106.08%		108.33%	101.53%
Covered Payroll	\$ 14,296,047	\$ 12,786,000	\$	14,608,940	\$	13,869,000	\$ 16,625,857
Net OPEB Asset as a Percentage of Payroll	3.11%	(34.08%)		(11.29%)		(15.40%)	(2.37%)

Note to schedule: This schedule is intended to display the most recent 10 years of data for annual changes in the net OPEB liability (asset). Until such time has elapsed after implementing GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule will only present information from the years that are available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS (OPEB) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS): OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

	2023	2022		2021	2020	2019
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 264	\$	326	\$ 365 \$	427	\$ 486
Contributions in relation to the actuarially						
determined contribution	1,002		951	919	785	339
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (738)	\$	(625)	\$ (554) \$	(358)	\$ 147
Covered payroll	\$ 14,296	\$	12,786	\$ 12,786 \$	14,609	\$ 13,869
Contributions as a percentage of						
covered payroll	7.01%		7.44%	7.19%	5.37%	2.44%

Note to schedule: This schedule is intended to display the most recent 10 years of data for annual OPEB contributions. Until such time has elapsed after implementing GASB Statement No. 75, this schedule will only present information from those years that are available.



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Airport Authority's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends Data – These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Airport Authority's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

 Authority operating revenues and O&M expenses 	Exhibit S-1
 Authority net position by component 	Exhibit S-2
 Authority changes in net position 	Exhibit S-3
 Authority largest sources of revenue 	Exhibit S-4

Revenue Capacity – These tables contain information to help the reader assess the Airport Authority's most significant revenue sources.

 Authority landing fee rate 	Exhibit S-5
 Terminal rates billed to airlines 	Exhibit S-6
Airline cost per enplaned passenger	Exhibit S-7

Operating Information – These tables are intended to provide contextual information about the Airport Authority's operations and resources in order for readers to understand and assess its economic condition.

Authority employee head count	Exhibit S-8
Aircraft operations	Exhibit S-9
Aircraft landed weight	Exhibit S-10
Aircraft landed weight by airline	Exhibit S-11
Passenger enplanements	Exhibit S-12
 Enplanement market share by airline by fiscal year 	Exhibit S-13
Capital assets	Exhibit S-14

Demographic and Economic Information – These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Airport Authority's financial activities take place.

• Population & per capita personal income

– San Diego County	Exhibit S-15
Principal employers in San Diego County	Exhibit S-16
Labor force, employment and unemployment rates	Exhibit S-17

Debt Capacity – These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Airport Authority's current levels of outstanding debt and the Authority's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

 Debt service coverage 	Exhibit S-18
 Debt services coverage – Series 2014 CFC Bonds 	Exhibit S-19
Deht ner ennlaned nassenger	Fyhihit S-20

EXHIBIT S-1 AUTHORITY REVENUES AND O&M EXPENSES (\$000)

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

Operating Revenues	2023	2022 4	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Airline revenue										
Landing fees	\$ 44,741	\$ 35,354 \$	34,046 \$	33,242 \$	24,816 \$	23,900 \$	24,612 \$	23,985 \$	21,390 \$	19,107
Aircraft parking fees	11,189	8,856	8,542	8,354	3,471	3,236	2,927	2,701	2,716	2,503
Building rentals	129,744	97,047	83,090	82,453	70,912	62,241	56,575	53,536	48,153	46,001
Security surcharge		-	-	-	33,559	32,303	29,468	29,223	25,180	25,777
Other aviation revenue	7,123	6,518	8,192	7,789	1,596	1,477	2,799	2,760	4,893	4,488
Concession revenue	75,559	88,138	41,801	57,243	71,256	65,610	61,256	29,249	52,496	47,770
Parking and ground transportation revenue	65,415	57,076	27,447	50,751	62,818	53,254	49,407	75,131	41,632	38,959
Ground rentals	23,257	19,651	19,809	21,386	22,810	22,109	20,053	16,226	13,074	9,603
Other operating revenue	3,735	2,999	1,680	1,818	2,441	1,949	1,750	1,183	971	1,529
Total Operating Revenues	\$ 360,762	\$ 315,640 \$	224,606 \$	263,036 \$	293,679 \$	266,079 \$	248,847 \$	233,994 \$	210,505 \$	195,737

Operating Expenses Before Depreciation	2023	2022 4	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Salaries and benefits	\$ 51,231 \$	46,373 \$	52,922 \$	51,667 \$	49,578 \$	47,866	\$ 46,874	\$ 42,025	\$ 39,211	\$ 39,135
Contractual services	45,581	34,491	24,977	37,694	49,903	45,249	44,372	38,215	32,422	31,559
Safety and security	33,043	34,191	35,086	29,457	31,397	30,733	28,422	28,721	23,464	24,151
Space rental	313	839	64	10,207	10,191	10,190	10,190	10,367	10,433	10,478
Utilities	17,567	14,193	11,730	12,748	13,194	12,509	10,736	11,480	10,152	8,680
Maintenance	16,417	10,747	9,111	11,584	13,436	12,603	14,270	14,122	14,516	13,982
Equipment and systems	922	340	425	336	375	598	506	708	1,805	643
Materials and supplies	661	496	450	651	656	655	611	536	519	440
Insurance	1,997	1,741	1,519	1,308	1,200	1,098	956	949	1,145	988
Employee development and support	681	537	442	967	1,045	1,248	1,347	1,242	1,136	1,171
Business development	1,916	1,781	209	2,033	2,630	3,246	2,347	2,390	2,493	2,661
Equipment rentals and repairs	4,010	3,472	3,380	3,598	3,614	3,124	3,095	2,852	2,951	2,932
Total Operating Expenses Before Depreciation	\$ 174,339 \$	149,201 \$	140,313 \$	162,250 \$	177,219 \$	169,119	\$ 163,725,529	\$ 153,608,455	\$ 140,249,709	\$ 136,820,655

EXHIBIT S-2 AUTHORITY NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (\$000)

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

Net investment in capital assets
Other restricted net position
Unrestricted net position
Total net position

¹ Amounts for 2016 were restated as per GASB 68

² Amounts for 2018 were restated as per GASB 75

³ Amounts for 2021 were restated as per GASB 87

 $^4\,\mathrm{Amounts}$ for 2022 were restated as per GASB 94 & 96

	2023	2022 4	2021 ³	2020	2019	2018 ²	2017	2016 ¹	2015	2014
\$	330,220	\$ 420,903	\$ 325,062	\$ 266,213	\$ 281,491	\$ 294,937	\$ 263,952	\$ 310,339	\$ 316,250	\$ 312,780
	230,636	176,638	192,484	211,329	246,508	230,954	225,088	214,533	215,968	204,642
	472,323	316,527	372,011	407,524	325,303	284,034	294,133	251,076	210,522	209,594
\$	1 033 179	\$ 914 068	\$ 889,557	\$ 885,066	\$ 853,302	\$ 809,925	\$ 783,173	\$ 775,949	\$ 742,740	\$ 727,016

EXHIBIT S-3 AUTHORITY CHANGES IN NET POSITION (\$000)

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

	2023	2022 4	2021 ³	2020	2019	2018 ²	2017	2016 ¹	2015	2014
Operating revenues:										
Airline revenue:										
Landing fees	\$ 44,741	\$ 35,354 \$	34,046 \$	33,242 \$	24,816 \$	23,900 \$	24,612 \$	23,985 \$	21,390 \$	19,107
Aircraft parking fees	11,189	8,856	8,542	8,354	3,471	3,236	2,927	2,701	2,716	2,503
Building rentals	129,744	97,047	83,090	82,453	70,912	62,241	56,575	53,536	48,153	46,001
Security surcharge	-	-	-	-	33,559	32,303	29,468	29,223	25,180	25,777
Other aviation revenue	7,123	6,518	8,192	7,789	1,596	1,477	2,799	2,760	4,893	4,488
Concession revenue	75,559	88,138	41,801	57,243	71,256	65,610	61,256	56,274	52,496	47,770
Parking and ground transportation revenue	65,415	57,076	27,447	50,751	62,818	53,254	49,407	48,106	41,632	38,959
Ground rentals	23,257	19,651	19,809	21,386	22,810	22,109	20,053	16,226	13,074	9,603
Other operating revenue	3,735	2,999	1,680	1,818	2,441	1,949	1,750	1,183	971	1,529
Total operating revenues	360,762	315,640	224,606	263,036	293,679	266,079	248,847	233,994	210,505	195,737
Operating expenses before depreciation and amortization:										
Salaries and benefits	51,231	46,373	52,922	51,667	49,578	47,866	46,874	42,025	39,211	39,135
Contractual services	45,581	34,491	24,977	37,694	49,903	45,249	44,372	38,215	32,422	31,559
Safety and security	33,043	34,191	35,086	29,457	31,397	30,733	28,422	28,721	23,465	24,151
Space rental	313	839	64	10,207	10,191	10,190	10,190	10,367	10,433	10,478
Utilities	17,567	14,193	11,730	12,748	13,194	12,509	10,736	11,480	10,152	8,680
Maintenance	16,417	10,747	9,111	11,584	13,436	12,603	14,270	14,122	14,516	13,982
Equipment and systems	922	340	425	336	375	598	506	708	1,805	643
Materials and supplies	661	496	450	651	656	655	611	536	519	440
Insurance	1,997	1,741	1,519	1,308	1,200	1,098	956	949	1,145	988
Employee development and support	681	537	442	967	1,045	1,248	1,347	1,242	1,136	1,171
Business development	1,916	1,781	209	2,033	2,630	3,246	2,347	2,390	2,493	2,661
Equipment rentals and repairs	4,010	3,472	3,380	3,598	3,614	3,124	3,095	2,852	2,951	2,932
Total operating expenses before depreciation and amortization	174,339	149,201	140,313	162,250	177,219	169,119	163,726	153,607	140,248	136,820
Income from operations before depreciation and amortization	186,423	166,438	84,293	100,786	116,460	96,960	85,121	80,387	70,257	58,917
Depreciation and amortization expense	131,586	142,012	137,496	131,587	124,329	105,532	95,229	87,821	81,887	81,598
Operating income (loss)	54,837	24,427	(53,202)	(30,801)	(7,869)	(8,572)	(10,108)	(7,434)	(11,630)	(22,681)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
Passenger facility charges	46,755	40,394	22,110	34,393	49,198	46,953	42,200	40,258	38,517	35,770
Customer facility charges	34,375	30,333	15,755	30,240	41,918	41,036	36,528	33,208	32,465	27,545
CARES Act/ACRGP Act Grants	-	78,922	77,219	36,895	-	-	-	-	-	-
Quieter Home Program, net	(2,051)	(2,541)	(3,233)	(3,295)	(3,192)	(2,747)	(785)	(3,698)	(2,811)	(2,750)
Joint Studies Program	-	-	-	-	(99)	(114)	-	(101)	(145)	(152)
Other interest income	11,145	11,893	6,748	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	50,882	(48,884)	2,495	32,430	25,533	9,426	5,689	5,999	5,747	5,211
Interest expense	(127,464)	(109,675)	(76,628)	(73,612)	(74,501)	(68,411)	(58,179)	(50,636)	(55,187)	(51,984)
Build America Bonds Rebate	-	-	-	-	4,686	4,666	4,651	4,656	4,631	4,636
Other revenues (expenses), net	(1,654)	(13,316)	(705)	1,442	(510)	(9,281)	(14,676)	2,247	1,367	434
Nonoperating revenue, net	11,987	(12,873)	43,761	58,493	43,033	21,528	15,428	31,933	24,584	18,710
Income before capital grant contributions	66,824	11,554	(9,441)	27,692	35,164	12,956	5,320	24,499	12,954	(3,971)
Capital grant contributions	52,287	12,958	13,932	4,072	8,213	13,079	1,904	10,477	10,765	3,924
Change in net position	119,111	24,512	4,491	31,764	43,377	26,035	7,224	34,976	23,719	(47)
Prior Period Adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	717	-	(1,767)	(7,993)	-
Net position, beginning of year	914,069	889,557	885,066	853,302	809,925	783,173	775,949	742,740	727,016	727,064
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,033,180	\$ 914,069 \$	889,557 \$	885,066 \$	853,302 \$	809,925 \$	783,173 \$	775,949 \$	742,742 \$	727,017

¹ Amounts for 2016 were restated as per GASB 68

 $^{\rm 2}$ Amounts for 2018 were restated as per GASB 75

³ Amounts for 2021 were restated as per GASB 87

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

Tenant	2023	2022	2021 ³	2020	2019	2018 ²	2017	2016 ¹	2015	2014
Southwest Airlines	\$ 59,517,741	\$ 46,676,116	\$ 32,981,547	\$ 44,940,626	\$ 42,358,547	\$ 38,403,919	\$ 35,960,638	\$ 33,838,686	\$ 33,107,335	\$ 29,548,565
Alaska Airlines ⁵	29,361,297	25,229,826	19,163,465	20,633,199	17,436,299	16,352,834	11,705,334	10,612,367	9,712,564	8,008,057
Delta Airlines	28,222,722	23,051,398	16,637,440	22,063,736	18,367,799	17,007,240	16,123,110	14,418,056	13,560,515	12,005,146
United Airlines	26,967,634	19,809,053	16,629,587	20,204,377	18,335,068	17,520,412	16,227,363	14,518,119	15,687,045	15,364,094
American Airlines ⁴	21,754,057	19,653,281	17,009,804	17,150,267	17,073,172	16,581,217	17,075,112	15,321,505	15,888,023	15,785,140
Avis Rent-A-Car ⁶	15,715,254	14,247,125	4,666,097	8,446,736	-	-	-	-	-	-
Enterprise Rent-A-Car	14,532,491	12,725,271	5,913,051	12,238,158	12,779,605	12,285,652	11,188,393	9,451,127	7,998,222	7,162,116
Hertz Rent-A-Car	12,587,839	11,065,293	5,303,020	10,829,239	11,538,847	11,017,486	11,142,905	8,225,179	6,236,082	6,149,759
Uber Technologies, Inc	11,222,131	6,805,565	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SSP America	7.617.329									

¹ Amounts for 2016 were restated as per GASB 68

² Amounts for 2018 were restated as per GASB 75

³ Amounts for 2021 were restated as per GASB 87

⁴ On December 9, 2013, AMR Corporation (American Airlines) merged with US Airways Group, forming American Airlines Group. A single operating certificate was issued by the FAA and operational integration was on April 7, 2015. Data for US Airways and American Airlines have been combined in this table.

⁵ Alaska Airlines and Virgin America received their single operating certificate from the FAA on January 11, 2018 and began operating as Alaska Airlines on April 25, 2018. Data for Alaska Airlines and Virgin America have been combined in this table.

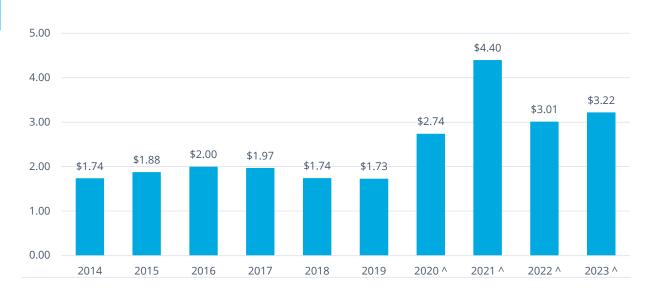
⁶ On February 2, 2020 Avis Budget Car Rental LLC entered into a purchase agreement with BW-Budget-SDA LLC aquiring all agreemts at SAN. Data for BW-Budget and Avis have been combined on this table.

Note: Amounts depicted in this exhibit reflect principal and interest payments for leases subject to GASB Statement No.87, leases outside the scope of the standard reflect revenue

EXHIBIT S-5 AUTHORITY LANDING FEE RATE (\$ PER 1,000 LBS)

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

AUTHORITY LANDING FEE RATE



*Signatury Rate

Terminal Rate is the rate billed to the airlines for the rent of terminal space per square foot.

TERMINAL RATE PER SQUARE FOOT



*Signatury Rate

Terminal Rate is the rate billed to the airlines for the rent of terminal space per square foot.







Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

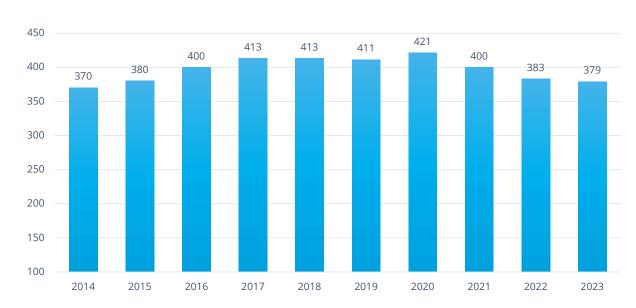
COST PER ENPLANED PASSENGER

Fiscal Year	Enplaned	Cost per
2014	9,082	\$10.54
2015	9,713	\$10.26
2016	10,206	\$10.71
2017	10,596	\$10.71
2018	11,732	\$10.35
2019	12,356	\$10.74
2020	9,235	\$13.73
2021	4.861	\$26.06
2022	9.953	\$14.24
2023	11.868	\$15.84



Airline Cost per Enplaned Passenger is the total annual cost of fees and charges paid by the airlines divided by the total fiscal year enplanements.

AUTHORITY EMPLOYEE HEAD COUNT



The Airport Authority does not have part-time employees. This chart reflects the average number of employees for the fiscal years shown above.





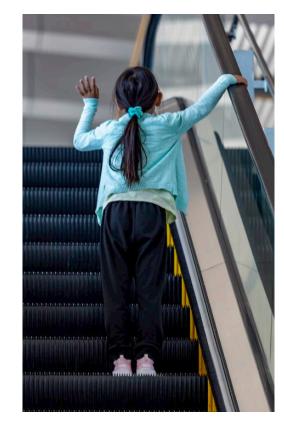


EXHIBIT S-9 AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS (TAKEOFFS & LANDINGS)

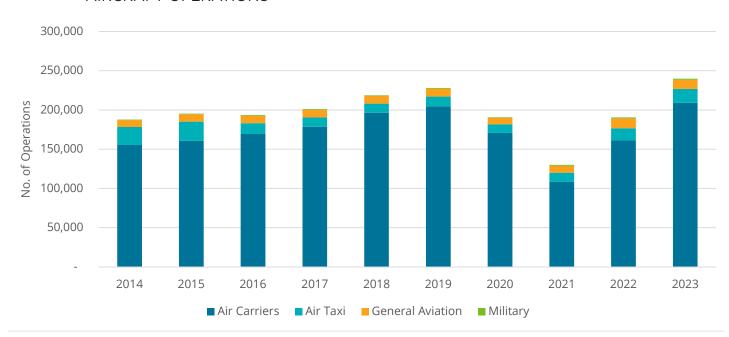
Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

Fiscal Year	Air Carriers	Air Taxi	General	Military	Total
2014	155,310	22,953	8,930	597	187,790
2015	160,726	24,336	9,534	669	195,265
2016	169,365	13,741	9,439	906	193,451
2017	178,579	11,899	9,719	814	201,011
2018	196,253	11,903	9,816	699	218,671
2019	204,627	12,539	10,167	759	228,092
2020	170,757	10,990	8,174	825	190,746
2021	108,240	11,844	8,835	1,098	130,017
2022	161,150	15,547	12,611	1,177	190,485
2023	209,144	17,623	11,640	1,421	239,828

Source: FAA ATADS Report: Air Operations Standard Report (itinerant only)

Source: FAA ATADS Report: Air Operations Standard Report (itinerant only)

AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS



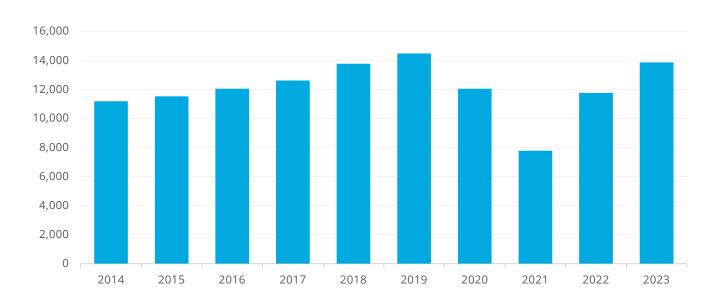
Aircraft Operations are the takeoffs and landings at SDIA.

They represent the level of demand for air service by the airlines operating at SDIA.

EXHIBIT S-10 AIRCRAFT LANDED WEIGHTS (IN MILLIONS LBS)

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

AIRCRAFT LANDED WEIGHTS (IN MILLIONS LBS)



Landed Weight is the maximum gross certificated landed weight in one million pound units as stated in the airlines' flight operational manual. Landed weight is used to calculate landing fees for both airline and general aviation aircraft operated at the airport.



Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

Airline	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Southwest Airlines	5,001,008	3,688,292	2,277,011	4,422,096	5,180,064	4,924,451	4,470,104	4,257,162	4,214,314	3,925,362
Delta Airlines	1,516,632	1,497,160	1,049,374	1,221,773	1,389,312	1,183,702	1,175,285	1,153,074	1,077,103	1,016,878
American Airlines ²	1,317,772	1,238,946	917,691	1,201,659	1,415,134	1,471,318	1,428,538	1,467,922	1,359,911	1,349,554
Alaska Airlines ³	1,410,162	1,196,955	769,364	1,162,582	1,411,255	1,131,807	999,875	924,310	888,065	884,727
United Airlines ¹	1,450,512	1,260,134	694,980	1,201,192	1,566,148	1,492,873	1,355,185	1,250,500	1,227,974	1,340,736
Skywest Airlines	755,828	709,412	504,012	481,705	637,117	627,038	465,023	359,197	408,608	396,054
Federal Express	405,893	476,195	466,734	394,288	375,807	388,782	390,716	444,038	384,686	419,127
Frontier Airlines	311,884	264,830	199,836	204,924	247,145	232,794	167,590	115,238	153,880	192,493
JetBlue Airlines	316,168	292,311	171,957	260,940	281,715	293,160	244,364	199,232	193,848	189,979
Horizon Air- Alaska Airlines	41,325	166,950	145,050	146,100	82,650	100,303	54,799	60,268	88,241	94,972
United Parcel	137,094	138,064	138,926	146,624	138,860	143,678	146,778	135,318	127,660	121,742
Spirit Airlines	288,873	165,464	125,589	230,911	331,366	328,424	286,162	351,977	296,925	245,669
Hawaiian Airlines	209,839	211,844	122,574	155,345	237,560	161,486	147,568	147,406	146,284	147,325
ABX Air	272	6,068	83,216	42,542	-	-	-	-	42,666	70,039
Allegiant	75,345	53,883	38,889	19,387	31,927	47,516	57,227	17,403	7,053	7,790
Subtotal	13,238,607	11,366,508	7,705,202	11,292,068	13,326,060	12,527,333	11,389,213	10,883,044	10,617,218	10,402,446
All Others	620,449	397,577	74,326	761,011	1,155,170	1,011,526	948,114	883,687	665,721	552,184
Total	13,859,056	11,764,085	7,779,528	12,053,080	14,481,229	13,769,945	12,616,068	12,048,142	11,523,720	11,186,766
Annual % Change	17.8%	-16.8%	-16.8%	-16.8%	5.2%	9.1%	4.7%	4.6%	3.0%	1.6%

¹ United and Continental completed their merger on October 1, 2010 and began operating as United on November 30, 2011. The enplanements are combined for the purpose of this table.

² US Airways merged with American Airlines on December 9, 2013. A single operating certificate was issued by the FAA and operational integration was on April 7, 2015. The enplanements are combined for the purpose of this table.

³ Alaska Airlines and Virgin America received their single operating certificate from the FAA on January 11, 2018 and began operating as Alaska Airlines on April 25, 2018. The enplanements are combined for the purpose of this table.

Airline	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Southwest Airlines	36.1%	31.4%	29.3%	36.7%	35.8%	35.8%	35.4%	35.3%	36.6%	35.1%
Delta Airlines	10.9%	12.7%	13.5%	10.1%	9.6%	8.6%	9.3%	9.6%	9.3%	9.1%
American Airlines ²	9.5%	10.5%	11.8%	10.0%	9.8%	10.7%	11.3%	12.2%	11.8%	12.1%
Alaska Airlines ³	10.2%	10.2%	9.9%	9.6%	9.7%	8.2%	7.9%	7.7%	7.7%	7.9%
United Airlines ¹	10.5%	10.7%	8.9%	10.0%	10.8%	10.8%	10.7%	10.4%	10.7%	12.0%
Skywest Airlines	5.5%	6.0%	6.5%	4.0%	4.4%	4.6%	3.7%	3.0%	3.5%	3.5%
Federal Express	2.9%	4.0%	6.0%	3.3%	2.6%	2.8%	3.1%	3.7%	3.3%	3.7%
Frontier Airlines	2.3%	2.3%	2.6%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.5%	1.0%	1.3%	1.7%
JetBlue Airlines	2.3%	2.5%	2.2%	2.2%	1.9%	2.1%	1.9%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%
Horizon Air- Alaska Airlines	0.3%	1.4%	1.9%	1.2%	0.6%	0.7%	0.4%	0.5%	0.8%	0.8%
United Parcel	1.0%	1.2%	1.8%	1.2%	1.0%	1.0%	1.2%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%
Spirit Airlines	2.1%	1.4%	1.6%	1.9%	2.3%	2.4%	2.3%	2.9%	2.6%	2.2%
Hawaiian Airlines	1.5%	1.8%	1.6%	1.3%	1.6%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	1.3%	1.3%
ABX Air	0.0%	0.1%	1.1%	0.4%	-	-	-	-	0.4%	0.6%
Allegiant	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%
Subtotal	95.5%	96.6%	99.0%	93.7%	92.0%	91.0%	90.3%	90.3%	92.1%	93.0%
All Others	4.5%	3.4%	1.0%	6.3%	8.0%	9.0%	9.7%	9.7%	7.9%	7.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

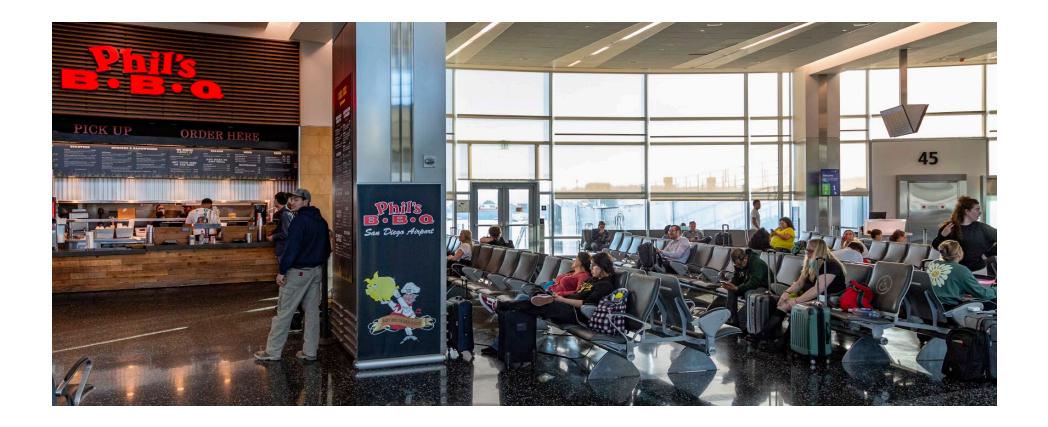


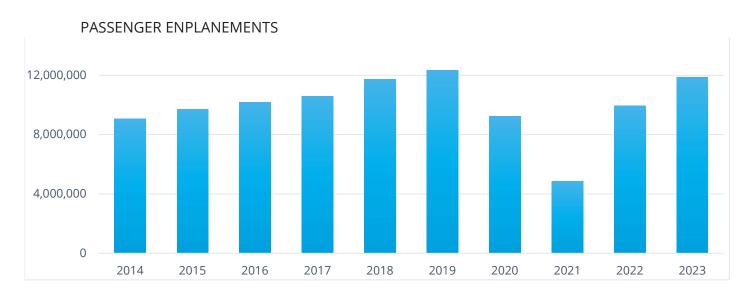
EXHIBIT S-12 PASSENGER ENPLANEMENTS

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

	Enplaned	%	% Change US
FiscalYear	Passengers	Change SAN	Average
2014	9,082,244	3.9 %	2.2 %
2015	9,713,066	6.9 %	3.7 %
2016	10,206,222	5.1 %	5.4 %
2017	10,596,483	3.8 %	3.4 %
2018	11,731,833	10.7 %	4.3 %
2019	12,356,286	5.3 %	4.3 %
2020	9,235,459	(25.3)%	(25.9)%
2021	4,860,931	(47.4)%	(41.5)%
2022	9,953,162	104.8 %	91.8 %
2023	11,867,569	19.2 %	16.8 %

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation T-100

Note: International data for April - June 2023 not available at time of publication.



Enplaned Passenger is any revenue passenger boarding at the airport, including any passenger that previously disembarked from another aircraft (i.e. connecting passenger).



EXHIBIT S-13 ENPLANEMENT MARKET SHARE BY AIRLINE BY FISCAL YEAR

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

Air Carrier	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Air Canada	135,080	43,376	-	90,425	130,404	110,684	93,274	48,985	41,175	36,636
Alaska Airlines ¹	1,350,550	1,099,999	474,179	976,326	1,253,433	1,031,537	918,841	902,705	871,775	830,349
Allegiant Airlines	75,959	49,355	22,391	13,162	30,750	44,934	49,480	16,825	7,406	7,859
American Airlines ²	1,282,356	1,238,336	767,833	1,050,613	1,339,334	1,366,634	1,339,489	1,369,003	747,493	693,995
British Airways	91,914	41,417	-	57,998	83,492	82,543	90,200	89,723	84,263	84,600
Condor	-	-	-	-	-	7,815	3,902	-	-	-
Delta Air Lines	1,411,595	1,215,201	567,589	1,058,188	1,336,885	1,126,873	1,088,647	1,061,889	992,498	915,907
Edelweiss	-	-	-	2,317	6,271	6,990	1,215	-	-	-
Frontier Airlines	349,379	272,802	180,181	201,280	277,320	254,760	180,235	118,990	150,595	185,270
Hawaiian Airlines	148,305	133,525	61,754	102,759	149,744	108,971	107,776	102,462	96,963	98,667
Japan Airlines	31,380	12,784	1,027	43,596	66,688	62,034	59,916	59,647	59,372	54,213
JetBlue Airways	285,079	249,217	90,332	195,279	230,909	248,325	224,700	182,605	178,590	173,282
Lufthansa	47,928	13,695	-	34,654	49,974	13,037	-	-	-	-
Southwest Airlines	4,190,108	3,393,713	1,627,594	3,474,860	4,656,029	4,457,984	3,967,487	3,840,455	3,736,688	3,352,870
Spirit Airlines	303,804	168,192	111,604	225,279	323,623	318,201	287,208	327,183	252,219	201,414
Sun Country Airlines	41,618	35,962	23,461	37,073	40,167	41,466	40,109	34,886	28,732	27,276
Swoop, Inc.	543	3,637	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
United Airlines ³	1,412,222	1,256,748	552,709	1,043,393	1,481,166	1,405,663	1,266,055	1,165,565	1,113,510	1,167,661
US Airways ²	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	523,034	554,244
Virgin America ¹	-	-	-	-	-	183,672	212,158	211,075	175,973	156,729
Volaris	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,948	21,343	20,004	23,285
WestJet	32,290	11,836	-	28,905	42,939	39,285	41,043	34,516	33,723	31,805
Total Air Carrier	11,190,110	9,239,795	4,480,654	8,636,107	11,499,128	10,911,408	9,975,683	9,587,857	9,114,013	8,596,062
Danianal										
Regional				161 112	206.001	251.066	105 126	240.722	140.012	0.563
Compass	-	-	-	161,113	296,091	251,066	195,126	249,723	140,012	8,563
Horizon Air	35,578	137,421	89,894	107,373	64,135	82,131	53,517	64,758	83,764	84,000
Skywest Airlines	641,881	575,946	290,383	330,866	496,932	487,228	372,157	301,592	371,979	341,365
Other	-	- 712 267	- 200 277	-				2,292	3,298	52,254
Total Regional	677,459	713,367	380,277	599,352	857,158	820,425	620,800	618,365	599,053	486,182
Total Passengers	11,867,569	9,953,162	4,860,931	9,235,459	12,356,286	11,731,833	10,596,483	10,206,222	9,713,066	9,082,244

¹ Alaska Airlines and Virgin America received their single operating certificate from the FAA on January 11, 2018 and began operating as Alaska Airlines on April 25, 2018. The enplanements are combined for the purpose of this table.

² US Airways merged with American Airlines on December 9, 2013. A single operating certificate was issued by the FAA and operational integration was on April 7, 2015. The enplanements are combined for the purpose of this table.

³ United and Continental completed their merger on October 1, 2010 and began operating as United on November 30, 2011. The enplanements are combined for the purpose of this table.

EXHIBIT S-13 ENPLANEMENT MARKET SHARE BY AIRLINE BY FISCAL YEAR

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

Air Carrier	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Air Canada	1.2%	0.5%	0.0%	1.0%	1.1%	1.0%	0.9%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%
Alaska Airlines ¹	12.1%	11.9%	10.6%	11.3%	10.9%	9.5%	9.2%	9.4%	9.6%	9.7%
Allegiant Airlines	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%	0.5%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%
American Airlines ²	11.5%	13.4%	17.1%	12.2%	11.6%	12.5%	13.4%	14.3%	8.2%	8.1%
British Airways	0.8%	0.4%	0.0%	0.7%	0.7%	0.8%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	1.0%
Condor	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Delta Air Lines	12.6%	13.2%	12.7%	12.3%	11.6%	10.3%	10.9%	11.1%	10.9%	10.7%
Edelweiss	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Frontier Airlines	3.1%	3.0%	4.0%	2.3%	2.4%	2.3%	1.8%	1.2%	1.7%	2.2%
Hawaiian Airlines	1.3%	1.4%	1.4%	1.2%	1.3%	1.0%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%
Japan Airlines	0.3%	0.1%	0.0%	0.5%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	0.6%
JetBlue Airways	2.5%	2.7%	2.0%	2.3%	2.0%	2.3%	2.3%	1.9%	2.0%	2.0%
Lufthansa	0.4%	0.1%	0.0%	0.4%	0.4%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Southwest Airlines	37.4%	36.7%	36.3%	40.2%	40.5%	40.9%	39.8%	40.1%	41.0%	39.0%
Spirit Airlines	2.7%	1.8%	2.5%	2.6%	2.8%	2.9%	2.9%	3.4%	2.8%	2.3%
Sun Country Airlines	0.4%	0.4%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%
Swoop, Inc.	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
United Airlines ³	12.6%	13.6%	12.3%	12.1%	12.9%	12.9%	12.7%	12.2%	12.2%	13.6%
US Airways ²	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	5.7%	6.4%
Virgin America ¹	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.7%	2.1%	2.2%	1.9%	1.8%
Volaris	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%
WestJet	0.3%	0.1%	0.0%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%
Total Air Carrier	94.3%	92.8%	92.2%	93.5%	93.1%	93.0%	94.1%	93.9%	93.8%	94.6%
Regional										
Compass	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.7%	2.4%	2.1%	1.8%	2.4%	1.4%	0.1%
Horizon Air	0.3%	1.4%	1.8%	1.2%	0.5%	0.7%	0.5%	0.6%	0.9%	0.9%
Skywest Airlines	5.4%	5.8%	6.0%	3.6%	4.0%	4.2%	3.5%	3.0%	3.8%	3.8%
Other	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.6%
Total Regional	5.7%	7.2%	7.8%	6.5%	6.9%	7.0%	5.9%	6.1%	6.2%	5.4%
Total Passengers	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

San Diego International Airport	
Number of runways	1
Length of runway (feet)	9,401 feet
Number of gates	49
Remote aircraft parking positions	31
Terminal rentable square footage	587,683
Airport Land Area	661 acres
On airport parking spaces (public)	3,135
Off airport parking spaces (public)	643

The parking spaces shown above are controlled and operated by the Airport Authority and reported on a weighted average basis.

The terminal rentable square footage is a weighted average figure that reflects square footage changes due to construction or remodeling.

EXHIBIT S-15 POPULATION & PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME SAN DIEGO COUNTY

					Total	
			Per Capita		Personal	
Calendar	Estimated	%	Personal	%	Income	%
Year	Population	Change	Income	Change	(in billions)	Change
2012	3,174,446	1.2 %	\$50,670	1.5 %	\$152.7	4.8 %
2013	3,208,946	1.1 %	\$51,223	1.1 %	\$157.8	3.3 %
2014	3,248,547	1.2 %	\$52,889	3.3 %	\$167.1	5.9 %
2015	3,275,084	0.8 %	\$54,708	3.4 %	\$175.9	5.3 %
2016	3,300,891	0.8 %	\$55,797	2.0 %	\$184.2	4.7 %
2017	3,327,564	0.8 %	\$56,437	1.1 %	\$192.5	4.5 %
2018	3,352,564	0.8 %	\$57,473	1.8 %	\$202.8	5.4 %
2019	3,357,442	0.1 %	\$64,862	12.9 %	\$217.8	7.4 %
2020	3,362,150	0.1 %	\$63,169	(2.6)%	\$213.8	(1.8)%
2021	3,366,072	0.1 %	\$63,971	1.3 %	\$221.3	3.5 %
2022	NO LONGER PUBLISH	HED IN THE SAM	ME FORMAT			

Source: California Department of Transportation - San Diego County

Nov	ember 2020/		
			Percentage of
	Local		Total Industry
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment
University of California, San Diego	35,802	1	2.3%
Naval Base San Diego	34,534	2	2.3%
Sharp Health Care	19,468	3	1.3%
Scripps Health	16,295	4	1.1%
General Atomics Aeronautical	6,745	5	0.4%
San Diego State University	6,454	6	0.4%
Rady's Children Hospital	5,711	7	0.4%
San Diego Community College District	5,400	8	0.4%
Sempra Energy	5,063	9	0.3%

Total Civilian Labor Force in San Diego County (June 2021):

1,527,800

0.3%

Source: Employers - San Diego Journal Book of Lists: 2021 & 2012

YMCA of San Diego

Total Industry Employment - California Employment Development Dept., Labor Market Info

August 2011

5,057

10

			Percentage of
	Local		Total Industry
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment
U.S. Federal Government	46,300	1	3.0%
State of California	45,500	2	3.0%
University of California, San Diego	27,393	3	1.8%
County of San Diego	15,109	4	1.0%
Sharp Health Care	14,696	5	1.0%
Scripps Health	13,830	6	0.9%
San Diego Unified School District	13,730	7	0.9%
Qualcomm Inc.	10,509	8	0.7%
City of San Diego	10,211	9	0.7%
Kaiser Permanente	8,200	10	0.5%

Total Civilian Labor Force in San Diego County (June 2012):

1,540,500

Source: Employers - San Diego Journal Book of Lists: 2021 & 2012

Total Industry Employment - California Employment Development Dept,. Labor Market Info.

			_	Unemployment Rate			
Year	Labor Force	Employment	Unemployment	SD County	State		
2013	1,537,600	1,415,600	122,000	7.9%	9.0%		
2014	1,537,500	1,437,400	100,100	6.5%	7.6%		
2015	1,548,800	1,467,700	81,100	5.2%	6.3%		
2016	1,563,200	1,489,100	74,100	4.7%	5.5%		
2017	1,570,800	1,507,200	63,600	4.0%	4.8%		
2018	1,579,600	1,526,100	53,500	3.4%	4.3%		
2019	1,582,900	1,531,000	51,800	3.3%	4.1%		
2020	1,542,000	1,395,700	146,200	9.5%	10.2%		
2021	1,543,700	1,443,800	99,900	6.5%	7.3%		
2022	1,578,467	1,523,067	55,400	3.5%	4.3%		

Source: California Employment Development Dept., Labor Market Information Division

Unemployment Rate and Labor Force, not seasonally adjusted

Source: California Employment Development Department Labor Market Information Division Unemployment Rate and Labor Force, not seasonally adjusted.



Senior Bonds	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Revenues ¹	\$ 409,432,063	\$ 324,096,640	\$ 227,573,518	\$ 280,572,989	\$ 306,683,097	\$ 276,983,726	\$ 255,540,858	\$ 238,640,326	\$ 214,770,544	\$ 199,834,430
Operating and Maintenance Expenses	(177,921,959)	(96,134,968)	(88,039,540)	(136,297,647)	(165,925,555)	(157,246,523)	(154,455,699)	(151,327,220)	(142,781,639)	(136,604,105)
Net Revenues ²	\$ 231,510,103	\$ 227,961,672	\$ 139,533,978	\$ 144,275,342	\$ 140,757,542	\$ 119,737,204	\$ 101,085,159	\$ 87,313,106	\$ 71,988,905	\$ 63,230,325
Senior Bond Debt Service ³										
Principal	\$ -	\$ 3,635,598	\$ 8,315,000	\$ 7,925,000	\$ 2,320,000	\$ 2,240,000	\$ 2,155,000	\$ 2,090,000	\$ 2,030,000	\$ -
Interest	-	7,195,563	17,685,100	18,081,350	18,174,150	18,263,750	18,349,950	18,414,600	18,034,575	16,645,435
PFCs used to pay debt service	-	(4,691,941)	(11,172,249)	(11,260,741)	(9,544,261)	(9,547,482)	(9,548,626)	(9,490,326)	(8,669,966)	(7,140,301)
Federal Relief used to pay debt service	-	(1,539,286)	(3,406,934)	(6,501,585)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Debt Service for the Senior Bond	\$ -	\$ 4,599,934	\$ 11,420,918	\$ 8,244,024	\$ 10,949,889	\$ 10,956,268	\$ 10,956,324	\$ 11,014,274	\$ 11,394,609	\$ 9,505,134
Senior Bonds Debt Service Coverage	-	49.56	12.22	17.50	12.85	10.93	9.23	7.93	6.32	6.65
Subordinate Debt										
Subordinate Net Revenues ²	\$ 231,510,103	\$ 223,361,738	\$ 128,113,061	\$ 136,031,318	\$ 129,807,653	\$ 108,780,936	\$ 90,128,835	\$ 76,298,832	\$ 60,594,296	\$ 53,725,191
Subordinate Annual Debt Service ⁴										
Principal	\$ 43,385,000	\$ 34,040,000	\$ 22,315,000	\$ 17,745,000	\$ 15,895,000	\$ 14,830,000	\$ 9,430,000	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 8,665,000	\$ 5,785,000
Interest	56,052,373	48,876,516	41,720,733	39,404,449	37,917,500	37,197,656	26,085,029	26,495,600	26,853,179	27,069,283
Variable Rate Debt ⁵		-	-	1,894,813	7,497,649	7,335,123	7,000,066	6,760,189	6,736,945	6,446,951
PFCs used to pay debt service	-	(25,313,393)	(8,833,085)	(18,744,592)	(20,461,072)	(20,457,851)	(20,456,707)	(20,331,674)	(21,554,245)	(20,718,863)
Federal Relief used to pay debt service	-	(16,460,714)	(22,593,066)	(14,313,843)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Subordinate Annual Debt Service	\$ 99,437,373	\$ 41,142,409	\$ 32,609,582	\$ 25,985,827	\$ 40,849,077	\$ 38,904,928	\$ 22,058,389	\$ 21,864,115	\$ 20,700,879	\$ 18,582,371
Subordinate Obligations Debt Service Coverage	2.33	5.43	3.93	5.23	3.18	2.80	4.09	3.48	2.93	2.89
Aggregate Debt										
Aggregate Net Revenues	\$ 231,510,103	\$ 227,961,672	\$ 139,533,978	\$ 144,275,342	\$ 140,757,542	\$ 119,737,204	\$ 101,085,159	\$ 87,313,106	\$ 71,988,905	\$ 63,230,325
Aggregate Annual Debt Service										
Principal	43,385,000	37,675,598	30,630,000	25,670,000	18,215,000	17,070,000	11,585,000	11,090,000	10,695,000	5,785,000
Interest	56,052,373	56,072,079	59,405,833	57,485,799	56,091,650	55,461,406	44,434,979	44,910,200	44,887,754	43,714,718
Variable Rate Debt ⁵	-	-	-	1,894,813	7,497,649	7,335,123	7,000,066	6,760,189	6,736,945	6,446,951
PFC Funds Applied to Debt Service	-	(30,005,334)	(20,005,333)	(30,005,333)	(30,005,333)	(30,005,333)	(30,005,333)	(29,822,000)	(30,224,211)	(27,859,164)
CARES Act used to pay debt service	-	(18,000,000)	(26,000,000)	(20,815,428)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Annual Debt Service	\$ 99,437,373	\$ 45,742,343	\$ 44,030,500	\$ 34,229,851	\$ 51,798,966	\$ 49,861,196	\$ 33,014,712	\$ 32,938,389	\$ 32,095,488	\$ 28,087,505
Aggregate Obligations Debt Service Coverage	2.33	4.98	3.17	4.21	2.72	2.40	3.06	2.65	2.24	2.25
Aggregate Net Revenues (Including PFC, BAB Subsidy and	\$ 231,510,103	\$ 275,967,006	\$ 185,539,311	\$ 197,185,501	\$ 175,449,049	\$ 154,408,727	\$ 135,721,711	\$ 121,791,304	\$ 106,844,335	\$ 95,725,704
Total Annual Debt Service (Excluding PFC, BAB Subsidy and	99,437,373	93,747,677	90,035,833	87,140,009	86,490,473	84,532,719	67,651,265	67,416,588	66,950,918	60,582,884
Revenue Method - Debt Service Coverage on Aggregate	2.33	2.94	2.06	2.26	2.03	1.83	2.01	1.81	1.60	1.58
1 Payanuas are calculated pursuant to the provisions of the Master Conjer In	dopture and the Mast	ar Cubardinata Indon	tura							

¹ Revenues are calculated pursuant to the provisions of the Master Senior Indenture and the Master Subordinate Indenture.

² Net Revenues and Subordinate Net Revenues are calculated pursuant to the provisions of the Master Senior Indenture and Master Subordinate Indenture, as appropriate.

 3 Debt service with respect to the Senior Bonds is calculated pursuant to the provisions of the Master Senior Indenture.

⁴ Subordinate Annual Debt Service is calculated pursuant to the provisions of the Master Subordinate Indenture.

⁵ Includes principal and interest.

6 Information regarding Subordinate Obligations Debt Service Coverage provided in connection with the first fiscal year for which Subordinate Annual Debt Service was due with respect to the 2010 Bonds. Subordinate Annual Debt Service for prior years consisted of debt service on

Fiscal Years Ended June 30,

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
CFC Collections	\$ 34,374,844	\$ 30,333,350	\$ 15,755,254	\$ 30,239,698	\$ 41,918,554	\$ 41,036,526	\$ 36,527,853	\$ 33,207,946	\$ 32,464,843	\$ 27,545,001
Bond Funding Supplemental Consideration			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers from CFC Stabilization Fund		14,357	9,540,452	3,563,874	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest Earnings ¹	1,405,285	324,938	855,813	1,502,382	1,544,474	919,740	466,134	332,761	295,726	204,194
Total Amounts Available	35,780,128	30,672,645	26,151,519	35,305,954	43,463,028	41,956,266	36,993,987	33,540,707	32,760,569	27,749,195
Rolling Coverage Fund Balance ²	6,575,173	6,576,235	6,575,382	6,575,637	6,575,894	6,576,363	4,902,363	2,451,182	-	-
Total Amounts Available, plus Rolling Coverage										
Fund Balance	\$ 42,355,301	\$ 37,248,880	\$ 32,726,901	\$ 41,881,591	\$ 50,038,922	\$ 48,532,629	\$ 41,896,350	\$ 35,991,889	\$ 27,749,195	\$ 27,749,195
Series 2014 Debt Service Requirements	21,930,783	21,930,783	21,917,940	21,918,789	21,919,646	21,921,210	16,341,210	8,170,605	-	-
Coverage excluding Rolling Coverage Fund	1.63	1.40	1.19	1.61	1.98	1.91	2.26	4.11	N/A	N/A
Coverage including Rolling Coverage Fund	1.93	1.70	1.49	1.91	2.28	2.21	2.56	4.41	N/A	N/A
	1,55	1.70	1,13	1,51	2.20	2,21	2.50		14// (11// (

¹ Includes earnings on investments in the Senior Reserve Fund, the Rolling Coverage Fund and the CFC Surplus Fund.

² Includes amount on deposit in the Rolling Coverage Fund at the beginning of each Fiscal Year, up to an amount not to exceed 30% of the Series 2014 Debt Service Requirements for such Fiscal Year.







			Outstanding		Total			
Fiscal		Outstanding	Short-Term		Outstanding	Enplaned	Enplaned	
Year		Bond Debt ¹	Debt	Capital Leases	Debt	Passengers	Passenger	
2014	2	1,327,897,591	44,884,000	7,810,927	1,380,592,518	9,082,244	152.01	
2015		1,317,784,291	38,705,000	7,971,993	1,364,461,284	9,713,066	140.48	
2016		1,302,846,043	32,581,000	7,717,734	1,343,144,777	10,206,222	131.60	
2017		1,287,602,498	58,998,000	7,442,314	1,354,042,812	10,596,483	127.78	
2018		1,609,960,696	20,163,000	7,143,865	1,637,267,561	11,731,833	139.56	
2019		1,581,628,919	13,719,000	6,820,351	1,602,168,270	12,356,286	129.66	
2020		1,881,208,470	-	6,496,837	1,887,705,307	9,235,459	204.40	
2021		1,835,597,883	-	6,201,974	1,841,799,857	4,860,931	378.90	
2022		3,667,843,691	80,100,000	5,878,682	3,753,822,373	9,953,162	377.15	
2023		3,600,793,592	80,100,000	5,524,543	3,686,418,135	11,867,569	310.63	

¹ Outstanding Bond Debt includes unamortized bond premium

² Starting in 2014, Outstanding Bond Debt includes CFC Bond issuance





